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The Defense Program

THE SHIP-BUILDING PROGRAM
BY REAR ADM. S. M. ROBINSON, USN
Chief of the Bureau of Ships and
Co-ordinator of Shipbuilding

THE present Naval Expansion Program, which represents the greatest ever undertaken by any Navy anywhere over a similar period of time, has only recently experienced its first anniversary. At the time of the fall of France, a little over a year ago, the total authorized combatant tonnage of the United States Navy was 1,557,480 tons. Today it is almost twice as much, a total of 3,040,480 tons. This increase was accomplished by the enactment of the so-called 11% and 70% Expansion Acts of 14 June 1940, and 19 July 1940, respectively. Together these two Acts authorized the construction of a total of approximately 267 combatant vessels, aggregating 1,492,000 tons. In addition, the two Acts further authorized the construction of a total of approximately 52 auxiliary vessels, aggregating 175,000 tons. To this, by the Act of 31 January 1941, Congress added authorization for a small vessel program involving 400 ships. In the 12 months' period dating from the enactment of the first of these three Acts (14 June 1941), contracts have been awarded by the Navy Department for all combatant and fleet auxiliary ship tonnage available under current authorizations and appropriations except for a slight balance of 475 combatant tons. Approximately three-fourths of the total vessels authorized by the small boat program have also been let out on contract. The total dollar value of the contracts awarded in this 12 months' period approximates \$7,000,000,000. Some appreciation of the astronomical magnitude of this figure may be realized when it is noted that it is more than twice the total amount spent by the Navy on new construction during the past 30 years, including the period of World War I. If the comparison of the present Program with that in World War I is further pursued, it is discovered that the dollar value of the contracts awarded for vessel construction in the 12 months' period is more than 10 times the amount spent on ship construction from 1916 to 1919 inclusive.

Money's Worth

Colossal expenditures of money in themselves may be something of an accomplishment, but they become a really meritorious accomplishment only when the exchange is productive of money's worth in what is being purchased. One bears a great deal nowadays about the enormous increase in the cost of construction of Naval vessels. No really intelligent picture can be drawn by simply placing a tabulation of the costs of Naval construction twenty or more years ago alongside the cost of Naval construction today, even in the case of vessels of similar type and similar tonnage. The battleship of today can no more be compared with the battleship of 20 years ago than the latest streamlined product of a present day automobile assembly line can be compared with the product of the early 20's. Their overall weights may be comparable, as may their general type, but

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Navy Temporary Rank Bill Goes to President

The Navy and Marine Corps temporary promotion bill H.R. 4473 went to the President this week, with every assurance that it will be law within the next few days.

Passed by the Senate with the Ditter amendment eliminated, the bill was returned to the House.

At a meeting of the House Naval Affairs Committee 9 July, Rear Adm. Chester W. Nimitz, Chief of the Bureau of Navigation, stated that the Ditter amendment which provides that "no temporary promotions shall be made in any staff corps of the Navy until the authorized number of permanent officers in each grade or rank has been filled" was without meaning since there was no authorized number of officers in any staff corps grade except that of rear admiral.

If Representative Ditter desired to cause selection of sufficient officers to fill all vacancies certified to the selection boards by the Secretary of the Navy, said Admiral Nimitz, that would violate the principle of selection.

The committee, therefore, voted to accept the Senate's removal of the amendment and the House of Representatives the same day accepted the Senate bill and sent it to the White House in the form printed below.

Representative Ditter later said that about 57 billets have been certified to selection boards in the Supply Corps alone in the grades of commander and higher that have not been filled. He said that he was told that these officers are not competent. "If that is true," he stated, "and there are some 57 officers in those ranks in that corps who are incompetent, then there is something wrong and the officer personnel of staff corps should be looked into."

Committee Chairman Vinson stated that he intended to propose legislation that will seek to do away with promotion stagnation in the Navy staff corps. He said that he did not know just how it would be done, that he would confer with the Navy Department in working up legislation.

Text of H.R. 4473 follows:

Be it enacted, etc., That except as otherwise specified herein the authority granted by this Act shall be exercised only in time of war or national emergency determined by the President.

Sec. 2. (a) As used in this Act, the words "temporarily appointed" shall be interpreted to mean also "temporarily promoted" or "temporarily advanced in rank," as the case may be.

(b) The following personnel may be temporarily appointed to ranks or grades in the Regular Navy or Marine Corps, not above Lieutenant in the Navy and captain in the Marine Corps:

(1) Commissioned warrant officers of the Regular Navy and Marine Corps.

(2) Warrant officers of the Regular Navy and Marine Corps.

(3) First-class petty officers and above in the Regular Navy and platoon or staff sergeants and above in the Regular Marine Corps, including enlisted men of those grades on the retired list on active duty.

(4) Enlisted men of the Fleet Reserve and the Fleet Marine Corps Reserve on active duty in the grades herein specified for en-

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New General Officers

The President on 10 July sent to the Senate the nominations of twelve brigadier generals for temporary appointment as major generals of the Army of the United States and twenty-five other officers for temporary appointment as brigadier generals of the Army of the United States.

The War Department stated that "These nominations were made by the President on the recommendation of the Secretary of War, who selected for advancement outstanding officers of the Army without respect to their seniority on the promotion list." The list includes colonels of the National Guard and Reserve Corps promoted to be brigadier generals in the Army of the United States.

The officers nominated for promotion with their present assignments are as follows:

To be temporary major generals, Army of the United States

Brig. Gen. Maxwell Murray, Acting Commander of the Hawaiian Division.

Brig. Gen. John Millikin, commanding the 2d Cavalry Div., Ft. Riley, Kans.

Brig. Gen. Alvan C. Gillem, Jr., commanding 3d Armored Div., Camp Polk, La.

Brig. Gen. Henry W. Baird, commanding 4th Armored Div., Pine Camp, N. Y.

Brig. Gen. John N. Greely, commanding 2d Div., Ft. Sam Houston, Tex.

Brig. Gen. Gerald C. Brant, commanding Gulf Coast Air Corps Training Center, Randolph Field, Tex.

Brig. Gen. Rush B. Lincoln, commanding Mississippi Valley Technical Command, Army Air Corps, Chanute Field, Rantoul, Ill.

Brig. Gen. Walter R. Weaver, commanding Southeast Air Corps Training Center, Maxwell Field, Ala.

Brig. Gen. Lewis H. Brereton, commanding 17th Bombardment Wing, Savannah, Ga.

Brig. Gen. Millard F. Harmon, commanding Interceptor Command, 4th Air Force, Riverside, Calif.

Brig. Gen. Herbert A. Dargue, Assistant Chief of Air Corps, Washington, D. C.

Brig. Gen. Robert L. Eichelberger, Superintendent, United States Military Academy, West Point, N. Y.

To be temporary brigadier generals, Army of the United States

Col. Paul W. Bande, Inf., commanding 16th Inf., Ft. Jay, N. Y.

Col. Walton H. Walker, Inf., with 3d Armored Div., Camp Polk, La.

Col. Harold H. Bull, Inf., PMS&T, Culver Military Academy, Ind.

Col. Eugene W. Fales, Inf., Executive Officer, Office Chief of Inf., Washington, D. C.

Lt. Col. Charles H. Gerhardt, Cav., GS, GHQ, Army War College, Washington, D. C.

Col. Alexander D. Surles, Cav., with 1st Armored Div., Ft. Knox, Ky.

Col. Lindsay McD. Silvester, Inf., commanding 1st Tank Group, Ft. Knox, Ky.

Col. Willis D. Crittenden, Cav., with 1st Armored Div., Ft. Knox, Ky.

Col. Lloyd E. Jones, FA, Chief of Staff of I Army Corps, Columbia, S. C.

Col. Henry L. C. Jones, FA, with 1st Div., Ft. Devens, Mass.

Col. Jonathan W. Anderson, FA, Chief,

(Please turn to Back Page)

Senate Group Reports Army's "Plucking" Bill

Meeting only a week after introduction of legislation which would suspend operation of the Army's B-Boards and substitute during the emergency a more drastic means of removing unqualified officers, the Senate Military Affairs Committee heard General George C. Marshall, Chief of Staff, give an explanation of the proposed measure, and then reported the bill to the floor with a single minor amendment.

The new procedure, if adopted, will be utilized, declared General Marshall, to eliminate from the Regular Army about one per cent of officers who "have fallen below the standard that must be maintained in the emergency." Most of these officers, he said, will be colonels and lieutenant colonels. Under the proposed legislation, these officers would be placed on the unlimited retired list.

Text of the resolution, S. J. Res. 88, was printed on page 1210 of the 28 June issue of the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL.

The amendment suggested by the committee and accepted by General Marshall merely strengthens the resolution by inserting the words "for such causes and" in Section 2, to make the section read:

"That during the time of the national emergency announced by the President on 27 May 1941, the Secretary of War, for such causes and under such regulations as he may prescribe, may remove any officer from the active list of the Regular Army; Provided, That such removal be made from among officers whose performance of duty, or general efficiency, compared with other officers of the same grade and length of service, is such as to warrant such action, or whose retention on the active list is not justified for other good and sufficient reasons appearing to the satisfaction of the Secretary of War."

The remainder of the section describes the method of removal and deals with discharge or retirement of the officers. Section 1 suspends Section 24b of the National Defense Act under which present separations are made.

General Marshall attacked the present Class-B procedure, stating that it required from six months to a year and a half to process each case. He did not, however, ask for a new permanent "plucking" law.

Since machinery now exists for rapid removal of inefficient National Guard and Reserve officers, the new plan for removing unqualified Regular officers will "promote a unified Army," General Marshall said.

Commenting on the proposed law, Senator Gurney, of S. Dak., said that Congress expected a good job from the Army, and added, "if we don't allow the Army to clear out the deadwood, then Congress is to blame."

A similar resolution has also been presented to the House as H. J. Res. 203, and is now before the Military Committee of that body.

Present with General Marshall but not testifying were Under Secretary of War Robert P. Patterson and Brig. Gen. Wade H. Haislip, Assistant Chief of Staff, G-1.

Text of General Marshall's statement to the committee follows:

"In requesting enactment of S. J. Resolution 88, the War Department is motivated by

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Press Discusses General Marshall's Report; Forecasts Fight In Congress

GENERAL George C. Marshall's report to Secretary of War Stimson calling for authority to retain selectees, National Guardsmen, and reservists in service indefinitely, elicited considerable comment in Congress and in the national press.

"It is important to bear in mind," says the Washington, D. C., *Star*, "that the men now in training would be called for service in event of war. In any conflict in the near future they would have to serve as the backbone of the Army, and if they should be returned to civilian life before their training is completed, they would have to resume their training after the beginning of hostilities. If that is to be our course, it means that we must gamble on being given the time in which to perfect a half-trained Army after war has started. Certainly, the experience of the past two years argues most strongly against the taking of such risk." The *Star* concludes, "In examining these proposals against the background of domestic policy, we can ill afford to close our eyes to the fate which has overtaken other nations that lost touch with reality in preparing for defense."

"To return the men to civilian life when they are only half trained would indeed defeat the purpose of the preparedness effort," declares the *Post*, of Washington, D. C. "The power to keep selectees in service is vested in Congress, and there will undoubtedly be pressure brought to bear to release those who were drafted for a one-year period. The governing consideration, nevertheless, ought to be clear: that is, the security of the American people and the development of national defense on a business-like basis. This can only be achieved, it would seem, if the Army continues the training of those now in service." The *Post* continues with the declaration that what General Marshall asks is "too logical even to be arguable. For the natural concept is that we must be prepared to move troops speedily and in sufficient numbers to meet any threat to our national security."

The Baltimore, Md., *Sun* declares "The Army's present case was wisely left to General Marshall for presentation. No professional soldier in years has more completely won the confidence of the country and Congress by his calm understanding of the civilian viewpoint and his sympathy for candor. Congressional terriers whose

favorite diet for years has been of generals and admirals are among the warmest admirers of this particular soldier, and have repeatedly bowed to his judgment, with resultant profit to the country." In conclusion the *Sun* adds, "Differences regarding national policy should NOT be permitted to lessen the Army's readiness for service in this emergency, the gravest we have ever known, now growing graver."

The *Record* of Philadelphia, Pa., says that "With one exception, the *Record* supports General Marshall's proposals." That exception the *Record* continues "is the proposal that the Selective Service Act be amended. When those men entered the service their enlistment was, in effect, a solemn contract with their government. For Congress to break that contract, in our opinion, would not be honest. It would be politically unwise. It would be injurious to army morale. A much wiser policy would be to give each draftee an opportunity to volunteer for the duration and to agree to serve anywhere when his one-year term is up." The *Record* adds that "Over and above that point, we believe General Marshall's proposals merely mean facing the realities of a world situation as a great nation must face them."

The *Herald Tribune*, New York, N. Y., says "Publication of the views of the soldier who heads the Army's 1,448,500 men—his report gave that figure as the official strength—brought immediate indications that his recommendations would precipitate a knock-down-and-drag-out fight in Congress. Some isolationists hurried to issue statements opposing repeal of the present provision prohibiting the use of drafted men outside the Western Hemisphere. Others denounced the proposal that selectees be kept in service for more than the allotted year of training."

The *Christian Science Monitor*, Boston, Mass., says that "In consequence" (of General Marshall's report) "the War Department is now frankly notifying Congress that it is imperative that the whole conscripted army, the National Guardsmen and Reserve Officers be held beyond the one-year period provided, and asks Congress for immediate legislation to make this possible. General Marshall urges specific authority to do away promptly with the restriction which prevents the dispatch of armed forces outside of the Western Hemisphere."

Lt. Gen. Lear Emphasizes "Chain of Command"

Lt. Gen. Ben Lear, commander of the Second Army, following up his recent declaration that "our chain of command is weak" has ordered that the period 1 July to 11 August be devoted principally to training in leadership and proper tactical employment of small units in combat and that classes for noncommissioned officers be established in the Second Army. He called attention of all commanders to "the desire of the Army commander that the chain of command in the Second Army be made efficient and effective with out loss of time."

Reaffirming his remarks made at the close of maneuvers by a part of the Second Army, the highlights of which were carried in the 5 July issue of the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL, General Lear in a new statement issued to all commanders has laid down the following principals to be followed in an effort to bulwark the chain of command:

"It is the desire of The Army Commander that the chain of command in the Second Army be made efficient and effective without loss of time."

"To this end it is desired especially that our leaders be made expert in the exercise of their responsibilities as leaders and commanders of their units."

"It is directed that this instruction commence with the grade of corporal at once and that it be worked upward as rapidly as practicable to include the higher grades."

"It must be appreciated and understood that the corporal is the commander and leader of his squad at all times and under all conditions whether he be in camp, on maneuvers or in actual combat."

"The leaders of all squads, platoons and companies will be given full responsibility for the leadership and command of their units. This responsibility must be given these leaders and their instruction conducted to fit them for their responsibilities."

"It must be appreciated that efficient operation through the prescribed chain of command is dependent upon alert leaders and commanders in all echelons of command."

commencing with the leaders of front line units."

To further strengthen the chain of command, all regiments and separate battalions were ordered to establish classes for noncommissioned officers in charge of carefully selected officers. The classes will be organized separately for Infantry platoons, Engineer platoons, Signal platoons, and Artillery batteries. Schedules to develop leadership and proper employment of small units in combat, will be prepared and submitted to higher headquarters for approval.

The training period will be of one week's duration, and all graduates will be used to the maximum in training of their units. The order applied to units not participating in the June maneuvers as well as those who did.

Advance Selection Dates

Dates of meeting of Navy selection boards have been advanced by the Navy Department. The board to select line officers for promotion to captain and rear admiral will meet 18 August. The board to select officers for promotion to commander will meet 8 September, to be followed immediately thereafter by boards to select officers for promotion to the rank of lieutenant commander and lieutenant.

Membership of the respective boards and the number to be selected will be announced later.

Anti-Tank Officers to Meet

A conference to study anti-tank problems will be held by representatives of the War Department and about 60 representatives of the Army's field forces on 14, 15, and 17 July at the Army War College. Attending will be anti-tank officers of each division, corps, and army, and representatives of the Armored Force and various service schools.

Study Post Exchanges

A group of officers representing the various Corps Areas have been in Washington all week familiarizing themselves with the new organization for Post Exchanges. Lt. Col. John E. Gross, AGD, who is in charge of Post Exchanges in the Morale Branch, under Brig. Gen. James A. Ulio, USA, has been explaining the new arrangement to them.

Most of the members of the group left yesterday for Camp Forrest, Tenn., where they will inspect the physical lay-out of the 33rd Division Post Exchange. Maj. Clifford Templeton is the Post Exchange officer.

Officers here for the conference were: Lt. Col. Vincent N. Diaz, Inf., 2nd Corps Area. Maj. William R. Tomey, 34th Inf., 4th Corps Area. Maj. Oliver A. Seaver, FD, (IG), 4th Corps Area. 1st Lt. Wade H. Carden, Inf.-Res.

Lt. Col. Charles A. Robinson, Inf., 5th Corps Area.

1st Lt. Matthew J. Torn, Inf., 2nd Corps Area. Capt. Albert C. Crawford, Cav., 5th Corps Area. Capt. Everett W. Diller, Inf., 8th Corps Area. Capt. Claude M. Haggerty, CAC, 7th Corps Area.

1st Lt. Joseph Arny, CA, 7th Corps Area. Lt. Col. Robert Sharp, Inf., 7th Corps Area. Maj. Barrett C. Wolin, Cav., 9th Corps Area. Col. Robert A. Roos, Inf., 9th Corps Area. Lt. Col. E. M. Barnum, Cav., 1st Corps Area. Capt. Andrew E. Van Esso, IGD. Lt. Col. Albert J. Steinhardt, AGD, 3rd Corps Area.

1st Lt. John E. Sirley, CA, 3rd Corps Area. Lt. Col. James A. Kilian, Cav., 6th Corps Area.

Maj. M. H. Henry, FA, 6th Corps Area. 2nd Lt. Roscoe W. Smith, Inf.-Res., 3rd Corps Area. 1st Lt. Robert J. Baxter, Inf.-Res., 3rd Corps Area.

2nd Lt. Frank J. Maloy, QMC, 3rd Corps Area.

ally fail to complete the training course successfully.

One of the aviation cadets is an enlisted man in the Army. He is Private Charles Dudley Brown, Headquarters Battery 100th Coast Artillery (Anti-Aircraft) Camp Davis, N. C. The other nine cadets who qualified from civilian life are:

Lemuel Rodney Cunis, Hartford, Conn. Frederick Henry Moore, Tuskegee, Ala. John Corrie Anderson, Jr., Toledo, Ohio. Charles Henry DeBow, Indianapolis, Ind. George Spencer Roberts, W. Va. State College.

William Arthur Buckner, Port Huron, Mich. Theodore Edward Brown, Evanston, Ill. Roderick Charles Williams, Chicago, Ill. Ulysses S. Pannell, Reagan, Tex.

Like all men accepted as aviation cadets by the Air Corps, the ten men have had 2 years' college education or have shown in tests they have the equivalent. They have also met the rigorous physical requirements of the Air Corps.

At Tuskegee an air base is being constructed for the squadron by a colored architect and a colored construction crew.

At Chanute Field in an Air Corps Technical School a total of 21 colored enlisted men are in training as the ground crews for the 99th Pursuit Squadron.

Army Doesn't Need Hair

The War Department on two occasions this week formally announced that human hair is not being purchased by the Army.

Since the appearance of newspaper stories that "blonde human hair" was needed by the Army in the manufacture of certain instruments, many requests for information and many boxes of blonde hair have been received.

The Army has never announced that it was purchasing human hair.

Did You Read—

the following important service stories last week:

Full text of Army Chief of Staff's report?

Names of new appointees to commissioned grades in Regular Army?

Naval Reservists' uniform allowances held not taxable?

Analysis of Army selection promotions?

Chart of War Department organization, including Air Forces?

If not you did not read the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL. You cannot obtain this information from any other source.

July 12, 1941

Army Air Forces Organized

The Headquarters of the Army Air Forces, including a separate Air Staff organized on conventional general staff lines, has been formed as a result of the recent reorganization of the Army Air Forces.

The Headquarters of the Army Air Forces consists of the following:

1. The Chief of the Army Air Forces, Maj. Gen. Henry H. Arnold, who also is Deputy Chief of Staff for Air.

2. The Chief of the Air Staff, Brig. Gen. Carl Spaatz.

3. The Air Staff.

4. The Air Inspector, Brig. Gen. Herbert A. Dargue.

5. The Air Adjutant General, Lt. Col. William W. Dick.

As Chief of the Air Staff General Spaatz will coordinate all activities of the Headquarters, Army Air Forces, and will act as the executive, the assistant and the advisor to the Chief of the Army Air Forces.

The principal function of the Air Staff consists of preparing the essential staff plans for the Army Air Forces. Its operating functions are confined primarily to preparing those policies, directives and instructions essential in directing and coordinating the activities of the major components of the Army Air Forces. Staff functions of an operative nature that require the fulfillment of detailed Army Air Forces plans, are performed under the direction of the Commanding General, Air Force Combat Command, and the Chief of the Air Corps by their respective staffs.

The Air Staff is organized as follows: The Secretary of the Air Staff—Lt. Col. Air S. Fairchild. He will be assisted by Lt. Col. Claude E. Duncan and Maj. Edward P. Martin. The secretary acts as executive officer of the Chief of the Air Staff and coordinates the activities of the staff.

A-1 Division (Personnel) — Col. Ralph Caudia. This division formulates policies on matters pertaining to the personnel of the Army Air Forces as individuals (as differentiated from units) and performs the essential planning and determination of personnel procurement.

A-2 Division (Military Intelligence) — Brig. Gen. Martin F. Scanlon. This division performs the intelligence planning essential to fulfillment of the functions of the Army Air Forces. In fulfillment of that function he will direct the collection, evaluation, interpretation and distribution of essential intelligence; formulate Army Air Force policies with respect to intelligence and will prepare directives for essential air intelligence studies.

A-3 Division (Operations and Training) — Lt. Col. Earl L. Nalden. This division performs those functions pertaining to the overall plans for the organization, training, combat and service operations of the Army Air Forces and prepares directives and instructions pertaining thereto.

A-4 Division (Material and Supply) — Col. Edgar Sorenson. This division prepares policies, plans and directives pertaining to the material requirements of the Army Air Forces and for all essential allied activities. Air War Plans Division — Lt. Col. H. L. George. The Air War Plans Division prepares plans pertaining to the air phase of current war plans, pursuant to War Department policies and directives. It prepares overall plans for the control of the activities of the Army Air Forces.

Budget Section — Lt. Col. Leland W. Miller. The Budget Section formulates plans and determines policies as a basis for the preparation of budget requirements of the Army Air Forces as a whole; and it prepares plans and policies governing control and supervision of the expenditures of funds appropriated for the Army Air Forces.

Statistics Section — Capt. James M. Farrar. The Statistics Section compiles, analyzes, and maintains statistical data for use in the planning activities of The Air Staff; designs, prepares, and maintains graphical and tabular presentation of statistical information; and performs allied functions.

As Air Inspector General Dargue performs such inspections and investigations as the Chief of the Army Air Forces may direct. He also formulates coordinating policies governing inspection functions of the Army Air Forces. In his capacity as the Air Adjutant General Colonel Dick will handle all official correspondence except that pertaining to combat orders and instructions for air operations. He will authenticate and distribute all orders and instructions of an administrative nature and will maintain an office of record. The office of the Air Adjutant General

is the official channel of communication between the Headquarters, Army Air Forces, and the elements of the command.

General Arnold will have two aides de camp, Maj. E. H. Beebe, Secretary, and Maj. James Higgs, public relations.

Five Billion More for Army

Supplemental Army appropriations totalling \$4,770,065,588 were requested of Congress late Thursday by President Roosevelt.

The funds are in addition to the record-breaking 1942 Appropriation Bill, and are to provide for contingencies which have arisen since the '42 budget was prepared. Of the total, \$3,486,034,030, or nearly three-fourths, will be for ordnance items.

The requests were embodied in a letter to the President by the director of the Bureau of the Budget which Mr. Roosevelt forwarded to Congress.

In his letter the budget director said:

"I have the honor to submit for your consideration 11 emergency supplemental estimates of appropriations, totalling \$4,770,065,588, for the military activities of the War Department, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1942, as follows:

"For additional amounts for the Military Establishment, fiscal year 1942, to be supplemental, and in addition, to the appropriations under the same heads in the Military Appropriation Act, 1942, including the objects and subject to the limitations and conditions specified in that Act, as follows:

Quartermaster Corps
For regular supplies of the Army \$ 7,274,710
For clothing and equipage, Army 443,123,275
For Army transportation 103,033,557
For horses, draft and pack animals, Army 1,054,810
For construction of buildings, utilities and apurtenances at military posts 84,000,000

Signal Corps
For Signal Service of the Army 349,260,825

Air Corps
For Air Corps, Army 204,007,900

Medical Department
For Medical and Hospital Department, Army 3,852,437

Corps of Engineers
For Engineer Service, Army 61,118,970

Ordnance Department
For Ordnance Service and Supplies, Army 3,486,034,036

Chemical Warfare Service
For Chemical Warfare Service Army 27,275,168

"The purposes of the foregoing supplemental estimates of appropriations are to provide for the further strengthening of the national defense in accordance with the general objectives heretofore approved by you.

"The foregoing supplemental estimates of appropriations are to provide for contingencies which have arisen since the transmission of the Budget for the fiscal year 1942. I recommend that they be submitted to Congress."

Influencing Congress

Attention of Navy officers to regulations forbidding combinations for the purpose of influencing legislation or remonstrating against orders was invited this week by Secretary of the Navy Knox.

In a letter to all ships and stations, Colonel Knox called attention to Articles 92 and 94 of Navy Regulations, which forbid the practices mentioned, and provide that all communication with Congress in relation to any legislation pending or proposed must be forwarded through the Navy Department, and not otherwise, except by authority of the department.

Gen. Strong Praises Enlisted Man

Maj. Gen. George V. Strong, commander of the VIII Army Corps, has commended Sgt. Salvador F. Maggio, Co. C, 143rd Inf., for efficiency during recent Army maneuvers.

General Strong said that, without "coaching," Sergeant Maggio and his detachment took cover expeditiously and effectively, knew what to do, and did it in proper fashion to carry out their mission. "The Army Commander was particularly impressed with the excellent manner in which you handled your small force of 23 men in out-post operations."

Sergeant Maggio, following issuance of

formal communication, has appeared before a board, and has been recommended for a commission as a second lieutenant.

Airship Bill to Conference

The House Naval Committee this week rejected a Senate amendment to H.R. 3537, bill providing for construction of Navy lighter-than-airship landing facilities for the Navy, and sent the measure to conference:

The Senate amendment eliminated from the original bill passed by the House a provision that the facilities must be contracted for through competitive bids.

Landing fields in the Norfolk-Cape Hatteras area and at Boston, each to cost \$6,500,000, are authorized in the measure. An additional \$3,000,000 is authorized for auxiliary lighter-than-air facilities to be located at various points.

The measure also transfers Moffett Field, Sunnyvale, Calif., from the War Department to the Navy Department, which originally controlled it, and authorizes expenditure of \$100,000 in research upon such non-standard aircraft types as rotary-wing planes, gliders, metal-hulled airships, and the like.

Honor Gen. Parker

Maj. Gen. Frank Parker, USA-Ret., was a Guest of Honor of the Canadian Corps Association in the "Good-will Invasion of Canada" by the American Veterans of the First World War.

The Canadian Corps Association entertained the Veterans of the American Expeditionary Forces on 4, 5, and 6 July and during that time General Parker was the personal guest of the President of the Canadian Corps Association—Col. C. E. Reynolds, of Canada. General Parker led the American Section during the parade on 5 July and to the Drum Head services on 6 July.

Committee Investigates War Charge

The Senate Naval Affairs Committee this week began a consideration of a request made by Senator Wheeler, of Mont., for investigation of reports that the United States Navy was engaged in convoying British vessels and had engaged in battle with vessels of the German Navy.

A closed session of the committee, begun Thursday, was continued until Friday morning.

Extend Duty Tours

Legislation to extend active duty tours of National Guard units and of selectees and to remove restrictions upon use of National Guardsmen and selectees beyond limits of the Western Hemisphere was introduced into the Senate last Thursday.

The projects were embodied in three separate bills introduced by Senator Reynolds, of N. C., chairman of the Senate Military Affairs Committee. Earlier in the week, before Senator Reynolds' Committee, General George C. Marshall, Chief of Staff, presented a draft of a resolution designed to extend the tours of Guardsmen and selectees and to remove limitations upon their employment. Members of the committee, however, advised him to make separate bills, in order that debate on the two issues—extension of tours and limitations upon use—may be separated.

The War Department, at the request of the committee, drew up the separate bills. They provide for extension of tours of duty as the War Department may decide, but not for longer than six months after termination of the emergency.

In his talk before the committee, General Marshall repeatedly emphasized the necessity of extending tours of duty, saying, "In the present situation, with limitation as to length of service, it is impossible to have troops available for duties they are called upon to perform. The time has come to have a military force that is completely unified."

Again and again he related incidents to show the difficulties of administering an army whose Reserve officers, National Guardsmen and selectees were all going home at different times. The best trained

divisions he pointed out would soon lose four-fifths of their officers.

He denied that his proposal meant either an increase in the size of the Army or an A. E. F. Lack of ship tonnage if nothing else would prevent dispatch of an expeditionary force, he said, adding, "The thing literally cannot be done." One bill removes the restriction of 900,000 on the number of selectees who may be in training at any one time.

He pointed out that Congress, through its appropriations, could always control size of the Army.

Promotion to Colonel

The War Department has announced the following policy with respect to the temporary promotions of lieutenant colonels to the grade of colonel, Army of the United States:

"In the troop basis under the existing expansion program there are positions in the Regular Army for approximately 1,300 promotion-list colonels, less Air Corps, and there were, prior to the promotions announced in S. O. 151, W. D., 30 June, 1941, only about 650 promotion-list colonels, less Air Corps. The expansion of the Army has reached the stage where additional colonels should be provided. The seriousness of the situation demands that the best qualified personnel be obtained. While consideration of seniority of the officers whose promotions have just been announced were given weight, records of performance over the past ten years governed their selection. The first list contains the names of 214, plus 12 Air Corps, officers of the promotion list, and 60 officers of the non-promotion list for promotion to the grade of colonel at this time. The promotion of this number will naturally result in certain necessary adjustments. Thereafter, during the remainder of the fiscal year additional officers will be promoted periodically so that by the end of the fiscal year responsibility and rank may be equalized in so far as the grade of colonel is concerned.

"Promotions subsequent to the first will be filled by officers selected by the War Department from those with high records over a long period of years, and from those who have been specially recommended from the field whose past records plus the additional recommendation show them specially qualified for selection. The second list will probably be announced in September.

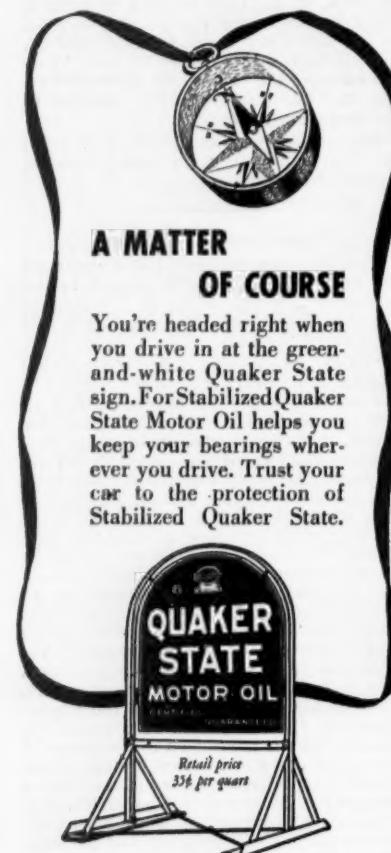
"It is of extreme importance that officers of good records who were not promoted on the first list realize that subsequent promotion by selection in the fiscal year of 1942 and thereafter will be based more and more on performance during the emergency and less on the records of previous years, until a final phase is reached where demonstrated performance in the emergency will be the sole criterion. The type of duty which the officer is performing must of necessity have little weight because the individual has little to say about it. The manner in which he performs the duty to which he has been assigned, under the pressure of the current expansion, will be the paramount consideration.

"Promotions will continue to be made by groups, each group being arranged in promotion-list order. Lieutenant colonels of the promotion list and non-promotion list may be recommended for promotion, but each recommendation will be limited to service performed since 30 June 1940; will state specifically the duties the officer has performed; and will also state in detail the reasons why the officer should receive special consideration for selection for promotion."

Gen. C. B. Hodges at LSU

Baton Rouge, La. — Maj. Gen. Campbell B. Hodges, USA-Ret., became the ninth president of the Louisiana State University on 1 July. General Hodges was named to the presidency, effective at the opening of the current fiscal year, by the university board of supervisors on 10 March. He was at that time commanding general of the Fifth Training Corps area, with headquarters at Camp Beauregard,

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Army Plucking Bill
(Continued from First Page)

two purposes: first, the desire to proceed on the basis of maximum efficiency in developing the great army now approaching a final training test; second, it desires to place the Regular Army officer personnel on a status similar to that now authorized for the National Guard and Officers' Reserve Corps as concerns eliminations to improve efficiency. This proposed legislation is intended only for the period of the present emergency. A permanent change in existing law is not requested at this time.

"The question of improving the active list of the Regular Army has received particular attention for many years by your committee as well as by the War Department. The 76th Congress in its first session considered a so-called Vitalization Bill which would have established age and grade retirement for the Army. It failed of enactment, but the 76th Congress in its third session enacted Public No. 612, a substitute bill which provided for advancement of promotion list officers of the Army after specified years of service and also provided for the mandatory retirement of brigadier generals at the age of 62 and others at the age of 60. It authorized the retirement of any officer with more than 15 years' commissioned service. The mandatory feature of this legislation is not effective until 30 June 1942.

"With respect to proceeding on the basis of maximum efficiency, the enactment of this legislation will enable the Secretary of War to remove from the active list of the Army those officers who are unable to stand up under the strain to which they are being subjected in the building up of our Army to meet the demands of modern combat, or are so lacking in vigor and alert leadership that they slow down the development of the Army. It will also provide authority for the retirement of those officers for whom for several years past suitable assignments have been almost impossible to find. A wholesale forced separation from the service is not contemplated. As a matter of fact, the authority requested would be applied to comparatively few individuals. The general efficiency of the officers of the Regular Army is high, but there

are some whose services have fallen below the standard that must be maintained in the emergency. In normal peacetime the burden of personnel deficiencies in quality can be borne without fatal consequences. But not today, when every officer of the Regular Establishment, particularly the senior field officer, is an example for others to imitate. Congress is providing vast sums of money to procure the best possible arms and equipment for our Armed Forces. However, superior arms and equipment are ineffective unless used by highly trained and well-led organizations.

"A survey of the situation has been made by the Chiefs of branches, and their estimates indicate that probably about one percent should be transferred from the active list. Most of these would be in the grades of colonel and lieutenant colonel, since high rank necessarily means responsible positions where lack of qualifications has a serious effect on large numbers of people. Many officers realize that the strain of the emergency is too great for their capacity but they naturally feel that it is their patriotic duty to give their service to the country, and that they must go ahead and do their best. In the present crisis the interest of the individual must bow to the necessities of the national defense. The development of our young soldiers must not be jeopardized by ineffective leadership.

"With respect to equalizing the status of officers in the Reserve components and the Regular Army, all components of the Army of the United States should be on an equal footing in respect to the removal of unqualified officers from active federal service during their critical times. Under existing law the commissions of officers of the Officers' Reserve Corps may be revoked at any time by the President and federal recognition of officers of the National Guard may be withdrawn by him upon the recommendation of a board of officers appointed by the Secretary of War. In the case of officers of the Regular Army, however, the removal of ineffective officers from the active list, except at their own request, requires a procedure so cumbersome as to make it impracticable during an emergency. Aside from the time required for the authorized procedure, we cannot spare the services of suitable officers to form the numerous boards and courts of inquiry involved. There is a rapidly increasing conflict of demands for the services of any efficient Regular Officer.

"Specifically, the Joint Resolution now under consideration, if enacted will accomplish the following:

"Suspend, during the present emergency, the provisional classification board, the court of inquiry, the final classification board and the board to determine whether classification in Class B is due to the neglect, misconduct, or avoidable habits of the officer concerned.

"Enable the Secretary of War to establish one board of general officers that shall recommend removal of officers from the active list of the Army for any reason deemed for the best interests of the Service.

"Subject to the recommendation of the Board, the Secretary of War to have final authority in the premises.

"The officer concerned to be honorably discharged if he has had less than seven years' service, or retired if he has had seven or more years' service. Any officer with over 30 years' service or who served in the armed forces prior to 12 Nov. 1918, would receive retired pay equal to 75% of his active duty pay at the time of his retirement; any other officer would receive retired pay equal to 2½ percent of his active duty pay at the time of his retirement, multiplied by the number of complete years of his service for pay purposes under existing laws not in excess of 30 years. In requesting authority to discharge an officer with less than seven years' service, the War Department is following the present Navy law. Otherwise the requirements are in accordance with the law governing voluntary retirements.

"In conclusion, it may be repeated that the authority provided by this joint resolution is of the utmost importance to the War Department. The fact that we are asking for such authority, however, must not be considered as a reflection of the officer corps of the Regular Army. The vast majority of the officers are conspicuously efficient and in this emergency have rendered a magnificent service to the country. During the past 18 months they have excelled, I believe, the best, the highest traditions of the Regular Army in technical ability, in leadership and in devoted loyalty during the disruptions and difficulties of the period of rapid increases in man and organizations. I am proud to be one of them."

Disbursing Office for 32nd Div.

Finance offices for the disbursing of funds for the 32nd National Guard Division, Camp Livingston, La., were activated on 1 July. Lt. Col. R. E. Cotton, FD, was named finance officer for the new unit.

15th Infantry Shares Praise

Col. Jesse A. Ladd, commanding officer of the 15th Infantry which with the Provisional Battalion, 3rd Coast Artillery and the Scout Car Detachment, 11th Cavalry performed duty at the taking over of the aviation plant at Inglewood, Cal., 18 July. In a letter to the commanding officer of Ft. MacArthur, Cal., expressed the gratitude of the 15th Infantry for the efficient manner in which the 3rd Coast Artillery and the Scout Car Detachment of the 11th Cavalry performed their duties.

Col. Ladd, who was highly commended by Col. Charles E. Branshaw, AC, the officer placed in charge of the North American Aviation plant by the President, declared, "These units each performed their assigned tasks in an equally efficient manner and are with the 15th Infantry, equally entitled to any commendations received. In fact on the night of June 9-10th, the Coast Artillery Battalion took over the bulk of the guard duty to give the men of the 15th who had been on maneuvers enroute during the preceding four days and nights some much needed rest. For performing this additional duty the entire regiment is grateful. The 15th Infantry is proud to have been associated with the Provisional Battalion from the 3rd Coast Artillery in this emergency."

Possession and operation by the Army of the Inglewood plant of North American Aviation, Inc., ended 2 July 1941, it was announced by Lt. Col. Chas. E. Branshaw. All troops were released from further duty at the plant.

Rush Simulated Weapons

Fort Dix, N. J.—The 119th Ordnance maintenance shop of the 44th Division working three eight-hour shifts daily provide training weapons for infantry regiments and the new provisional anti-tank Battalion of the division. The gun 60 37mm. anti-tank and 36 81mm. mortars are simulated, but can be used in every type of practice except firing.

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THE UNITED STATES NAVY and MARINE CORPS

Navy-Marine Corps Promotions (Continued from First Page)

Listed men of the Regular Navy or Marine Corps.

Sec. 3. Officers on the active list of the Regular Navy or Marine Corps in commissioned ranks, including those appointed under the authority of section 2 of this Act, may be temporarily appointed to higher ranks or grades in the Regular Navy or Marine Corps, and the provisions of paragraph 9 of section 1 of the Act approved June 10, 1922 (42 Stat. 626; U. S. C., title 37, sec. 2), shall be applicable to all officers eligible for consideration for appointment or advancement pursuant to the provisions of this Act, not only during the existence of a state of war formally recognized by Congress, but also during a national emergency determined by the President.

Sec. 4. (a) Commissioned or warrant officers on the retired list of the Navy or Marine Corps may, while on active duty, be temporarily appointed to higher ranks or grades on the retired list. Any officer so appointed shall, while on active duty, be entitled to the same pay and allowances as officers of like grade or rank with equivalent service on the active list.

(b) In the computation of the retired pay of officers heretofore or hereafter retired with pay at the rate of 2½ per centum of the active-duty pay received by them at the time of retirement multiplied by the number of years of service for which entitled to credit in the computation of their pay on the active list, not to exceed a total of 75 per centum of said active-duty pay, active duty performed by such retired officers subsequent to the date of their retirement shall be counted for the purpose of computing percentage increases in their retired pay. These increases shall be at the rate of 2½ per centum for each year of active duty and a fractional year of six months or more shall be considered a full year in computing the number of years: **Provided**, That the increased retired pay of such retired officers shall in no case exceed 75 per centum of the active-duty pay as authorized by existing law: **Provided further**, That no back pay or allowances shall accrue by reason of the passage of this Act.

Sec. 5. The temporary appointments under the authority of this Act shall be in such number as the President may determine that the needs of the service require and in such manner and under such regulations as he may prescribe.

Sec. 6. Temporary appointments under the authority of this Act shall, if they are to the rank or grade of rear admiral in the Navy or general officer in the Marine Corps, be made by and with the advice and consent of the Senate; if to lower ranks or grades, they may be made by the President alone.

Sec. 7. (a) The permanent, probationary, or acting appointments of those persons temporarily appointed in accordance with the provisions of this Act shall not be vacated by reason of such temporary appointments, such persons shall not be prejudiced thereby in regard to promotion, advancement, or appointment in accordance with laws relating to the Regular Navy or Marine Corps, and their rights, benefits, privileges, and gratuities shall not be lost or abridged in any respect whatever by their acceptance of commissions or warrants hereunder: **Provided**, That except as otherwise provided herein no person who shall accept a commission or warrant under sections 2 and 3 of this Act shall, while serving thereunder, be entitled to pay or allowances except as provided by law for the position temporarily occupied: **Provided further**, That no person temporarily appointed under the authority of this Act shall suffer any reduction in pay and allowances to which he would have been entitled had he not been so temporarily appointed.

(b) Enlisted men shall, upon being initially appointed as provided by section 2 of this Act, be paid the sum of \$250 as a uniform gratuity.

Sec. 8. (a) An officer or enlisted man of the active list of the Regular Navy or Marine Corps, or an enlisted man of the Fleet Reserve or Fleet Marine Corps Reserve, who incurs physical disability while serving under a temporary appointment in a higher rank, shall be retired in such higher rank with retired pay at the rate of 75 per centum of the active-duty pay to which he was entitled while serving in that rank.

(b) An officer or enlisted man of the retired list of the Regular Navy or Marine Corps who was placed thereon for reasons other than physical disability shall, if he incurs physical disability while serving under a temporary appointment in a higher rank, be advanced on the retired list to such higher rank with retired pay at the rate of 75 per centum of the active-duty pay to which he was entitled while serving in that rank.

(c) An officer of the retired list of the Regular Navy or Marine Corps who was placed thereon by reason of physical disability shall, if he incurs physical disability while serving under a temporary appointment in a higher rank, subject to the provisions of subsection (e) hereof, be advanced on the retired list to such higher rank with retired pay at the rate of 75 per centum of the active-duty pay to which he was entitled while serving in that rank.

(d) An officer of the retired list of the Regular Navy or Marine Corps who was placed thereon for reasons other than physical disability shall, if he incurs physical disability while serving on active duty in the same rank as that held by him on the retired list and if not otherwise entitled thereto, receive 75 per centum of the active-duty pay to which he was entitled while serving in that rank.

(e) The benefits of this section shall apply only to an individual who incurs physical disability in line of duty in time of war or national emergency. In the case of those officers to whom subsection (c) hereof is applicable retirement in the next higher rank shall be effected upon a finding by a naval retiring board that the disability was incident to the service while on active duty in the higher rank and upon a rating by such board, in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Secretary of the Navy, at not less than 30 per centum permanent disability. In all other cases officers shall be retired in accordance with existing law providing for the retirement of officers.

(f) The jurisdiction of naval retiring boards is hereby extended as may be necessary in the administration of this section, and their proceedings shall be conducted in all respects as provided by existing law and regulations except as may be necessary to adapt the same to cases provided for in this section.

(g) The provisions of this section shall not apply in any case unless the proceedings of the naval retiring board shall be commenced within six months from the termination of the temporary appointment or release from active duty of the individual concerned which ever may occur earlier.

Sec. 9. Commissioned officers appointed under the authority of section 2 of this Act shall not be counted in any computation to determine the authorized number of officers in any grade. Commissioned officers of the Regular Navy and Marine Corps temporarily appointed to higher ranks or grades therein under the authority of section 3 of this Act shall be counted only in their permanent ranks or grades in such computation.

Sec. 10. Personnel appointed or advanced under the authority of this Act may be continued in their temporary status during such period as the President may determine, but not longer than six months after the termination of war or national emergency. Upon the termination of their temporary status such personnel shall, unless otherwise provided herein, revert to their permanent grades, ranks, or ratings, but upon being subsequently retired or in the case of retired officers returned to an inactive status, they shall, on condition that their performance of duty under such temporary appointments has been satisfactory, be placed on the retired list, or advanced thereon as the case may be, with the highest rank held by them while on active duty: **Provided**, That except where specific provision is made otherwise, their retired pay shall be based on the pay of the rank or rating held at the time of retirement: **Provided further**, That nothing in this Act shall entitle such personnel, when recalled to active duty, to any other rank or rating than that in which they were serving at the time of retirement.

Sec. 11. The provisions of this Act, except as may be necessary to adapt the same thereto shall apply to—

(a) Personnel of the Naval Reserve (except the Fleet Reserve) and the Marine Corps Reserve (except the Fleet Marine Corps Reserve) in like manner and to the same extent and with the same relative conditions in all respects as are provided for personnel of the Regular Navy and Marine Corps, but this shall not be construed to authorize the temporary appointment of the personnel thereof to ranks or grades in the Regular Navy or Marine Corps.

(b) Personnel of the Coast Guard in relationship to the Coast Guard in the same manner and to the same extent as they apply to personnel of the Navy in relationship to the Navy: **Provided**, That temporary appointments may be made to such rank and grade in the Coast Guard, not above captain, as correspond to the rank and grade that may be attained, either permanently or temporarily, by line officers of the Regular Navy of the same length of total commissioned service.

Vice Admiral Act Passed

Members of the House Naval Affairs Committee, meeting this week, agreed to accept a Senate amendment to the Navy's "vice admiral's" bill, H.R. 4823, and their agreement being accepted by the House itself, the bill went to the President for final approval.

The bill as originally passed by the House provided that, in addition to the present authorized number of vice admirals, "any naval officer designated by the President to perform special or unusual duty, or to command a naval unit afloat organized for the purpose of performing a special or unusual mission may, within the discretion of the President, have the rank, pay, and allowances of a vice admiral while so serving."

The bill amended by the Senate this week and now concurred in by the House, limits to nine the number of vice admirals who may be so appointed.

Mileage and Transportation

Under terms of a bill, S. 1701, introduced this week by Senator Walsh, of Mass., officers and men of the Naval and Marine Corps Reserve and retired officers and enlisted men of the Navy and Marine Corps who have been ordered to active duty since 8 Sept. 1939, and who were found physically qualified, shall be entitled to active duty pay and allowances and to transportation or mileage for the time and distances actually required to perform the necessary travel by them from home to place of active duty, via the place of examination, and for the time spent in undergoing the examination.

Those found not qualified and returned home, would be entitled, under the bill, only to transportation or mileage from home to place of examination and return.

33 Appointed Assistant Surgeons

The Navy Department announced last week the appointment of 33 Acting Assistant Surgeons in the Navy, with the rank of lieutenant (jg). Names of those receiving appointment and date of rank follows:

Rank From 25 June	
Marvin L. Gerber	Clifford B. Cole
E. Morris Hayes	David R. Sears
Leonard P. Jahnke	James H. Kimber
Grover L. Moore	Richard H. Mordaunt
John E. Emmett	Charles W. Sprunt
Philip L. Nova	Louis P. Ballenberger
Dean S. Scofield	Thomas W. Fochtmann
Erwood G. Edgar	Richard P. Vining
Henry P. Laughlin	Wayne S. Hanson
Eugene L. Freitas	Richard K. Parrish
George R. Bergman	Frederick W. Kraft
John J. O'Brien	John J. Sherman
Edward C. Kley	Russell J. Morrical
Rank From 2 July	
Donald L. Gamble	John R. Bruno
Frederick A. Pletta	Robert F. Schugmann
John A. Fusco	Gwynn B. Lewis

10 Warrant Officers Appointed

The Navy Department announced this week the names of 10 enlisted men who have been issued appointments as warrant officers in the Navy. The names of the men follow:

Electricians	
Wm. L. Davis, CEM	John W. Masters, CEM
Elton S. Katzenstein, CEM	

Machinists	
Jack J. Jones, WT 1c	Hubert W. Scheffler, CMM
Andrew A. Kemper, CMM	Wm. H. Lewis, MM 1c
Edwin F. Steinfeld, CMM	

Carpenters	
Edward N. Hann, Mdr.	Robt. M. Brown, CM 1c

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Aviation Training Act Signed

President Roosevelt this week signed S. 1246, which authorizes assignment of officers of the National Guard and Reserve Corps to flight training in their present ranks.

Formerly, such personnel, if other than Regular Army officers, were compelled to resign or be discharged, so that, if they failed to complete their flying training courses, they found themselves without military status.

Naval Patrol Plane Missing

The Navy Department announced this week that a naval patrol plane, a PB2Y, has been missing since 3 July and that an intensive search for the plane conducted by aircraft and ships of the Atlantic Fleet has proven futile.

The plane, containing two officers and five enlisted men, was engaged in a routine patrol flight off the northeastern coast of the United States. Contact with the plane was last established on the afternoon of 3 July.

The crew of the plane: Ens. Robert H. McKown, USNR, pilot, Atlanta, Ga.; Ens. Joseph C. Haskell, USNR, co-pilot, Charleston, S. C.; Wyman R. Van Lier, AMM, 1c, of Phoenix, Ariz.; Lynton M. England, AMM, 1c, Long Beach, Calif.; Claude A. Ashley, RM, 1c, Garden City, Kan.; Lynn E. Dunlap, RM 3c, Mountain City, Oconto County, Wis., and Anthony H. Gazzo (formerly Gazzo), AMM, 3c, of Milwaukee, Wis.

Sponsors Designated

Secretary of the Navy Knox has designated Mrs. Edward B. Tryon, of Lionville, Pa., to serve as sponsor for the destroyer USS Nicholas, now under construction, and Mrs. Albert T. Church, wife of Rear Adm. Albert T. Church, USN, Director of the Engineering Experimental Station, Annapolis, Md., as sponsor for the submarine Grouper, scheduled for launch 21 Oct.

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Public Relations and Freedom

Public Relation Officers of the Services will be interested in a thoughtful address delivered by Mr. Paul Garrett, Vice President and Director of Public Relations of the General Motors Corporations, before the recent thirty-seventh annual convention of the Advertising Federation of America. Mr. Garrett is Chairman of the Board of the Federation. He said the vital task before the country, the urgent responsibility of every individual in these times is to stimulate the flow of materials, to speed the production of mechanized equipment, to apply without stint our energies and skills to the business of defense. However our views may differ as to method, we must at any cost make our country and its institutions impregnably secure. The most sacred of these institutions have to do with individual freedoms, freedom to think, to worship, to achieve, and the opportunity of every individual inspired by some worthy incentive to work out his own destiny.

Mr. Garrett described the history of America as the history of stout and serviceable men. Everything accomplished here traces back to some individual, who, possessing the freedom to do so, was spurred on to initiate something new. It is this opportunity for man to pioneer his way up that we have always fought for. It is basic in our character to keep man free to do what he wants. In our own case this freedom has found expression in the development of things that make for a full life.

"I do not need to enumerate all of the cultural and spiritual benefits. I would like to enumerate a few of the material benefits. It is an appropriate occasion to examine them in relation to their source, for they have set America apart. They support the broad foundations upon which our institutions rest. They result from the freedom of men in this country to create new projects as nowhere else in the world. * * * You and I have been remiss in failing to establish in the public mind a clear knowledge of the part advertising plays in this peculiarly American mass production formula. It is no orthodox concept, but I would like to see more widely understood the fact that advertising basically is a vital part of our economy, equally important with designing, engineering and production. * * * Advertising is really a form of public relations. It requires the same careful analysis as any other public approach. It requires more. The very fact that the advertiser can enforce his advertisement upon people makes it doubly important that he shape the approach with the utmost care. * * *

"As a public relations man, I am sorry it is common practice to refer to defense business in terms of dollars. For it is not like other business. The Company with which I am associated has been asked to produce defense materials—which is to say army trucks, machine guns, marine Diesel engines, shells, aviation engines, bomber parts and many other items of a technical nature—in a volume approaching \$800,000,000. But a defense volume of \$800,000,000 would be better understood if put another way. Expressed differently this represents roughly 200,000,000 man hours of work. A man hour is a man at work for an hour. You cannot put them all to work at once but it multiplies out into enough defense assignments for the company to keep 100,000 men busy a year. And even that does not take into account all of the work of supervising, engineering, designing

and executive employees. Nor does it take into account all of the man hours going into raw materials, finished and semi-finished parts, transportation and all the rest which would multiply the figure I have given you.

"I cite this example to impress upon you that the phases of a company's business expanded by defense work present a very different set of public attitudes with which to reckon than do the phases curtailed by defense work.

"This company, for instance, already has announced the suspension of its new model introductions applicable to 1943, work on which would normally begin at this time. In other words, the 1942 models, on which work was started more than a year ago and is now largely completed up to the production stage, will continue through 1943. Furthermore, with respect to the 1942 models shortly going into production, the automobile industry co-operating with the Office of Production Management has already agreed to a cut in production amounting to 1,000,000 units.

"Such adjustments occurring in any field put up to the advertiser the problem of meeting a whole new set of questions people will be asking. Will there be enough products next year to go around? Will they be inferior as a result of substitute materials? What about prices? Profiteering is linked in the public mind to war. Buyers of merchandise become skeptical. Accordingly—whether we wish it or not—product advertising by its implications will convey an institutional impression.

"Everywhere defense and non-defense activities are intermingled. They mix and merge. Influences overlap. No clean cut lines can be drawn. Directly or indirectly, our whole industrial structure is coming to be affected by the driving efforts for production. The expression 'peace time goods' becomes a relative term in our economy. So closely are the various units of our industrial network tied together that the consequences of every action are telegraphed throughout the whole fabric.

"In explaining the processes of defense, advertising performs the task of explaining the processes of industry. That in itself is important. But it does more. It helps build an informed public opinion on defense. This is indispensable to national confidence and cooperation, as witness the consequences of the lack of it in France. We are just beginning through company advertising to develop themes helpful to government, to industry and to labor in working toward greater unity for a strong defense."

RCA Radiophotos From Russia

The first radiophotos ever transmitted directly to the United States from the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics were received in New York 8 July by R. C. A. Communications, Inc., a service of the Radio Corporation of America.

The photographs of war scenes were made available to American news photo services for publication in Wednesday's newspapers.

Rear Adm. Beauregard to Brazil

Secretary of the Navy Knox last week announced the expansion of the office of the Naval Attaché to Brazil, and the appointment of Rear Adm. Augustin T. Beauregard, USN, as naval attaché on the staff of the United States Embassy to that country. Rear Admiral and Mrs. Beauregard will sail for Rio de Janeiro from New York on 18 July. Admiral Beauregard was a member of the first Naval Mission to Brazil from 1922 to 1927.

Dedicate New Naval Air Station

Some of the Navy Department's highest ranking officers, including Assistant Secretary of the Navy Ralph A. Bard, Rear Adm. A. J. Hepburn, USN, Director of Public Relations, Rear Adm. J. H. Towers, Chief of the Bureau of Aeronautics, and Rear Adm. Ben Moreell, Chief of the Bureau of Yards and Docks, are scheduled to attend ceremonies today, 12 July, in connection with the commissioning of the Navy's most modern operating shore establishments for the air force, the Quonset, R. I., Naval Air Station.

Assistant Secretary of the Navy Bard will be the principal speaker at the commissioning service.

Comdr. Andrew C. McFall, USN, has been named commanding officer of the new station which has already cost the Navy in excess of \$25,000,000.

Heads Naval Reserve Division

Capt. Vance D. Chapline, USN, commanding officer of the USS Philadelphia, has been ordered to duty as Director of the Naval Reserve Division, Bureau of Navigation, succeeding Capt. John F. Shafrroth, USN, who has been transferred to duty as Assistant Chief of the Bureau of Navigation. Captain Chapline will report for duty at the Navy Department in September.

Say O-9 in Condition

Adoption of a formal House Resolution asking the Secretary of the Navy to furnish information on the history and condition of the submarine O-9 was opposed this week by the House Naval Affairs Committee which submitted for the record a statement from Acting Secretary of the Navy Forrestal.

Under Secretary Forrestal forwarded to the committee a letter from Rear Adm. R. S. Edwards, commander of Submarines, Atlantic Fleet, which said:

"O-9 was in good condition when she made her last dive. She had experienced the minor troubles usual in recommissioning vessels, but, so far as is known, there was nothing to indicate that she was not in safe condition. Her state of training was considered satisfactory for submerged operations."

"Results of deep submergence tests of the seven other vessels of the O-Class show no indication of inability to withstand pressure. O-8 developed a hull leak at 100 feet which is being investigated, but it was not of sufficient consequence to deter the commanding officer from going down to 200 feet to complete the test."

Navy Mutual Aid Association

A total of 105 officers were elected to membership during the month of June.

BUILDING FOR DEFENSE

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BELL TELEPHONE SYSTEM



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ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL

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LEROY WHITMAN,
Editor

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"Established in obedience to an insistent demand for an official organ for members of the American Defense and those concerned with it, The Army and Navy Journal will be published in the interest of no party; it will be controlled by no clique. Its independence will be absolute. Its interest will be directed solely to the inculcation of sound military ideas and to the elevation of the public service in all its departments."—From Vol. 1, No. 1, of the Army and Navy Journal, published August 29, 1863.

SATURDAY, JULY 12, 1941

"A strong America is the highest contribution to world stability."—HERBERT C. HOOVER.

OUR PRIORITY LIST

1. Legislative assurance, now, that our land, sea, and air forces will be maintained at such strengths as may be determined by the War Department General Staff and the General Board of the Navy to be necessary to guard the nation and its interests against any enemy or combination of enemies.
2. Upward revision of pay schedules for commissioned, warrant and enlisted personnel, active and retired; all temporarily promoted officers to receive pay of grade in which serving.
3. A long range study by the General Board of the Navy to the end that an equitable and just system of promotion for the line and staff of the Navy and Marine Corps be enacted into law.
4. Revision of pension laws to assure service widows a living income.
5. Compensation for service personnel who use privately owned automobiles on government business.

AFTER READING THE comprehensive annual report of General Marshall, the text of which was published in our issue last week, General Pershing extended to him his personal and official congratulations upon the accomplishments it related. Public opinion, likewise, generally gave approval to this important paper. And with reason, for in clear and soldierly language, the General described the monumental task involved in the building of armies as the possibilities of only a year ago developed into the near probabilities of battle today. The report revealed the complexities of personnel problems and the manner in which they are being solved, and the lack of materiel, and how it is being overcome. It reiterated that the fundamental requirement of any army is trained, disciplined man power, and the measures taken to meet it, and it emphasized what our people fail to realize, that ours must be an all-purpose army, able to fight wherever the need for fighting lies, and properly balanced to deal with any and all contingencies. Of course, in the organization, mechanization and anti-mechanization, and, above all, the training, there have been applied, insofar as our own situation and necessities demand, the lessons of the wars in Europe and Asia. The progress achieved, which the General describes with modest pen, he states could not have been made without the highly efficient cooperation of the War Department General Staff over the years and the commanders and staffs in the field, and the invaluable leaven of the Regular Army personnel; and he stresses the huge dividends paid by the elaborate school system which has been in effect during the past twenty years. His frequent mention of the Air Force, its increase in strength compared to that of other arms, the fact that there is an Air Deputy Chief of Staff and that an Air Officer is in command of the air and ground units in Greenland, shows his realization of the importance of this Arm in the war times that threaten. Likewise, he spoke of the enormity of the task of rapid development of the Armored Force, whose full efficiency is in process of attainment as critical and controlled items of equipment become available. To those who have predicted the replacement of the horse by the machine, the report significantly refers to the revision of the organization of the horse Cavalry regiment, the designation of that regiment as the reconnaissance unit of a corps, and the creation of two Horse Cavalry divisions, one partly completed. The high character of selectees justifiably is praised, and properly the recommendation is made that the President and Congress extend their time of service. The press interpreted the statement that when and where the forces created are to serve, are questions to be determined by the Commander-in-Chief and Congress, as a proposal to remove the limitation upon the use of troops outside of the Western Hemisphere. No such proposal was made, although its desirability, in view of our occupation of Iceland and the strength of our garrisons in Alaska, is obvious. That our people may know the truth regarding the achievements of the High Command, we urge all Public Relations Officers to obtain copies of the report, and put them where they will be available for public information.

FINAL ENACTMENT BY THE Congress this week of the Navy and Marine Corps temporary promotion bill with its provision assuring officers the pay of their higher grade, places both Houses solidly behind this important principle. The pay amendment was placed in the bill originally by Representative Izac when the measure was on the House floor. That body adopted it without dissent. When the Senate considered the provision it not only approved it but re-phrased it to avoid any possible legal misinterpretation of the intent of Congress that officers temporarily promoted during this current emergency would be entitled to the pay of the higher grades in which they actually serve. In view of this clear declaration of policy it behooves the House Military Affairs committee to report out the measure introduced some time ago by Representative Overton Brooks granting the same rights to officers of the Army. Under the present pay act Reserve and National Guard officers receive the pay of their rank, but officers of the Regular Army temporarily promoted continue to receive the pay of their lower (permanent) grade until such time as they have satisfied the length-of-service requirements entitling them to the pay of the higher grade. There seems little excuse for not paying for the services of first lieutenants and captains merely because those performing the duties hold their rank under a temporary rather than a permanent grant. The important fact is that the duties are being performed. Justice, as well as the maintenance of morale, demands that Mr. Brooks' bill be enacted promptly.

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Service Humor

Starting at the Top

Scott Field, Ill.—The receiving officer glanced up at the young man who appeared before him, and said crisply: "Name?"

"I'm Colonel Yates," the man replied. The officer got to his feet quickly, then said suspiciously: "Aren't you a little young to be a colonel, sir?"

Yates grinned sheepishly and handed him an identification form. "Yes sir," he answered. "Colonel is my first name."

The officer looked at the form and read: "Colonel Yates, son of Mr. and Mrs. John Yates, New Salem, Ill. Selectee, transferred from Camp Grant."

—Press Release.

Set to Music

It is said that people who stammer often sing well. A deckhand who suffered from an impediment in his speech ran to the captain on the bridge during a storm and started: "P-please s-sir."

"For goodness sake, hurry up," said the captain, irritably. "If you can't say it, sing it."

The deckhand took a very long breath and sang: "Should auld acquaintance be forgot and never brought to mind; the first mate's fallen overboard; he's half a mile behind."

—Fifth Corps News.

Poor Old Man

Sightseeing Guide (in Boston)—On your right you see the tablet marking the spot where Paul Revere stood waiting for the signal to be hung in the Old North church.

Sweet Young Thing—Oh dear; what a shame! and why did they pick the Old North church to hang him in?

—Defender.

Skunks—and More Skunks

A gangster rushed into a saloon shooting right and left, yelling, "All you dirty skunks get outta here."

The customers fled in a hail of bullets—all except an Englishman, who stood at the bar, calmly finishing his drink. "Well," snapped the gangster, waving his smoking gun.

"Well," remarked the Englishman, "there certainly were a lot of them, weren't there!"

—Contributed.

Recruiting Activities

Sgt.: "There's a group of volunteers outside with a bunch of soldiers."

Capt.: "What are the soldiers doing there?"

Sgt.: "They're dragging the volunteers."

—Pointer.

From "ORC" comes this closing line to our 28 June doggerel:

They tell of a looie named Grant,
Who was ready to rave and to rant,
Till in reviewing his sins,

He was knocked off his pins,
He discovered he once had said "can't."

From Miss "MG" comes this limerick for completion on 26 July:

They tell of a tar from Orlando,
Who at sailing was quite a hando,

He said, "Oh, pshaw!"

It's nothing at all."

ASK THE JOURNAL

SEND your queries to the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL QUESTION EDITOR and an answer will be given in this column as soon as possible after receipt.

T. R. H.—A complete story on the new method of promoting noncommissioned officers of the first and second pay grades, Air Corps, was published on page 1184 of the 21 June issue.

M. F. H.—You are entitled to count your Navy enlisted service in computation of longevity pay in the Army. See section 9, Pay Act of 1922.

P. C. L.—Since most of the jobs at the Soldiers' Home are filled by members of the home, there is little chance for one not a member to obtain a position there.

H. W. R.—Camp Wolters, the Infantry Replacement Training Center, is located at Mineral Wells, Texas.

In the Journal

10 Years Ago

Maj. Gen. Stephen O. Fuqua, Chief of Infantry, announces movement of the Tank School, and Tank Board, from Ft. George G. Meade, Md., and the experimental motorized force from Ft. Eustis, Va., to Ft. Benning, Ga., and predicts progress and coordination of all Infantry elements to be materially assisted by these moves.

20 Years Ago

Secretary of War John W. Weeks, in a commencement address at Tufts College declared that conditions of the world today compelled us to keep up the national defense. "When we see nations preparing for war, making greater preparations in times of peace than during war, we must sit up and take notice," he said.

30 Years Ago

Rear Adm. Alfred T. Mahan, USN-Ret., has advanced plans for the fortification of Guam, which he is quoted as saying can be made a Gibraltar of the Pacific.

50 Years Ago

The reform fever is still prevalent at the War Department. The latest move in this direction appears in the form of an order reducing the number of draft and pack animals and restricting the use of ambulances and other conveyances at the various military posts to the narrowest possible margins.

75 Years Ago

A special board, headed by Brevet Brig. Gen. B. S. Alexander, U. S. Engineers, appointed to report upon the suitability of the harbor of Portland, Me., as a fresh-water basin for iron-clads, reports against the construction of the basin stating that "it would take seven years and several million dollars, and the result then would be simply the possession of a fresh-water basin to be supplied with water from a company."

July 12, 1941

War Department
Organized Reserves

OFFICIAL ORDERS

Navy Department
Marine Corps

ARMY ORDERS

Secretary of War
Henry L. Stimson
Undersecretary of War
Robert P. Patterson
Assistant Secretary of War
John J. McCloy
Assistant Secretary of War (Air)
Robert A. Lovett
Chief of Staff
General George C. Marshall

GENERAL OFFICERS

Brig. Gen. Henry W. Harms, from Wash., D. C., to CO, Newfoundland Base Command, USA, sail 16 July, New York.

GENERAL STAFF CORPS

GENERAL GEORGE C. MARSHALL, C. of S.

Col. Charles B. Elliott, from 9th Div., Ft. Bragg, N. C., to 4th CASC, same station.

Col. Earl L. Norden, from Bolling Fld., D. C., to HQ, Army Air Forces, Wash., D. C.

Col. Ralph P. Cousins, from Bolling Fld., D. C., to HQ, Army Air Forces, Wash., D. C.

Col. Russell H. Brennan, (JAGD), Wash., D. C., 19 Oct., to duty with GSC, same station.

Lt. Col. Joseph B. Sweet, from Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., 15 July, to office of C. of Inf., Wash., D. C.

Lt. Col. Carlos Brewer, Ft. Bragg, N. C., to chief of staff, 9th Div., that station.

Lt. Col. Homer Case, from off. C. of S., 16 July, to Wash. Provisional Brigade, Wash., D. C.

Following Lt. Cols., from station indicated to HQ, Army War College, Wash., D. C.: Marcus B. Bell, Ft. Hayes, Ohio; Alexander R. Bolling, Boston, Mass.

Maj. Matthew K. Deichmann, from Panama Canal Dept., 8 Aug., to Caribbean Defense Command, Quarry Heights, C. Z.

Maj. Norman C. Caum, (Inf.), from Lisbon, Portugal, to 703d Military Police Bn., Arlington Cantonment, Va.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT

MAJ. GEN. E. S. ADAMS, AG

Maj. Roland E. Doan, from Wash., D. C., to

faculty, AG Sch., Arlington Cantonment, Arlington, Va.

Capt. George Amatury, Wash., D. C., 8 July, to Port of Embarkation, Seattle, Wash. 2nd Lt. Edwin R. Hodges, from Camp Roberts, Calif., to Headquarters, S. E. AC Train Cen., Maxwell Fld., Ala.

JUDGE ADVOCATE GENERAL'S DEPT.

MAJ. GEN. ALLEN W. GULLION, JAG

Maj. William S. Sherrill, from Wash., D. C., to Newfoundland, sail 18 July, New York, N. Y.

QUARTERMASTER CORPS

MAJ. GEN. E. B. GREGORY, The QMG

Lt. Col. Harry L. Collins, from Sandusky, to office of QMG, Wash., D. C.

Lt. Col. Mark V. Brunson, from Pine Camp, N. Y., to 292d QM Bn., Ft. Hamilton, N. Y.

Lt. Col. John A. Gilman, retired, 31 July, for disability incident to service.

Lt. Col. Barlow Winston, from Ft. Bliss, Tex., to const. QM, Lone Star Ord. Plant, Texarkana, Tex.

Lt. Col. Orville E. Davis, from Wash., D. C., 14 July, to asst. to const. QM, Zone 8, Ft. Sam Houston, Tex.

Lt. Col. Joe S. Underwood, from Ft. Riley, Kan., to const. QM, Twin City Ord. Plant, Minneapolis, Minn.

Lt. Col. Karol B. Kozlowski, retired 31 July, for disability incident to service.

Maj. Elmer S. Armstrong, Ft. Bliss, Tex., to asst. const. QM, that station.

Maj. Joseph M. Reilly, from Boston, Mass., to asst. to const. QM, Zone 7, Omaha, Neb.

Maj. Carl R. Rogers, from Talladega, Ala., to asst. to const. QM, Seneca Ord. Depot, Waterloo, N. Y.

Maj. William C. Hutt, from Wash., D. C., to HQ, Third Army, San Antonio, Tex.

Maj. Wallace H. Honnold, Fresno, Calif., to station complement, Army Air Base, that station.

Maj. George Parker, prior orders revoked: from off. of QMG, 15 July, to off. C. of S.

Following off., prior orders revoked: to procure, planning duty, QM Depot, Chicago, Ill.; Maj. William H. Dukes, 2nd Lt. John W. Hamilton.

Maj. Carl L. Meng, from San Francisco, Calif., to asst. to const. QM, Ft. Lewis and vicinity, Wash.

Maj. Francis K. Duffy, from Brooklyn, N. Y., to asst. commanding off., QM Depot, Jersey City, N. J.

Maj. Leland A. Burbank, from Kelly Fld., Tex., to 8th CA Motor Trans. Sch., Normoyle QM Depot, San Antonio, Tex.

Maj. Robert F. Metcalf, Ft. Riley, Kans., to const. QM, that station.

Maj. Grover C. Heldensels, from Camp Claiborne, La., to Volunteer Ord. Works, Chattanooga, Tenn.

Capt. Herbert E. Ross, orders amended to Savannah, see of the Atlanta QM Depot, Savannah, Ga.

Capt. Oliver B. Brown, from Camp Edwards, Mass., to Ord. Plant, Des Moines, Iowa.

Capt. Sigmund Cohen, from Charleston, S. C., to Volunteer Ord. Works, Chattanooga, Tenn.

Following officers from Ft. Benj. Harrison, Ind., to asst. const. QM, Plum Brook Ord. Works, Sandusky, Ohio: Capt. Hobart H. Lewis, 1st Lt. Wilber A. Stevens, Capt. Richard F. Niemz, from Chicago, Ill., 8 July, to office of Chief of Staff, Wash., D. C.

Capt. Lawrence W. F. Oberbacher, from Boston, Mass., 8 July, to office of Chief of Staff, Wash., D. C.

Capt. Ralph P. Levison, from Charleston, S. C., to asst. to const. QM, Camp Edwards, Mass.

Capt. Paul E. Haines, from Topeka, Kans., to off. in charge, QM Market Center, San Francisco, Calif.

Capt. Engward H. Hagen, from Seattle, Wash., to asst. to QM, AC Gunnery Sch., Las Vegas, Nev.

Capt. Lorenzo G. Voigt, addl. duty as const. QM, Harbor Defenses of Portland, Ft. Preble, Me.

Capt. Edward L. Rehmann, from Wash., D. C., to Marietta Mfg. Co., Point Pleasant, W. Va.

Following off., from New York, N. Y., to 2nd CASC, station indicated: Capt. Gunnar D. Freden, Ft. Hancock, N. J.; 1st Lt. Charles F. McQuiston, Ft. Totten, N. Y.; 1st Lt. Vincent L. Millen, Hq., 2nd Corps Area, Governors Island, N. Y.

Capt. Arthur H. Kemp, from Ft. Devens, Mass., to off. QMG, Wash., D. C.

Following off., from station Ind., to asst. to const. QM, station specified: Capt. James B. Harvey, from Atlanta, Ga., to Camp Claiborne, La.; Capt. Charles E. Kabrich, from Wash., D. C., to Ord. Depot, St. Louis, Mo.; Capt. Ricardo F. Wallace, from Atlanta, Ga., to Ft. McClellan, Ala.; 1st Lt. Joe C. Robinson, from Columbus, Ohio, to Plum Brook Ord. Works, Sandusky, Ohio.

Capt. Charles K. Walter, from Omaha, Neb., to asst. to const. QM, Iowa Ord. Plant, Burlington, Iowa.

Post EXCHANGES—Write for full information and display material. THE IODENT CO.—DETROIT

NO NAVY, MARINE CORPS, OR COAST GUARD ORDERS

Publication of orders issued to Navy, Marine Corps and Coast Guard personnel has been ordered suspended to avoid possible revelation of information against the public interest.

Capt. Victor S. Phaneuf, from Ft. Ethan Allen, Vt., to const. QM, that station.

Capt. Raymond G. Shaw, Camp Claiborne, assigned const. QM, that station.

Capt. Charles W. Carlton, Jr., from Milan, Tenn., to const. QM, Camp Livingston, La.

Following off., station indicated to 2nd CASC at that station: 1st Lt. Milton L. Havens, Ft. Dix, N. J.; 1st Lt. Lewis M. Leisling, Ft. Monmouth, N. J.; 1st Lt. Herbert P. Meitner, Ft. Dix, N. J.; 2nd Lt. Joseph E. Aebischer, Pine Camp, N. Y.; 2nd Lt. James W. Elmore, Ft. Monmouth, N. J.

1st Lt. George O. Miskimen, from Ft. Lewis, Wash., to asst. const. QM, 6th Zone, Chicago, Ill.

Following off., from station indicated, to 3rd CASC, station indicated: 1st Lt. Homer T. Ford, from Camp Lee, Va., to Camp Pendleton, Va.; 2nd Lt. Paul R. Bleckford, Ft. Monroe, Va., to Ft. Story, Va.

1st Lt. Randolph V. Carter, Ft. Monroe, Va., to 3rd CASC, that station.

1st Lt. Lloyd G. Hanley, from Wash., D. C., to QM Depot, Kansas City, Mo.

Following off., sta. Ind., to 2nd CASC, sta. Ind.: 1st Lt. Herman J. Meury, Picatinny Arsenal, N. J., to Ft. Tilden, N. Y.; 1st Lt. Lee D. Moody, Pine Camp, N. Y., to Madison Bks., N. Y.; 2nd Lt. John F. McGarry, Ft. Dix, N. J., to Ft. Wadsworth, N. Y.

1st Lt. Alfred D. Matthews, Ft. DuPont, Del., to 2nd CASC, that station.

1st Lt. Arthur M. Cory, from Camp Hulen, Tex., to 8th CA Motor Trans. Sch., Normoyle QM Depot, San Antonio, Tex.

1st Lt. Ernest C. Hawkins, Jr., from St. Louis, Mo., to off. in charge, QM Market Cen., Topeka, Kans.

1st Lt. Burchard P. Shepherd, Jr., from Ft. Wayne, Mich., to office of QMG, Wash., D. C.

1st Lt. Henry C. Snider, prior orders amended, from Ft. Rosecrans, Calif., to 9th CAS Command, Fresno Air Fld., Calif.

1st Lt. Carl L. Morris, from Wash., D. C., to asst. to const. QM, Ord. Plant, St. Louis, Mo.

1st Lt. Samuel H. Dykes, prior orders amended, to Panama Canal Dept., sail 24 July, New Orleans, La.

Following officers from Ft. Crooks, Neb., to 7th CASC, QM Rep. Train. Center, Ft. Francis E. Warren, Wyo.: 1st Lt. Leroy M. Stanton; 2nd Lt. Ralph E. Allee; 2nd Lt. Van A. Frey; 2nd Lt. Frank R. Granzow; 2nd Lt. Wayne G. Higgins.

2nd Lt. Joseph Goodman, prior orders revoked.

2nd Lt. Thomas B. McGary, from Ft. Devens, Mass., to 8th Corps Area Motor Trans. Sch., Normoyle QM Depot, San Antonio, Tex.

2nd Lt. Arnold B. Addlestone, prior orders amended: to 7th Div., Ft. Ord, Calif., to duty with QMC.

2nd Lt. Louis E. Scharlack, prior orders amended: from Camp Livingston, La.

2nd Lt. Roger S. Patch, from Columbus, Ohio, to asst. to const. QM, that station.

2nd Lt. Byers H. Coleman, from Ft. Francis E. Warren, Wyo., to Army Transport Service, Port of Embarkation, Brooklyn, N. Y.

2nd Lt. George C. Babbitt, from Camp San Luis Obispo, Calif., 12 July, to inactive status.

2nd Lt. Angelo G. Mallis, from Ft. Jackson, S. C., to asst. to const. QM, Seneca Ord. Plant, Waterloo, N. Y.

2nd Lt. Anthony D'Elliis, Jr., from New York, N. Y., to 2nd CASC, Ft. Jay, N. Y.

2nd Lt. James W. Carter, from Tyler, Tex., to Panama Canal Dept., sail Charleston, S. C., 25 July.

2nd Lt. Sidney Posner, from Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., to Hawaiian Dept., sail San Francisco, 31 July.

vak.

Capt. Ronald F. Kirk, from Panama Canal Dept., to Carlisle Bks., Pa.

Capt. Charles E. Dowman, from Ft. McClellan, Ala., 15 July, to Lawson Gen. Hosp., Atlanta, Ga.

Capt. Eaton W. Bennett, from San Francisco, Calif., 1 Aug., to 1st Med. Regt., Ft. Ord, Calif.

Capt. Joseph E. Whitlow, McChord Fld., Wash., to 17th Bombardment Gr., same station.

Capt. Martin D. Wally, Ft. Dix, N. J., 1 Aug., to 2nd CASC, same station.

Capt. Henry A. Kind, prior orders amended: to Tilton Gen. Hosp., Ft. Dix, N. J.

Following off., from station Ind., to duty as transport surgeon, Ft. Mason, Calif.; Capt. Albert B. Dismore, Vancouver Bks., Wash.; 1st Lt. George C. Cash, Ft. Lewis, Wash.

Capt. Robert R. Kelley, from Hawaiian Dept., to Gen. Depot, San Francisco, Calif.

Capt. Erling S. Fugelso, prior orders amended: to Ft. Devens, Mass., from Hawaiian Dept.

1st Lt. William G. Schmitz, from Monterey, Calif., 30 July, to 1st Med. Regt., Ft. Ord, Calif.

1st Lt. Eugene E. Ahern, prior orders revoked.

Following 1st Lts., from Ft. Hayes, O., to Philippine Dept., sail 24 July, San Francisco, Calif.; Charles B. Armstrong, Mark G. Herbst, Webster C. Suyers.

1st Lt. Leighton L. Anderson, prior orders amended, to Panama Canal Dept., sail 24 July, New Orleans, La.

1st Lt. Edward S. Miller, prior orders amended, to Philippine Dept., sail 14 July, San Francisco.

1st Lt. Henry D. Lederer, Denver, Colo., 5 July, to Fitzsimons General Hospital, same station.

1st Lt. Glenn E. Kahler, prior orders revoked.

1st Lt. Gerald J. Menaker, from Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., to Hawaiian Dept., sail 31 July, San Francisco, Calif.

1st Lt. John J. O'Brien, from Ft. Jay, N. Y., to 44th Div., Ft. Dix, N. J.

1st Lt. Daniel K. Adler, from Ft. Jay, N. Y., to Ft. Pepperell, Newfoundland, sail New York, 18 July.

1st Lt. Michael F. DeSalvo, from Camp Livingston, La., 1 Aug., to AC Tech. Sch., Biloxi, Miss.

1st Lt. Edgar H. Underwood, Jr., from Camp Wallace, Tex., to Panama Canal Dept., sail Charleston, S. C., 25 July.

1st Lt. James W. Carter, from Tyler, Tex., to Panama Canal Dept., sail Charleston, S. C., 25 July.

1st Lt. Sidney Posner, from Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., to Hawaiian Dept., sail San Francisco, 31 July.

Dental Corps

1st Lt. Harry E. Smalley, from Ft. McPherson, Ga., 20 July, to Air Corps Tech. Sch., Biloxi, Miss.

1st Lt. Frederic H. Bockoven, from Brooklyn, N. Y., to 3rd CASC, Ft. Belvoir, Va.

1st Lt. Keith H. Jones, prior orders amended, to Panama Canal Dept., sail 24 July, New Orleans, La.

1st Lt. Morris H. Kornblum, from Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., to Philippine Dept., sail 24 July, San Francisco, Calif.

Ansell, Ansell & Marshall

Attorneys at Law

708-715 Tower Building

Washington, D. C.

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UNITED SERVICES

AUTOMOBILE ASSOCIATION

Fort Sam Houston, Texas

Army Orders

(Continued from Preceding Page)

Veterinary Corps

Lt. Col. Irby R. Pollard, from San Angelo, Tex., 1 Aug., to 8th CASC, Ft. Bliss, Tex.
 1st Lt. Benner B. Vail, Jr., prior orders amended, from Camp Shelby, Miss., to Panama Canal Dept., sail 8 July, New York.
 1st Lt. Edward H. Von Glin, prior orders amended: sail San Francisco, 31 July, to Hawaiian Dept.

Medical Administrative Corps

Capt. James T. Johnson, prior orders amended: to Carlisle Bks., Pa.

Sanitary Corps

Maj. Maurice J. Bradbury, Wash., D. C., to office, C. of S., same station.

Nurse Corps

2nd Lt. Irene G. Truax, retired, 31 July, disability incident to active service.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT

MAJ. GEN. HOWARD K. LOUGHRY, C. of F. Lt. Col. Charles R. Mize, from Philippine Dept., to hq., 8th Corps Area, Ft. Sam Houston, Tex.

Capt. Herman E. Price, from Panama Canal Dept., to asst. to FO, Army Med. Cen., Wash., D. C.

1st Lt. Mason S. Wilmer, Bolling Fld., D. C., to hq., GHQ Air Force, that station.

1st Lt. Isaac Q. Rayburn, from Ft. Bragg, N. C., to 8th CASC, Camp Bowie, Tex.

2nd Lt. Eugene Rosen, from San Angelo, Tex., to hq., 2nd Div., Ft. Sam Houston, Tex.

CORPS OF ENGINEERS

MAJ. GEN. JULIAN L. SCHLEY, C. of E. Lt. Col. Maybin H. Wilson, from Morgantown, W. Va., 15 August, to 98th Eng. Bn., Camp Bowie, Tex.

Lt. Col. Holland L. Robb, from Baltimore, Md., 15 Aug., to asst. to dist. eng., Savannah Eng. Dist., Macon, Ga.

Following off. Ft. Ord., Calif., from org. ind., 15 Aug., to 47th Eng. Reg., that station: Maj. Walter W. Hodge, 7th Div.; 1st Lt. George W. Bixby, 19th Eng. Reg.; Capt. George A. Finley, 19th Eng. Reg.; 1st Lt. James R. Rorbaugh, 19th Eng. Co.; 2nd Lt. Everett A. Hansen, 7th Div.

Maj. George A. Johnston, from Columbus, O., 10 July, to eng. supply off., Port of Embarkation, New Orleans, La.

Following officers from stat. ind., 15 Aug., to 98th Bn., Camp Bowie, Tex.: Capt. John H. Kerkering, Ft. Leonard Wood, Mo.; 1st Lt. Herbert E. Brown, Ft. Leonard Wood, Mo.

Capt. Christian Hanburger, from Ft. Belvoir, Va., 15 Aug., to 397th Eng. Co., Camp Claiborne, La.

Capt. Chester L. Landaker, Ft. Leonard Wood, Mo., to 396th Engr. Co., same station.

Capt. Morton Solomon, from Hattiesburg, Miss., to Columbus, Miss.

Capt. Redvers Bowen, from Ft. Leonard Wood, Mo., to Panama Canal Dept., sail New York, 23 July.

Capt. Benjamin R. Wimer, from Galveston, Tex., to San Antonio, Tex.

1st Lt. Richard D. Wolfe, Ft. Belvoir, Va., to 394th Eng. Co., that sta.

1st Lt. Giles M. Ellis, Jr., prior orders amended, from Ft. Bragg, N. C., 7 July, to 80th Eng. Bn., Camp Livingston, La.

Following 1st Lts., Langley Fld., Va., to 21st Eng. Reg., same station: Edwin D. Myers, Albert L. Winkler.

Following 1st Lts., from Camp Shelby, Miss., to Panama Canal Dept., sail 14 Aug., New Orleans, La.: Harry A. Hall, Jr., Marion E. Wetherby, Jr.

1st Lt. Edward W. Peake, Jr., from Pensacola, Fla., to Valdosta, Ga.

1st Lt. Andrew C. Ishue, prior orders revoked.

1st Lt. Lazarus H. Todd, from Ft. Benning, Ga., to Eng. Dist., Mobile, Ala.

Following 2nd Lts., from Ft. Sheridan, Ill., to Hawaiian Dept., sail 31 July, San Francisco: William L. Breckenridge, Jr., Markham S. Cheever.

2nd Lt. David S. Bartram, from Camp Shelby, Miss., to Panama Canal Dept., sail 14 Aug., New Orleans, La.

2nd Lt. Ralph H. Sudekum, from Ft. Belvoir, Va., 15 July, to 810th Eng. Bn., MacDill Fld., Fla.

2nd Lt. Arthur H. Petersen, from Camp Livingston, La., 15 Aug., to University of Wis., Madison, Wis.

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT

MAJ. GEN. CHARLES M. WESSON, C. of O.

Lt. Col. Gordon M. Wells, from Frankford Arsenal, Pa., to off. of C. of O., Wash., D. C.

Lt. Col. Stewart H. Elliott, from Ft. Monroe, Va., to Arsenal, Augusta, Ga.

Lt. Col. William Q. Howell, Camp Forrest, Tenn., to 75th FA Brig. that station.

Maj. Myron E. Doucette, from Ord. Dist., New York, N. Y., 8 July, to office, C. of S., Wash., D. C.

Maj. Stanley C. Shubart, prior orders amended, from Ft. Belvoir, Va., to Ord. Plant, Denver, Colo.

Capt. Ernest Plambeck, from Wash., D. C., to Ord. Rep. Trng. Center, Aberdeen Proving Gnd., Md.

Maj. Charles S. Paullin, from Augusta, Ga.,

to Ord. Plant, St. Louis, Mo.
 Capt. Edward K. Purnell, from Charleston, S. C., 15 July, to asst. OD off., 4th CA, Camp Beauregard, La.

1st Lt. Frank M. Plemp, from Puerto Rican Dept., to hq., 1st Corps Area, Boston, Mass.

1st Lt. John J. Hastings, prior orders revoked.

1st Lt. Edwin G. Koch, from Ft. Benning, Ga., to Savanna Unit Train. Cen., Proving Ground, Ill.

Following 1st Lts., from Aberdeen Proving Ground, Md., to office of C. of O., Wash., D. C.: Robert S. Baum, Regt. L. Kunz.

1st Lt. Benjamin S. Malin, from Aberdeen Proving Ground, Md., to Springfield Armory, Mass.

1st Lt. William B. Sweet, from Pittsburgh, Pa., to off. of Under Sec. of War, Wash., D. C.

1st Lt. Francis E. Doyle, from Aberdeen Proving Ground, Md., to office, C. of O., Wash., D. C.

1st Lt. Harper E. Adams, from Philadelphia, Pa., to York Proof Range, York, Pa.

1st Lt. John W. Hunter, from Aberdeen Proving Ground, Md., to Ordnance Depot, Charleston, S. C.

Following off. from Aberdeen Proving Gnd., Md., to station ind.: 1st Lt. Robert L. Neff, Raritan Arsenal, Metuchen, N. J.; 1st Lt. Madison Post, off. C. of O., Wash., D. C.; 1st Lt. John A. Swint, off. C. of O., Wash., D. C.; 2nd Lt. Jewel R. Browder, off. C. of O., Wash., D. C.; 2nd Lt. Roger G. Kimber, Rock Island Arsenal, Ill.; 2nd Lt. Royal V. Mackey, Jr., Erie Proving Gnd., Lacarne, Ohio; 2nd Lt. Robert G. Smith, Rock Island Arsenal, Ill.; 2nd Lt. John P. Sundt, off. C. of O., Wash., D. C.

2nd Lt. Donald A. Brownell, prior orders amended, from Ft. Benning, Ga.

2nd Lt. Edward H. Ham, from Aberdeen Proving Ground, Md., to 50th Ordnance Co., Ft. Dix, N. J.

2nd Lt. Elmer F. Spicer, from Aberdeen Proving Gnd., Md., to 50th Ord. Co., Ft. Dix, N. J.

2nd Lt. Maurice E. Foster, from Aberdeen Proving Gnd., Md., to Southwestern Proving Gnd., Hope, Ark.

2nd Lt. Jaque E. Van Giesen, from Aberdeen Proving Gnd., Md., to 50th Ord. Co., Ft. Dix, N. J.

SIGNAL CORPS

MAJ. GEN. J. O. MAUBORGNE, The CSO

Maj. Carter W. Clarke, from Ft. George Wright, Wash., to office of C. of S., Wash., D. C.

Maj. Howell P. French, Wash., D. C., 31 July, to inactive status.

Capt. Komenicus M. Soukars, from Gunter Fld., Ala., to Aircraft Radio Lab., Wright Fld., O.

Capt. Francis J. Darke, Jr., from Fairfield, O., 8 July, to office, C. of S., Wash., D. C.

Capt. Karyel H. Sarashohn, Camp Claiborne, La., to 63d S. Bn., that station.

Capt. James C. Smith, from Ft. Hayes, O., to Elmendorf Fld., Alaska, sail Seattle, Wash.

1st Lt. Marvin C. Riggert, Wash., D. C., to office, C. of S., same station.

1st Lt. Charles W. Davis, from Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., to off. CSO, Wash., D. C.

Following off., from Ft. Monmouth, N. J., to 15th Sig. Ser. Bn., that station: 1st Lt. James H. Caddes, 2nd Lt. Paul E. Felfert.

Following off., from station ind., 10 July, to 1st Aircraft Warning Co., Mitchel Fld., N. Y.: 1st Lt. Norbert C. Miller, Ft. Dix, N. J.; 1st Lt. Carl J. Yohe, Jr., Ft. Dix, N. J.; 2nd Lt. Martin Kwitek, Ft. Geo. M. Meade, Md.

2nd Lt. Jack Rogers, prior orders amended, from Ft. Monmouth, N. J., to Aircraft Warning Co., Philippine Dept., sail 14 July, San Francisco.

2nd Lt. Henry C. Mattingly, prior orders amended, to Hawaiian Dept., sail 25 July, San Francisco, Calif.

2nd Lt. Joseph E. Fox, from Augusta, Ga., to SC Aircraft Radio Lab., Wright Fld., O.

2nd Lt. Clem C. Bauman, Ft. Monmouth, N. J., to SC Sch., that station.

CHEMICAL WARFARE SERVICE

MAJ. GEN. WILLIAM N. PORTER, C. of CWS

Lt. Col. Thomas J. Johnston, from Cambridge, Mass., 15 Aug., to hq., II Army Corps, Wilmington, Del.

Lt. Col. Edward B. Blanchard, from San Francisco, Calif., to CW Depot, Edgewood Arsenal, Md.

Capt. Jack R. Naylor, from San Francisco, Calif., to office of the Under Sec. of War, Wash., D. C.

Capt. Ephraim M. Hampton, from Stockton, Calif., to Langley Fld., Va.

2nd Lt. Robert J. Lefebvre, from Edgewood Arsenal, Md., to off. C. of S., Wash., D. C.

CHAPLAIN CORPS

Ch. WILLIAM R. ARNOLD, C. of Ch.

Ch. (Maj.) JAMES C. CRAWSON, prior orders revoked.

Ch. (Capt.) ROBERT L. WASSON, from Camp Forrest, Tenn., 7 July, to inactive status.

Ch. (Capt.) JAMES T. WILSON, from Hawaiian Dept., to Ft. Eustis, Va.

Ch. (1st Lt.) THOMAS J. MONTGOMERY, from Camp Livingston, La., to 4th CASC, Ft. Benning, Ga.

CAVALRY

MAJ. GEN. JOHN K. HERR, C. of Cav.

Col. Harry A. Flint, prior orders amended, from Ft. Bliss, Tex., 9 July, to 7th CASC, Ft. Des Moines, Iowa.

Col. Thomas L. Sherburne, retired, 31 July, age 64.

Col. Howard R. Smalley, retd., 31 Aug., age 61.

1st Lt. LeRoy C. Henderson, prior orders revoked.

1st Lt. Robert F. H. Pollock, prior orders amended, from Ft. Jackson, S. C., to off. of JAG, Wash., D. C.

2nd Lt. Armand S. Michel, Ft. Jackson, S. C., to Panama Canal Dept., sail 24 July, New Orleans, La.

2nd Lt. Gail R. Palmer, from Ft. Crook, Neb., to QM Replacement Train. Cen., Ft. Francis E. Warren, Wyo.

2nd Lt. Ariel W. Nielson, from Kelly Fld., Tex., to Air Base, Savannah, Ga.

2nd Lt. William J. Coe, prior orders revoked.

2nd Lt. John C. Stratton, from Camp Blanding, Fla., to Camp Edwards, N. Y., 21 July, New Orleans, La.

Following 2nd Lts., prior orders revoked: Thomas R. Harrison, Edward Von Gendern.

2nd Lt. Arthur L. Applegate, from Ft. Ge. G. Meade, Md., 14 July, to inactive status.

COAST ARTILLERY CORPS

MAJ. GEN. JOSEPH A. GREEN, C. of CAC

Lt. Col. Henry H. Cameron, from Camp Edwards, Mass., 5 Aug., to Barrage Ball, Train. Cen., Camp Davis, N. C.

Maj. Laurence W. Bartlett, prior orders amended: 6 July.

Following Maj. from Panama Canal Dept., to station indicated: John F. Gambier, Anti-aircraft Train. Cen., Camp Stewart, Ga.; John J. Holst, 36th CA Brigade, Camp Edwards, Mass.

Capt. William N. Van Koughnet, Camp Davis, N. C., to Barrage Balloon Training Cen., that sta.

Following officers from station indicated, to Hawaiian Dept., sail 14 July, San Francisco, Calif.: Capt. Raymond C. Woods, Ft. H. G. Wright, N. Y.; 1st Lt. Robert W. Brown, Camp Edwards, Mass.; 1st Lt. Charles B. Cox, Ft. Banks, Mass.; 1st Lt. Charles M. Graves, Camp Upton, N. Y.; 1st Lt. Maurice V. Griffin, Camp Edwards, Mass.; 1st Lt. Walter H. Knox, Jr., Ft. Banks, Mass.; 1st Lt. John M. McCormick, Ft. Wetherill, R. I.; 2nd Lt. Francis H. Ayer, Camp Edwards, Mass.; 2nd Lt. James P. Balloch, Ft. Banks, Mass.; 2nd Lt. James H. Batchelder III, Ft. H. G. Wright, N. Y.; 2nd Lt. Edwin P. Gokey, Camp Edwards, Mass.; 2nd Lt. George K. Mason, Ft. H. G. Wright, N. Y.; 2nd Lt. John W. Yowell, Jr., Ft. H. G. Wright, N. Y.

Capt. Percy John Truscott, name changed to "John Phillip Truscott."

Capt. George J. Bedford, from Ft. Winfield Scott, Calif., to asst. const. QM, 9th Zone, San Francisco, Calif.

Capt. Henri B. Brunet, prior orders revoked.

Following off. from station ind., 17 July, to CAC Rep. Trng. Cen., Ft. Eustis, Va.: 1st Lt. Morton B. Crane, Ft. Totten, N. Y.; 1st Lt. Carl W. Fischer, Ft. Hamilton, N. Y.; 1st Lt. Robert L. Friend, Ft. Hamilton, N. Y.; 1st Lt. Andrew P. Jaeger, Ft. Hancock, N. J.; 1st Lt. Howard J. Keefer, Ft. Hancock, N. Y.; 1st Lt. William F. Kuhn, Ft. DuPont, Del.; 1st Lt. Gordon P. Miller, Ft. Hancock, N. J.; 1st Lt. John M. Teasdale, Ft. Hancock, N. J.; 1st Lt. Lawrence A. Twomey, Ft. Hancock, N. J.; 2nd Lt. Thomas W. Ackert, Ft. Tilden, N. Y.; 2nd Lt. George B. Curtis, Ft. Totten, N. Y.; 2nd Lt. Enoch D. Flowers, Jr., Ft. DuPont, Del.; 2nd Lt. Thomas A. Hackett, Ft. Totten, N. Y.; 2nd Lt. Raymond A. Lopez, Ft. Hancock, N. J.; 2nd Lt. John W. Loud, Jr., Ft. Hancock, N. J.; 2nd Lt. Richard E. Nodell, Ft. Totten, N. Y.; 2nd Lt. John P. O'Brien, Ft. Wadsworth, N. Y.; 2nd Lt. John N. Y.; 2nd Lt. Elroy A. Gruber, Ft. H. G. Wright, N. Y.; 2nd Lt. Robert Jacobs, Ft. Hancock, N. J.; 2nd Lt. Stephen G. Saltzman, Ft. Hamilton, N. Y.; 2nd Lt. Arthur S. Wellbaum, Ft. Adams, R. I.

1st Lt. George E. Budd, from Ft. Andrews, Mass., to Instr., CA Sch., Ft. Monroe, Va.

1st Lt. John T. Evans, prior orders revoked.

1st Lt. Charles M. Graves, prior orders amended: from Camp Upton, N. Y., to Camp Edwards, Mass.

Following 2nd Lts., from Ft. Hayes, O., to Philippine Dept., sail 24 July, San Fran.: Col. R. Bode, Robert G. Charles, William C. Kilduff, Emil M. Ulanowicz.

2nd Lt. Philip W. Shaw, prior orders revoked.

2nd Lt. Benjamin W. Dickerson, Jr., from Panama Canal Dept., to hqrs., 2nd CA dist., New York, N. Y.

2nd Lt. Joseph S. Peddie, prior orders amended, 19 July, AC train. Detach., Okla. Air College, Oklahoma City, Okla.

2nd Lt. Zebulon L. Strickland, Jr., prior orders amended, to Harbor Defenses of Pensacola, Ft. Barrancas, Fla.

2nd Lt. Robert M. Curtis, prior orders revoked.

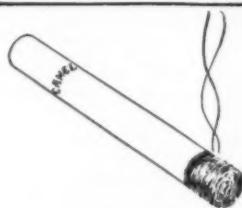
2nd Lt. William F. Kennedy, prior orders revoked.

INFANTRY

MAJ. GEN. COURTNEY H. HODGES, C. OF INF.

Col. Reginald H. Kelley, prior orders amended, from Camp Blanding, Fla., 15 July.

(Please turn to Page 1292)



The *smoke* of slower-burning Camels contains

28% LESS NICOTINE

than the average of the 4 other largest-selling brands tested—less than any of them—according to independent scientific tests *of the smoke itself!*



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And what a treat to a tired smoking taste a cool, flavorful Camel can be... how welcome Camel's extra mildness—extra freedom from nicotine in the smoke. Get Camels. For economy and convenience, buy the carton.



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It's Ralph Flanagan—swimmer of the world's fastest mile—lighting up that All-American mildness favorite, a slow-burning Camel

HERE's only one Ralph Flanagan—only a limited few who can even give him a good race. But, as a smoker, he's no different from millions of others when he tells you:

"Camel is the cigarette that is extra mild—easy on my throat—and has a flavor that doesn't wear out its welcome."

Yes, in every walk of life—in the ranks of the Army and Navy, too—the brand that clicks is the *flavorful* cigarette that is extra mild with *less nicotine in the smoke*. Science confirms this advantage of less nicotine (see left, above), but get Camels and smoke out the facts about mildness for yourself. The smoke's the thing!

R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Company, Winston-Salem, North Carolina



HERE (closest to camera) is Ralph Flanagan in action at Palm Springs. And they call that stroke a crawl! 5 times All-American—a mile in 20:42.6—and he still says: "I'd walk a mile for a Camel!"

BY BURNING 25% SLOWER than the average of the 4 other largest-selling brands tested—slower than any of them—Camels also give you a smoking *plus* equal, on the average, to

5 EXTRA SMOKES PER PACK!

Camel THE CIGARETTE OF COSTLIER TOBACCO

SERVICE NEWS AND GOSSIP

Foreign Affairs—World repercussion on the President's announcement of American occupation of Iceland, and contemplation of like action with respect to "all other strategic outposts," shows general realization of the consequences of his policy of display of force beyond the land and waters of the Western Hemisphere. Enthusiastically welcomed by Britain, whose Ambassador induced the Icelandic Government to invite the United States to take possession of the Island during the Emergency, there was bitter denunciation of the step by German and Italian authorities, and expression of Japanese anticipation that hostilities soon would develop between us and the Axis Powers. Germany describes the measure as a "stab in the back," thus recalling the President's attack upon Mussolini when Italy declared war on France, and has reiterated her determination to proceed against all shipping in the zone of operation within which Iceland lies. Rome regards it as genuine intervention in the war through American "interference with the Axis blockade zone." Japan looks upon it as "indicative of America's readiness to meet German attacks." Concerned over their possessions in the Atlantic, the Vichy Government, whose head, Marshal Petain, has just proclaimed that France hereafter will be authoritarian, is making no secret of its apprehension over prospective American action toward Caribbean Sea and West African possessions; the Spanish authorities are seeking to ascertain whether or not there is truth in the reports that we contemplate the seizure of the Canary Islands, and Portugal is recalling attention to her protest at the President's reference to the Cape Verde and Azores Islands in his 27 May address. Scandinavia cannot speak officially, but reports disclose its approval of what we have done.

The President's message, communicated to all the Pan-American Republics—two of which, Peru and Ecuador, are warring—declared that the United States would not permit German occupation of strategic outposts to be used as air or naval bases for eventual attack against the Western Hemisphere. Further, he stated it to be essential that Germany should not be allowed to seize strategic points in the South Atlantic and North Atlantic, and he pointed out that substantial American forces have been sent to Trinidad and British Guiana, in order to forestall any pincer movement undertaken against the Western Hemisphere. South American opinion has endorsed this expansion of our policy, and is prepared to cooperate in providing bases for American use.

It has not escaped the attention of foreign diplomats in Washington that the communication from the Prime Minister of Iceland, which the President accepted, requires the United States to take steps so as to be prepared "to meet every eventuality" and, especially, to provide sufficient airplanes for defensive purposes. To defend Iceland, there must be air reconnaissance as well as strong naval forces for patrol and protective services, and, of course, troops. This means operations some distance from Iceland toward the Norwegian coast and toward England, Ireland and Greenland, and reports of the appearance of any Axis craft which would be helpful to the British sea and air commands.

It will be noted the President stated that as Commander-in-Chief, he had issued orders to the Navy that all necessary steps be taken to insure safety of communications in the approaches between Iceland and the United States as well as on the seas between Iceland and all other strategic outposts. The troops on Iceland must be supplied, replaced and reenforced, and it will be the duty of the Navy to guard the ships conveying their requirements. The implication of the President's orders is that the Navy will protect all shipping, including that carrying Lend-lease supplies to England along the Greenland-Iceland route, and that the British will take over the convoys after they have reached Iceland waters. Thus, the British responsibility has been reduced to the small distance between Iceland and English ports, and such a concentration of ships and planes can be made over this route as to insure practically every vessel sailing from the United States reaching its destination.

It is not strange that the Axis Powers are greatly perturbed over the President's decision, timed as it was when Hitler's invasion of Russia is moving less smoothly than anticipated. It is recalled that when the Red Sea war zone was lifted—five American cargo boats are sailing each week carrying supplies to the British forces in the Near East—there were threats from Berlin and Rome, but not one ship, other than the Robin Moor bound for the Cape of Good Hope, has yet been sunk. For the time being possibly the Axis may refrain from attacking vessels between our ports and Iceland, but that this policy will be continued is unlikely, especially if Russia be crushed before the summer ends.

Quartermaster Corps—Motor Transport Schools maintained by the Quartermaster Corps at Ft. McPherson, Ga., and at Normoyle, San Antonio, Texas, have been allotted 72 Reserve Officer instructors by the War Department. Forty-seven already have been assigned, 35 of whom will go to Ft. McPherson and 12 to Normoyle.

The following have been ordered transferred from Holabird Quartermaster Depot to the Ft. McPherson School, which has a quota of 40: Captains Clayton L. Bargren, Paul G. Cramer, Herbert F. Farmer, Herschel G. Leatherman, Edgar A. Stoddard; 1st Lt. Albert A. Driscoll; 2nd Lts. George P. Montgomery, Robert S. Price.

Transferred to the Ft. McPherson School from other stations in the Fourth Corps Area were the following Reserve Officers: Maj. Ralph R. Klinger; Captains John Wible, John H. Grauman, Arthur Hawley; 1st Lts. Thomas A. Halpin, Roy E. Bevel, William A. Hicks, Robert L. McLester, Chester C. Miner; 2nd Lts. Zack T. Layfield, Jr., Richard G. Brumby, Clyde C. Sellers, Archer L. Luckey, Marion D. Dubose, Joseph Haas, Roy E. Cammack, Fenton F. Cox, Marshall P. Dean, Roy F. Hosier, William F. Locke, Maxwell M. Morrow.

Additional Reserve Officer instructors for Ft. McPherson include the following who have been ordered to extended active duty: Capt. John H. Ratliff; 1st Lts. William W. Rogers, Jessie L. Cox; 2nd Lts. Thomas G. Callaway, Cecil G. Getchell, Ben N. Velasquez. The remaining five instructors now in training at Holabird, have not been designated.

Twelve Reserve Officers now on duty at the Normoyle Quartermaster Depot have been designated as instructors at the Eighth Corps Area Motor Transport School at Normoyle. They are Majors Earl W. Aldrup, William G. T. Behrens, Leland A. Burbank; Captain Leslie G. Coley; 1st Lts. Thomas C. Burnett, Arthur M. Cory, Jack O. Cromwell, Harry Fox, Frank S. Lilley, William W. McDonald; 2nd Lts. Lloyd K. Cooke, Thomas B. McGary. Twenty additional Reserve Officer instructors will be transferred to the school from Holabird in the near future.

Army Air Forces—The Air Corps' civil school program was completed this week when the War Department announced that contracts have been signed with more than 18 civil schools for the elementary flying training of Aviation Cadets, and brings to a total of 41 the number of civilian schools operating under Air Corps contracts. All the new schools are scheduled to go into operation by early autumn to attain the Air Corps' 30,000-pilot training program.

Air Corps radio technicians are now being trained at the Army Air Corps Radio Operators and Mechanics School at Scott Field, Belleville, Ill., at the rate of approximately 20,000 a year making it the largest of its type in the world.

Orders have been issued for the transfer of 15 Air Corps units, the moves to be made at the earliest practicable dates. The units, the present station, and the new station, are as follows: 11th Transport Sqdn., Patterson Fld., Ohio, to Selfridge Fld., Mich.; Hqs. & Hqs. Sqdn., 64th T Gp., Duncan Fld., Tex., to March Fld., Calif.; 17th T Sqdn., McClellan Fld., Calif., to Hamilton Fld., Calif.; 18th T Sqdn., McClellan Fld., Calif., to March Fld., Calif.; 16th T Sqdn., McClellan Fld., to Portland Ore.; 13th T Sqdn., Patterson Fld., Ohio, to Drew Fld., Fla.; 14th T Sqdn., Duncan Fld., Tex., to Augusta, Ga.; 15th T Sqdn., Duncan Fld., Tex., to Augusta, Ga.; Hqs. & Hqs. Sqdn., 61st T Gp., Olmstead Fld., Pa., to Augusta, Ga.; Tow Target Det., Chicago, Ill., to Selfridge Fld., Mich.; Tow Target Det., Brooks Fld., Tex., to Ellington Fld., Tex.; Tow Target Det., Long Beach, Calif., to March Fld., Calif.; Tow Target Det., Pearson Fld., Wash., to McChord Fld., Wash.; Tow Target Det., Boston, Mass., to Manchester, N. H.; Tow Target Det., Atlanta, Ga., to Savannah, Ga.

Construction of additional storage facilities at three Air Corps Depots at an estimated total cost of \$1,650,000 was authorized this week by the War Department. Depots at which the work is to be carried out are: Rome, N. Y., Oklahoma City, Okla., and Wellston, Ga.

Construction of additional buildings at Maxwell Fld., Ala., was authorized by the War Department this week. Included in the construction program are a post office building, administration building, post exchange, recreation building, two school buildings, utilities and engineering.

Navy Judge Advocate General—Since the beginning of the National Defense program the Judge Advocate General of the Navy has passed on contracts for naval vessels, machinery and emergency plant facilities totaling five billion dollars. During the same period the Judge Advocate General also has passed on land acquisitions involving 157 sites, comprising 136,418 acres of land, valued at \$21,269,520.76.

Infantry—The second contingent of selectees at the Infantry Replacement Training Center, Camp Croft, S. C., was scheduled to begin a 13-week basic training period this week as the first group of 794 selectees completed training and departed the training center on 5 July to join the 28th Infantry Division at Indiantown Gap, Pa. The second contingent representing various sections in the New England states, composed of 741 white selectees, will replace the training strength in the 38th Battalion upon arrival at Camp Croft. On 7 July, 2,549 other selectees terminated the 13-week basic training at Croft and were scheduled to depart the training center as "line troops." They will join other established battalions and divisions.

A new field manual, FM 7-30 will shortly be distributed to Infantry Officers. The new manual, entitled Service Company and Medical Detachments, (Supply and Evacuation), Rifle Regiment, is at the present time being given finishing touches preparatory to printing. It will be followed shortly by FM 7-35, Headquarters Company, Intelligence and Signal Company, Rifle Regiment.

Lt. Col. I. M. Oseh, of the Office of the Chief of Infantry, left Washington this week for the Infantry post at Ft. Benning, Ga., to assist in experimental work relative to facilitating traffic at Ft. Benning. The traffic problem at Ft. Benning is becoming increasingly critical, it was said. Experiments will be conducted with route markings and other means in an effort to relieve the traffic situation.

One of the most modern and most comprehensive ranges for Infantry weapons in the United States has recently been completed at Ft. Jackson, S. C., and has been put in service. The new range system consists of known distance rifle range, a plain 1,000-inch range, a landscape range, combat ranges and an anti-tank range. The known distance rifle range, consisting of 400 targets, has a continuous firing line approximately one mile long. In order to operate the 400 targets, a detail of approximately 1,000 men is necessary. When the range is under full operation more than 2,000 men participate—400 men firing, 400 coaching, 400 scoring, 400 on the waiting line and 400 on the ready line. Combat ranges in the system are unique, in that all of them have targets that are operated electrically from a centrally located point.

Maj. Kenneth C. Strother, Inf., has been assigned as public relations officer for the Office of the Chief of Infantry. Major Strother was recently ordered to Washington from Ft. Benning, Ga. He replaces Capt. Karl Schmidt, Inf., who goes to the Infantry School, Ft. Benning, Ga. Lt. Col. George A. Davis, Inf., was also ordered from the Infantry School, and has been assigned to the training section, Office of the Chief of Infantry.

Chemical Warfare Service—The War Department announced this week plans for the construction of a \$40,000,000 manufacturing arsenal to produce smoke materials and other chemical warfare agents for the military establishment. The plant, to be located near Huntsville, Ala., will supplement the production facilities at Edgewood Arsenal, Md. The arsenal will include chemical manufacturing plants, plants for loading chemical shells, a storage depot, laboratories, shops, offices, hospital, and warehouses for receiving and shipping. It will be located on a 30,000 acre tract of land and require more than a million square feet of floor space for manufacturing operations.

Maj. Gen. William N. Porter, Chief of the Chemical Warfare Service, accompanied by Col. Edward Montgomery, of the Office of the Chief of Chemical Warfare Service, and Col. Alexander Wilson, president of the Chemical Warfare Service Board, this week made a formal inspection of the site of the new arsenal. All were members of the original board appointed to survey and study sites for the new arsenals.

A new type of gas mask for horses has been developed by the Chemical Warfare Service. It is available in two designs—one for horses used by mounted officers and horses attached to the Cavalry. The new mask, said to be far superior to the previous type, is carried in a canvas bag directly under the horse's neck. For mounted officers' horses, the double canisters are carried on either side of the horse's back directly in front of the saddle. For Cavalry horses, both canisters are carried on the right side and are balanced by the rifle which is carried on the left side. The mask is of heavy rubber.

July 12, 1941

Army Chaplains—A \$53,600 religious fund has been made available to the Chief of Chaplains for the fiscal year 1942, as compared with the \$45,000 allocated during the past fiscal year. The fund is to be used for procurement of religious supplies and materials, tuning of pianos and organs, and in meeting the variety of needs of the different religious groups. As an example, "yahrtzeit lamps" have been furnished those of the Jewish faith; "stations of the cross" to those of the Catholic faith; and "communion sets," to members of the Protestant faith. Four hundred sets of ecclesiastical appointments and 500 national colors and staffs were purchased for use in the new regimental chapels. The action is an added indication that the War Department approaches the problem of religion with the same attention that is given to problems of strictly military nature.

Purchase of United States colors and chaplains flags for all Army chapels has been approved. Both flags will be displayed in the chancel of each of the Army chapels. The United States flags are to be of silk 4.33 feet by 5.5 feet in size. The chaplains' flags also will be of silk. They are blue, with a white cross imposed in the center of the flag.

Prominent Jewish chaplains on active duty with the Army will participate in a series of three broadcasts for Jewish soldiers throughout the nation. Talks on the "Message of Israel" will be broadcast 19 July, 26 July and 2 Aug. from 6:00 to 6:30 p.m. (E.S.T.) by the NBC Blue Network. Chaplain Aryeh Lev, of the Chief of Chaplains Office, Washington, will conduct the first of the three services; Chaplain Bernard Segal, Ft. Dix, N. J., will conduct the second service, and Chaplain Benjamin A. Tinter, Ft. Monmouth, N. J., will give the final address.

Bureau of Ordnance—The Navy Department announced this week that a Naval Torpedo Station has been established at Alexandria, Va., with Capt. Robt. W. Hayler, USN, as Naval Inspector of Ordnance in charge. The station, established under the Bureau of Ordnance, incorporated shops 70 and 71, Navy Yard, Washington, D. C., as well as the torpedo testing range in the lower Potomac River at Piney Point, Md.

Field Artillery—Orders have been issued designating Col. Carlos Brewer, FA, Chief of Staff of the 9th Division. Colonel Brewer has been G-3 of the Division since its organization in August 1940.

A Provisional Field Artillery Brigade has been organized at Fort Bragg, N. C., under command of Col. John T. Kennedy. The following units have been relieved from attachment to the 13th FA Brigade and assigned to the Provisional Field Artillery Brigade: 4th Field Artillery Battalion, 6th Field Artillery Battalion, 47th Field Artillery, 72nd Field Artillery, 79th Field Artillery, 97th Field Artillery Battalion, 112th Field Artillery, 3d Field Artillery Observation Battalion, and 7th Field Artillery Observation Battalion.

A new Provisional Field Artillery Brigade, under command of Col. John T. Kennedy, has been activated at Fort Bragg as of 23 June. Brigade executive is Lt. Col. H. A. Cooney, 79th Field Artillery; adjutant is Capt. Charles R. Murray, 4th Field Artillery; and S-4 is 2nd Lt. Robert M. Brewer, 47th Field Artillery. The new brigade was formed from units attached to the 13th Field Artillery Brigade for training purposes.

Ordnance Department—Selection has been made of Huntsville, Ala., for an Ordnance Assembly Plant to be operated in conjunction with the Chemical Warfare Service Arsenal to be located about 8 miles southwest of Huntsville. Approximately \$6,000,000 will be used for construction of buildings and for purchase of machinery and equipment.

The plant will assemble shells and bombs after the chemical agents have been placed in them by the Chemical Warfare Arsenal. It will then attach the fuses to them.

National Guard—National Guard officers and men in the Army's field forces have expressed a "loyal willingness" to remain in the service of the United States as long as the present emergency continues, Maj. Gen. John F. Williams, Chief of the National Guard Bureau, declared this week. Soldiers training in the field desire to see the job through even though it take longer than 12 months. Federal service originally requested by President Roosevelt, General Williams said, after a tour of inspection to three of the four field armies, and to Alaska.

"Every person with whom I talked and every report that came to me concerning the sentiment of officers and enlisted men," the National Guard head stated, "indicated a loyal willingness on the part of all ranks to continue their service as long as the Nation needs them in the present emergency."

In this connection, it is recalled that the National Guard Association of the United States, meeting shortly after passage of legislation ordering National Guard units to Federal service for not more than 12 months, expressed desire that the guard units be kept in service at least as long as the selectees scheduled to be assigned to them.

General Williams praised the earnest attitude, state of training and high morale of the National Guard officers and men which he inspected. "Training of all units is progressing rapidly," he declared. "Men are becoming more skilled and hardened for field performance. They are cheerful and have high morale."

Medical Department—Legislation authorizing acquisition of land for an Army Medical Library and Museum in Washington, and adding \$1,000,000 to the amount previously authorized for the structure was voted this week by the House of Representatives. The bill, H. R. 5146, authorizes construction of a suitable building for the library and museum at a cost of not to exceed \$4,750,000.

Ft. Bragg's third hospital, equipped to take care of 1,000 patients, was opened 7 July to serve patients from the 9th Division and the 13th Field Artillery and the new Provisional Field Artillery Brigades. The new hospital, known as Station Hospital No. 3, is commanded by Lt. Col. John Sturgeon, MC.

Name Sponsors—Secretary of the Navy Knox last week announced designations as sponsors for the destroyer McCook and the submarine Trigger. Mrs. Reed Knox, of Bryn Mawr, Pa., was designated sponsor for the USS McCook named in honor of her grandfather, the late Comdr. Roderick S. McCook, USN. The McCook is under construction at Seattle, Washington.

Mrs. Walter N. Vernou, wife of Rear Adm. Vernou, senior member of the Board

of Inspection and Survey, Pacific Coast Selection, will serve as sponsor for the submarine USS Trigger, which is scheduled for launching on 22 October at the Navy Yard, Mare Island, Cal.

Coast Artillery Corps—All elements of the Hawaiian Separate Coast Artillery Brigade participated in the annual Department maneuvers during May. Field positions were taken by all troops, and command posts were manned. The final phase of the maneuvers included a simulated mass attack on Oahu by enemy troops, to be met by all echelons of the Hawaiian Department, together with naval units. The territorial blackout was conducted on 20 May, with all units cooperating. A letter was received from the Commanding General of the Hawaiian Department at the conclusion of the maneuvers, commanding all units and expressing satisfaction in the manner in which the maneuvers were conducted.

Corps of Engineers—Although the present course of instruction at the Engineer Replacement Training Center, Ft. Leonard Wood, Mo., has been reduced from 13 to 10 weeks due to late opening of the center, the next class which begins the middle of July, as well as subsequent classes, will be on the 13-week basis. All selectees at the Missouri and at the Ft. Belvoir, Va., centers undergo the same course of instruction, unlike selectees at the replacement centers of many of the other Arms and Services. The 528-hour course, of which 48 hours are left open to allow for delays, enables each man to be given about 101 hours in basic drills and instruction; 73 hours in marksmanship, bayonet drills, use of grenades and antiaircraft and machine gun firing; 256 hours in technical subjects and 50 hours of tactical training. Of the 256 hours of technical training, 68 hours are devoted to bridging, 44 hours to demolition and mining, 24 hours to engineer reconnaissance, 48 hours to obstacles, and varying periods to field fortifications and camouflage, use of tools and materials, general construction and technical night operations.

With decision to expand the soon-to-be-created engineer units which will operate with the four air forces from companies to battalions, and with expansion of the regiment assigned to headquarters GHQ Air Force to a three-battalion organization, additional construction has been ordered to house the new units.

The 21st Engineers (Aviation), stationed at Langley Field, Va., now numbers about 2,000 officers and men and eventually will have a complement of about 2,220. The 803rd Engineer Battalion (Aviation) (Separate) probably will be partially activated at Westover Field, Mass., by the end of this month, for duty with the 1st Air Force. The 808th Battalion will be stationed at March Field, Calif., where a housing program has been authorized though a date has not yet been set for activation of the unit. The 810th Battalion (Colored) will be activated at MacDill Field, Fla., the latter part of June. Each of these battalions eventually will number 21 officers and 615 men. The fourth battalion will be obtained by returning the 28th Engineers (aviation) to McChord Field, Wash., when its work in Alaska is finished. This regiment which consists of one battalion and regimental overhead will be redesignated the 802nd Engineer Battalion (Aviation) (Separate) and assigned to duty with the 3rd Air Force.

The Office of the Chief of Engineers has announced a number of changes in the North Atlantic Division and the Eastern Division, effective 1 August. The order changes the name of the Eastern Division to the Caribbean Division, and places the Puerto Rico District, heretofore under the North Atlantic Division under the Caribbean Division. The Newfoundland District is transferred from the Eastern Division to the North Atlantic Division, and the Island of Antigua is transferred from the Trinidad District to the Puerto Rico District.

Division Engineers in the North Atlantic and Eastern Division have been directed to transfer the records, appropriate property and funds involved in carrying out the above changes.

Marine Corps—Formation of the 1st Marine Aircraft Wing became effective this week at the Marine Barracks, Quantico, Va., as plans for the 2nd Aircraft Wing, to be established at the Marine Base, San Diego, Calif., neared completion. Organization of the 1st Wing, to be under the temporary command of Col. Louis E. Woods, was announced on 8 July and details of administration are still being completed. The wing will ultimately be commanded by Col. Roy S. Geiger, selected to be a brigadier general. It will be attached to the 1st Marine Division.

The 2nd Marine Aircraft Wing, which is in final stages of organization, is under the temporary command of Col. Francis P. Mulcahy, who will later be relieved by Brig. Gen. Ross E. Rowell. The wing will be attached to the 2nd Marine Division.

Each of the aircraft wings will consist of 16 squadrons of fighter planes, scout bombers, dive bombers and observation planes forming a tactical group. The mission of the tactical group will be to clear the way for and support landing parties of troops and to establish air bases for expeditionary forces as well as other similar duties.

The Navy Department has received reports stating that all members of the U.S. Marine Detachment which is being sent to London have been accounted for. The three members of the detachment who were unreported from the torpedoing of the foreign ship on which they were traveling were reported as safe, however their whereabouts was not disclosed. The three Marines who were unreported were: Pvt. 1c Taylor G. Collom, Pvt. 1c Selby O. Jones, and Pvt. 1c Herman W. Trall.

Army Industrial College—Eighty-one Regular and Reserve officers, beginning a three-month course at the Army Industrial College on 9 July, heard Under Secretary of War Robert P. Patterson tell them that they as graduates would be "missionaries who will go out into the field to preach the gospel of speed." Said Judge Patterson, "I cannot tell you that the eyes of America are upon you, because most of your fellow citizens never heard of the Army Industrial College. Your work is not spectacular. It is only essential. But I can assure you that the eyes of the Army are upon you, and that the War Department will follow your careers with a full appreciation of the importance of the job you are to do."

Parachute Battalion—The 502nd Parachute Battalion, Ft. Benning, Ga., will soon be brought to full strength with assignment of officers and enlisted men to the new group completed. This week 187 enlisted men from the 8th and 9th Infantry Divisions, were accepted as troops for the new battalion and were scheduled to enter the new parachute school at Ft. Benning, to undergo training for parachute duty. Upon completion of training, they will be assigned to the 502nd Parachute Battalion and will bring the new unit to full strength.

Army Orders

(Continued from Page 1293)

Ft. McKinley, P. I., ret. 31 July.
Sgt. Lester Bennett, Recruiting Sta., St. Joseph, Mo., ret. 31 July.
Sgt. Andres Monahan, (PS), Ft. Mills, P. I., ret. 31 July.

ORDERS TO RESERVES

(Orders to duty for one year unless otherwise indicated.)

Extended Active Duty, JAGD

Maj. Victor J. Rogers, 16 July, to JAG, Wash., D. C.
Maj. Ray C. Thomas, prior orders revoked.
Maj. Charles R. Mabee, prior orders revoked, 5 July, to office of C. of S., Wash., D. C.

Capt. George R. Taylor, 17 July, to asst. const. QM, Zone 8, Ft. Sam Houston, Tex.
Maj. Ralph G. Boyd, 21 July, to JAG, Wash., D. C.

Maj. Edward J. Kotrich, 21 July, off. of JAG, Wash., D. C.

Maj. Max R. Traurig, 1 Aug., to The JAG, Wash., D. C.

Capt. Charles H. Lynch, 23 July, to asst. const. QM, Zone 7, Omaha, Neb.

Extended Active Duty, QM

2nd Lt. Arthur E. Weinberg, prior orders amended; to Medical Dept., Brooklyn, N. Y.
2nd Lt. Simon Lazarus, Jr., prior orders revoked.

2nd Lt. John H. Midlen, 16 July, office QMG, Wash., D. C.

2nd Lt. Preston H. Longino, 16 July, off. of Under Sec. of War, Wash., D. C.

Capt. John H. Ratliff, 16 July, Motor Transport Sch., Ft. McPherson, Ga.

Capt. George E. Duff, 16 July, Holabird QM Depot, Baltimore, Md.

Capt. Thomas C. Burnett, 7 July, Motor Transport Sch., Normoyle QM Depot, San Antonio, Tex.

Maj. L. George Horowitz, 16 July, QMG, Wash., D. C.

Lt. Col. James R. Pollock, 17 July, to QMG, Wash., D. C.

2nd Lt. Harry M. Rhett, Jr., 21 July, to QMG, Wash., D. C.

2nd Lt. Llewellyn O. Scales, 7 July, to office of Under Sec. of War, Wash., D. C.

2nd Lt. Francis A. Wingate, 21 July, to asst. const. QM, Zone 2, New York, N. Y.

Capt. Edgar P. Sparks, 10 July, to Lowry Fld., Colo.

1st Lt. Murl F. Swart, 22 July, March Fld., Calif.

1st Lt. Robert F. Wilson, 22 July, SC Procurement Dist., Brooklyn, N. Y.

2nd Lt. Thomas G. Callaway, Jr., 10 July, Motor Trans. Sch., Ft. McPherson, Ga.

2nd Lt. Norman K. Pratt, 22 July, off. of Administrator of Export Control, Wash., D. C.

Capt. Arthur B. Foreman, 23 July, to Stark Gen. Hosp., Charleston, S. C.

1st Lt. Claude W. Wilson, 23 July, to Army Transport Ser., San Francisco, Calif.

Extended Active Duty, MC

1st Lt. Barney Lihm, 16 July, Air Depot, Middletown, Pa.

1st Lt. Eugene H. Silverston, 16 July, Army

Medical Center, Wash., D. C.

1st Lt. Jack R. Hughes, 3 July, Letterman General Hospital, San Francisco, Calif.
1st Lt. James H. Farrior, 16 July, Southeast AC Training Center, Maxwell Fld., Ala.

1st Lt. John E. Adams, 1 Aug., Hoff Gen. Hosp., Santa Barbara, Calif.

1st Lt. Robert C. Smith, 4 July, office of Eastern div. eng., New York, N. Y.

1st Lt. William D. Evans, prior orders revoked.

1st Lt. Logan E. Sawyer, 5 July, office of Eastern Div. Eng., New York, N. Y.

1st Lt. Archie Y. Eagles, 5 July, office of Eastern Div. Eng., New York, N. Y.

1st Lt. Jess F. Gamble, 3 July, Med. Fld. Service Sch., Carlisle Bks., Pa.

1st Lt. Melvin M. Simmons, 21 July, to Army Air Base, Meridian, Miss.

1st Lt. Ralph Wolpaw, 7 July, to Stark General Hospital, Charleston, S. C.

1st Lt. Edgar L. Dessen, 21 July, to Lovell General Hospital, Ft. Devens, Mass.

Capt. Paul F. Tillman, 21 July, to Army Air Base, Bangor, Me.

Capt. Lawrence H. Stevens, 19 July, O'Reilly General Hospital, Springfield, Mo.

Maj. John S. Crutcher, Jr., 22 July, Lawson General Hospital, Atlanta, Ga.

Capt. John L. Fromer, 1 Aug., Lovell General Hospital, Ft. Devens, Mass.

Capt. Edward A. Yurick, 1 Aug., to Gulf Coast AC Training Center, Randolph Fld., Tex.

Capt. Harry Burns, 1 Aug., to Scott Fld., Ill.

1st Lt. Francis R. Riesenman, 12 July, to Army Med. Center, Wash., D. C.

Extended Active Duty, D. C.

1st Lt. George N. Schulte, 7 July, to Med. Fld. Service Sch., Carlisle Bks., Pa.

1st Lt. Calton M. Burnham, Jr., 17 July, LaGarde General Hospital, New Orleans, La.

1st Lt. George L. Vandewall, 19 July, Barnes General Hospital, Vancouver Bks., Wash.

1st Lt. Samuel E. Backstrand, 22 July, McChord Fld., Wash.

Extended Active Duty, VC

Maj. Colenzo H. Hoffmire, prior orders revoked.

Capt. George W. Gillie, 5 July, to 1st Cav. Div., Ft. Bliss, Tex., until 1 Aug. 1941.

Extended Active Duty, MAC

2nd Lt. Gordon T. Ferguson, 22 July, Fly. Cadet Reception Cen., Moffett Fld., Calif.

Capt. Edward E. Dugan, 1 Aug., to Med. Depot, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Extended Active Duty, FD

Capt. Charles W. Dewey, prior orders amended, to Army Air Base, Windsor Locks, Conn.

1st Lt. Edward J. Mack, 21 July, AC Bas. Fly. Sch., Macon, Ga.

2nd Lt. James E. Erwin, 21 July, to LaGarde General Hospital, New Orleans, La.

1st Lt. Ernst G. Krause, 22 July, Ord. Dist., Cleveland, O.

1st Lt. John H. Morton, 28 July, Central AC Procurement Dist., Detroit, Mich.

Extended Active Duty, Engr.

1st Lt. David H. Fisher, 16 July, 30th Engr. Bn., Ft. Belvoir, Va.

2nd Lt. Joseph F. Rizzo, 14 July, 56th Engr. Co., Ft. Belvoir, Va., until 27 July 1941.

1st Lt. William C. Cude, 16 July, Engr. Board, Ft. Belvoir, Va.

Capt. Thomas G. Hanzelbush, 17 July, office of dist. engr., Los Angeles, Calif.

1st Lt. Jay F. Hall, 11 July, office of C. of O., Wash., D. C.

1st Lt. James L. Daly, 21 July, to OD, Arsenal, Rock Island, Ill.

1st Lt. John MacClaren, 19 July, to Engr. Board, Ft. Belvoir, Va.

2nd Lt. Kenneth N. Ryan, 21 July, 2nd Interceptor Command, Ft. Lawton, Seattle, Wash.

2nd Lt. Glen A. Thompson, 22 July, to asst. const. QM, Zone 3, Baltimore, Md.

2nd Lt. Edward G. Sherburne, Jr., prior orders revoked.

2nd Lt. Paul E. Smith, 23 July, to the Engr. Board, Ft. Belvoir, Va.

Extended Active Duty, OD

1st Lt. John A. Hrones, prior orders revoked.

1st Lt. Julius A. Roesch 3rd, 16 July, Ord.

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nance Dist., Chicago, Ill.

2nd Lt. John R. Robinson, 17 July, Ord. Dist., Rochester, N. Y.

2nd Lt. Robert M. Lovejoy, 17 July, C. of O., Wash., D. C.

Lt. Col. James D. Polley, 5 July, Ord. Depot, Charleston, S. C.

2nd Lt. Marvin L. Taylor, 21 July, to Ord. Dist., San Francisco, Calif.

2nd Lt. Carl H. Bunker, Jr., 21 July, to Plant, CWS, Niagara Falls, N. Y.

Lt. Col. Stanley H. Ellison, 15 July, to IGD, Wash., D. C.

Capt. Wayne L. Cockrell, 19 July, Ord. Dist., Detroit, Mich.

1st Lt. Henry H. Barr, 21 July, off. of C. of Ord., Wash., D. C.

2nd Lt. Rodney M. Gage, 21 July, Ord. Dist., Hartford, Conn.

1st Lt. Charles A. Tawney, Jr., 22 July, off. of C. of Ord., Wash., D. C.

Maj. William C. Morgan, Jr., 22 July, Holabird QM Depot, Baltimore, Md.

Maj. LeRoy C. Ensminger, 22 July, to asst. Army Inspector of Ord., General Motors Corp., Flint, Mich.

2nd Lt. Robert S. Young, 23 July, to Ord. Dist., Rochester, N. Y.

2nd Lt. Raymond S. Page, Jr., 23 July, to Ord. Dist., New York, N. Y.

2nd Lt. Howard W. Crussey, Jr., 23 July, to Ord. Dist., Cleveland, O.

1st Lt. George R. Gottschalk, 15 July, to off. C. of O., Wash., D. C.

Maj. John D. Kerr, Jr., 10 July, to off. C. of O., Wash., D. C.

nd Lt. John W. Startt, prior orders revoked, 23 July, to Ord. Repl. Train. Cen., Aberdeen Proving Ground, Md.

Extended Active Duty, SC

Following 1st Lts., prior orders revoked:

Thomas W. Abbott, Jules E. Gonseth, Jr.

2nd Lt. Alan Hill, 21 July, SC Procurement Dist., Brooklyn, N. Y.

1st Lt. Charles H. Collins, 24 July, to Historical Sect., Army War College, Wash., D. C.

Extended Active Duty, CWS

Following 1st Lts., prior orders revoked:

Thomas W. Abbott, Jules E. Gonseth, Jr.

2nd Lt. Raymond S. Page, Jr., 23 July, to Ord. Dist., New York, N. Y.

2nd Lt. Howard W. Crussey, Jr., 23 July, to Ord. Dist., Cleveland, O.

1st Lt. George R. Gottschalk, 15 July, to off. C. of O., Wash., D. C.

Maj. John D. Kerr, Jr., 10 July, to off. C. of O., Wash., D. C.

nd Lt. John W. Startt, prior orders revoked, 23 July, to Ord. Repl. Train. Cen., Aberdeen Proving Ground, Md.

Extended Active Duty, FA

Following 1st Lts., prior orders revoked:

Thomas W. Abbott, Jules E. Gonseth, Jr.

2nd Lt. William L. Johnson, 16 July, QM Depot, Philadelphia, Pa.

Capt. John C. Mueller, 17 July, to asst. const. QM, Zone 7, Omaha, Neb.

Maj. Alexander H. Arbuckle, 17 July, to asst. const. QM, Zone 3, Baltimore, Md.

2nd Lt. Gerald W. Shivers, 2 Aug., QM Sch., Ft. Monmouth, N. J.

2nd Lt. Sanford H. Kirkland, Jr., 12 July, to C. of O., Wash., D. C.

1st Lt. Frank E. Gant, 21 July, to FA Sch., Ft. Sil, Okla.

Capt. Harry A. Nelson, prior orders revoked.

2nd Lt. Robert D. Kline, 8 July, to off. of Under Sec. of War, Wash., D. C.

2nd Lt. Norman R. Archer, 15 July, to asst. const. QM, Zone 3, Baltimore, Md.

2nd Lt. Walter H. Brandenburg, Jr., 9 July, to Air Depot, Paterson Fld., Fairfield, O.

1st Lt. John H. Calfee, 22 July, off. of C. of S., Wash., D. C.

1st Lt. Benjamin H. Powell, IV, 22 July, to off. C. of S., Wash., D. C.

1st Lt. John F. Sandfort, 22 July, SC Procurement Dist., Port of Embarkation, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Maj. Walter P. Churchill, 22 July, to asst. const. QM, San Antonio, Tex.

1st Lt. Charles P. Babcock, 11 July, to off. C. of S., Wash., D. C.

1st Lt. Allan W. Flandro, 22 July, to asst. const. QM, Ogden, Utah.

Extended Active Duty, CAC

2nd Lt. Samuel H. Shrum, 16 July, to asst. const. QM, Zone 3, Baltimore, Md.

1st Lt. William W. Rogers, Jr., 16 July, QM Motor Transport Sch., Ft. McPherson, Ga.

1st Lt. Stephen A. Williams, 16 July, to asst. const. QM, Zone 7, Omaha, Neb.

Lt. Col. Will I. Levy, 16 July, to off. of Chief of Morale Branch, Wash., D. C.

2nd Lt. Joseph G. Kelley, 17 July, to asst. const. QM, Zone 4, Atlanta, Ga.

2nd Lt. Harry W. Beck, 17 July, to asst. const. QM, Zone 7, Omaha, Neb.

2nd Lt. Thomas B. Mechling, 5 July, to Harbor Defenses of Chesapeake Bay, Ft. Monroe, Va.

2nd Lt. William W. Neely, 5 July, to Harbor Defenses of Chesapeake Bay, Ft. Monroe, Va.

1st Lt. Arthur E. Holt, 17 July, to Air Depot, Ogden, Utah.

1st Lt. William R. Haseltine, 17 July, to OD, Frankford Arsenal, Philadelphia, Pa.

1st Lt. William N. Carey, Jr., 17 July, to U. S. Engr. Off., Jacksonville, Fla.

Maj. Kenneth M. Barager, 28 July, to Harbor Dept., sail 31 July, San Francisco, Calif.

2nd Lt. Joseph T. Materi, 9 July, to Harbor Defenses of Chesapeake Bay, Ft. Monroe, Va.

1st Lt. James B. Cordiner, Jr., 21 July, to QM, Wash., D. C.

1st Lt. Richard L. Hinch, Jr., prior orders revoked.

2nd Lt. Clyde H. Courtwright, 22 July, to CA School, Ft. Monroe, Va.

2nd Lt. John S. Ferguson, 22 July, to SC Procurement Dist., Brooklyn, N. Y.

1st Lt. Samuel R. Page, 22 July, to Hartford Ord. Dist., Springfield, Mass.

1st Lt. Jack N. Stephenson, 23 July, to asst. const. QM, Zone 3, Baltimore, Md.

2nd Lt. William V. Downer, Jr., 12 July, to Harbor Defenses of Chesapeake Bay, Ft. Monroe, Va.

Ch. (1st Lt.) Charles D. Rooney, 22 July, 8th Div., Ft. Jackson, S. C.

The Ship Building Program

(Continued from First Page)

the comparison ends there. For example, the 35,000 ton battleship, USS North Carolina, was recently completed at a cost of \$39,032,900 (hull and machinery, exclusive of ordnance); the USS Maryland, a battleship of 31,500 tons, was completed just 20 years ago at a cost of \$11,620,000 (hull and machinery, exclusive of ordnance). This comparison would seem to indicate that the rise in shipbuilding costs today is grossly disproportionate to the changes in conditions generally in the twenty year period elapsing between the construction of the two vessels. Superficial comparisons can produce only superficial conclusions. Analysis of the reasons for this pronounced difference discloses that the cost of material for the Maryland (\$5,500,000) was exceeded by nearly 3 times as much in the cost of materials for the North Carolina. Similarly in the labor costs, there is a spread of 35% between the 70.2 cents per hour in the building of the Maryland, as com-

pared with 94.5 cents in the case of the North Carolina. The picture in respect of labor costs, moreover, is not complete until note is taken of the fact that the construction of the North Carolina required a total of 12,375,000 man hours in excess of the total of 10,500,000 man hours involved in the construction of the Maryland. A difference of more than 12,000,000 man hours required to complete the construction of a vessel of but 3,500 more tons, is in itself a signal warning that no adequate comparison of costs can be made on the basis of tonnage alone. Further investigation discloses that the North Carolina carries more guns than the Maryland and has a greater speed; in addition the North Carolina requires a shaft horsepower of 121,000 as compared with the 30,000 shaft horsepower required by the Maryland—an increase of over 400%. Notwithstanding this tremendous increase in the power capacity of the North Carolina, the engineering plans of the two ships reveal that the power plant of the North Carolina has been compressed into a space not much larger than that

occupied by the machinery of the Maryland. Such a development entails more precise engineering, the use of special alloy steels and metals, and special methods of fabrication which must accompany the working of these metals. It is only in the light of these and other related developments that one can make an intelligent appraisal of the increase in the cost of Naval vessel construction today and the reasons therefor.

Rapid Progress

Originally the present Naval Expansion Program was planned for completion in 1947. Notwithstanding the fact that this was pretty generally regarded as an exceedingly optimistic estimate, the progress which has already been made in the first year of the Program indicates that the estimate will not only be met, but that it will be substantially undershot, providing the present rate of progress may be maintained, and even still further stepped up.

The unprecedented acceleration in the progress of the present Program has been made possible by a combination of factors. One of these factors has been the ability of the Department to award the construction of a particular vessel to that shipyard which appeared best adapted for efficient production in the shortest possible time. This ability was conferred by Congress on the Navy Department in the National Defense Act, which authorized the Department to award contracts for Naval construction after negotiation wherever it appeared that this method would more adequately serve the interests of National Defense than would be normal procedure of making awards after competitive bidding. Thus authorized, the Navy Department has been able to capitalize on the specialized experience of certain yards in the construction of particular types of vessel.

A second and very important factor has been the adherence by the Navy Department to a policy of duplicating the existing designs for individual types of vessel to be constructed. This policy has made it possible to approach production line methods in the construction of Naval vessels.

Expansion of Facilities

A third factor of the greatest importance is the expansion of the shipbuilding facilities of both Navy and privately-owned shipyards. At the time of the enactment of the 11% Expansion Program it appeared that the construction authorized under that Program, taken together with other existing authorizations for Naval construction, would completely utilize the existing ship-building facilities for the construction of large type combatant vessels in both Navy yards and private shipyards, and would largely monopolize existing trained personnel. In embarking on the additional 70% Expansion Program, it was therefore necessary to undertake on a wholesale scale an expansion of shipbuilding facilities and a training of new shipbuilding personnel. The currently estimated cost of the facility expansion now under way is \$800,000,000. As presently planned this total estimated expenditure is divided between shipyards and the various plants producing the component parts going into the construction of ships (other than ordnance material) in a rough proportion of 75% for the shipyards, and 25% for the general industry. Of the 75% allocated for the expansion of shipyards as such, the Navy Yards have been receiving approximately 60%, and the privately owned shipyards the remainder. Comparing the presently estimated cost of

facility expansion with the presently estimated cost of vessel construction, it thus appears that the present Program contemplates an expenditure of one dollar for expansion to facilitate and expedite approximately nine dollars worth of ship construction.

125 Private Yards

At the present time there are about 125 private shipyards, in addition to the 10 Navy yards, and one Naval station (Guam), engaged in building vessels for the Navy. These are spread along the country's entire coast-line, East and West, as well as along the Gulf, and include a large number of shipyards in the Great Lakes area, which are engaged in the construction of smaller type vessels.

To match and balance this maximum utilization of existing facilities and the rapid expansion and development of new ones, the Navy Department has undertaken the promotion of a system of training employees to provide the required increase in trained personnel. Regular training systems have been set up in all the major shipyards and manufacturing plants, and to a somewhat lesser extent in the smaller plants as well. In addition, Federal and State agencies have cooperated wholeheartedly in locating and harnessing to the National Defense Program all available personnel scattered throughout the country. Some idea of the increase in shipbuilding employment which has already taken place, and a forecast of the increase which lies directly ahead, may be secured from the following comparison: In July 1940 there was a total employment of 167,274 men in Navy and privately owned shipyards engaged in all kinds of ship construction and repair work for both Government and private interests. The latest authoritative figures, which are those of 15 April 1941, disclose a comparable total of 284,300. A further increase to 345,000 is expected by 1 July 1941, and by 1 July 1942, the total is anticipated to reach 555,600 men. This expanded and expanding ship-building personnel is now operating on a 48-hour work week basis, where prior to the Emergency the entire industry was on a 5-day, 40-hour-week basis. In addition, so far as it is presently possible to do so, three labor shifts are being employed in both Navy and privately-owned shipyards.

Sound Basis

A circumstance which has been pretty generally overlooked, but which has unquestionably played a great part in making possible the magnitude and progress of the present Program, is the fact that for the seven years preceding the present Program there was being carried on a program of Naval construction, modest when judged by present-day comparisons, but steady in its operation and well diversified in its planning. This program made possible the development of standard designs for the various types of naval vessels, and the building up of the experienced nucleus of shipyard facilities and trained personnel which today is being so widely expanded. From the commencement of the Disarmament Program in 1922 until the enactment of the National Industrial Recovery Act in 1933, the shipbuilding industry in both Navy and privately-owned shipyards had been permitted to become almost wholly moribund. At the time of the enactment of the N.I.R.A. there were only six Navy yards and but five private yards engaged in ship construction and repair work, and these were operating at extremely low levels. Had it not been for the program of new ship construction undertaken in N.I.R.A., and subsequently in the Vinson-Trammel Act of 27 March 1934, the Emergency Construction Act of 19 June 1934, it would have been impossible with any hope of success to have undertaken a program of the magnitude of the present one.

Unparalleled as has been the progress already made, it is hoped that it will prove to be but a prelude to even far greater achievements to come in the doubtful days that lie immediately before us. Nothing short of super-human efforts can accomplish the task to which we have set ourselves. In a recent address to representatives of the shipbuilding industry the Secretary of the Navy outlined with unmistakable clarity how

(Continued on Next Page)

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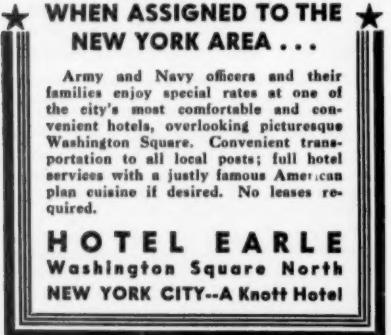
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The Ship Building Program

(Continued from Preceding Page)

great the task is, when he said: "We can and we must bring about a miracle, for it is a miracle I am asking for. We have got to catch up with the nation that spent the last seven years getting ready for this terrible thing that has come upon the world. We have got to fight the clock twenty-four hours a day, seven days a week."

(The opinions or assertions contained in the above article are the private ones of the writer and are not to be construed as official or reflecting the views of the Navy Department or the Naval Service at large.)

Reorganize Fourth Division

Drastic reorganization of the Fourth Triangular Division, to increase fire-power, add tank support, and employ self-propelled 75-mm howitzers, was announced 3 July by Secretary of War Stimson.

Regular units will be brought up in all manufacturing extent. In addition, a company of training and a company of engineers will be organized. The Fourth Division, Ft. Benning, Ga., is now the Army's only motorized division. Its strength is being reduced from 15,550 men to 14,000 men, but the new organization is expected to have about 50 percent more fire-power. Number of officers will remain unchanged. The new set-up will be tested in maneuvers this November, though full equipment may not be available.

Plans call for the introduction of a self-propelled 75-mm howitzer as a weapon of the Infantry regiment of the Division. Reconnaissance strength will be increased to include substantial force of light tanks and a company of bantam cars. There will be added a battalion of medium tanks, additional anti-tank guns and for the first time, 37-mm anti-aircraft guns will be furnished the division.

The present motorized division has a reconnaissance unit of one troop. The new reconnaissance force will be a battalion of four companies—new light tank companies with 52 tanks, one company of 36 bantam cars, and a weapons company equipped with anti-tank and anti-aircraft guns.

Each of the division's Infantry regiments will be re-organized into two rifle battalions and one support battalion. The regiments will have only about two-thirds of the present strength. Each rifle battalion will consist of two rifle companies and a weapons company. The support battalion will have one company of the 75-mm howitzers, a company of 37-mm anti-tank guns, and a company of 50 caliber anti-aircraft machine guns.

Present division artillery will be changed only by removing anti-tank companies which will be organized into a separate battalion. This battalion will have two companies of 37-mm guns, one company of 75-mm guns, and a land mine company. There will be a tank battalion with 54 medium tanks.

In addition to the anti-aircraft companies in each Infantry regiment, there will be an anti-aircraft battalion armed with 24 37-mm guns.

The present Engineer battalion will be enlarged principally in its bridge building facilities. A truck company will be added to the Quartermaster battalion and the present gasoline supply and motor maintenance platoons will be expanded into companies. An Ordnance maintenance

company will be added to the division. There will be no change in the form of the Medical battalion.

Comparative strengths of the present and proposed organizations follow:

Strength	Present Division	Proposed Division
Enlisted Men	15,550	14,000
Machine Guns	282	465
Automatic Rifles	258	116
Submachine Guns	215	534
Anti-tank Guns	68	92
Anti-aircraft Guns	0	48
Cannon		
75-105-155 mm.	48	66
Mortars		
60-81 mm.	117	72
Armored Reconnaissance		
Vehicles	16	78*
Tanks	0	54
Motor Vehicles	2,400	2,600

*Note: Armored Reconnaissance vehicles—52 light tanks, 26 scout cars.

Colonel Olds Awarded Trophy

Col. Robert Olds, Chief of the Air Corps Ferrying Command speeding bombers to Great Britain, was awarded on 8 July the bronze trophy and medal of the International League of Aviators for his service in commanding the Army Flying Fortress squadrons on goodwill missions to South America.

Making the presentations in his offices in the War Department in the presence of a distinguished gathering, Mr. Robert A. Lovett, Assistant Secretary for Air, said:

"Col. Robert Olds, I have the honor of presenting to you this bronze trophy of the International League of Aviators. It has been awarded to you for the many contributions you have made to the science of Aeronautics. More particularly, it is presented to you for having commanded successful flights of Army Flying Fortresses to our good neighbor nations in South America. These outstanding accomplishments are shared by both American aviation engineers and American pilots. We appreciate their being recognized by this internationally famous association of aeronautical authorities. Colonel Olds, the trophy carries with it this medal for which the late Albert, King of the Belgians, personally posed. In the name of the Army Air Forces, I congratulate you."

Colonel Olds responded:

"Thank you, Secretary Lovett, for taking time from your busy day to present to me this trophy and this medal, both of which I accept with gratitude. I am truly grateful to the International League of Aviators for deeming me worthy of these honors. It was sufficient honor for me to have been nominated to command the Flying Fortresses on the South American flights. If you will excuse me now, I will get back to the Air Corps Ferrying Command—Britain needs bombers more than I need medals, and my job is to help in Keeping Them Flying."

Maj. Shea Wins Amateur Golf Title

Unruffled by heated competition, Maj. A. F. Shea, AC, Hawaiian Department Officers' champion, annexed the Hawaiian amateur golf championship in a match held in Honolulu 6 to 8 June, by defeating Lelo Palenapa, of Palolo, defending titlist 4 and 2, in the 36-hole finals. Playing steady golf in contrast to the big Hawaiian shotmaker's erratic game, Major Shea closed the match on the 34th hole after leading most of the way, and became the second Army officer to win the Manoa Cup, symbolic of the amateur championship of the department.

Previously, Major Shea defeated Lois Horton, enlisted men's titlist of the Army, 8 and 7, in the semi-finals.

Letters to the Editor

Open Army Shirts

Editor, ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL:

If the War Department has not yet done its good turn for this week, I suggest the following: issue an order permitting officers and troops to dispense with the necktie and to wear the shirt collar unbuttoned at all times when the coat is not worn, either in garrison or field, on or off a post, before or after retreat.

There is no need to explain the need for this move. Most of the staff officers now occupying air-conditioned offices in Washington, can remember when they were with troops, and they know the torture and misery suffered by the unlucky wearers of the so-called summer uniform. The need for relief applies equally to the tropical stations, to the Mexican Border, and to the northern states.

One amendment to my suggestion in the first paragraph above; substitute the word "requiring" for the word "permitting", to discourage star-gazers from following their usual custom of twisting the meaning of War Department directives.

Yours for a 100% increase in efficiency, a 500% increase in comfort, and a 1000% increase in morale.

"Pro Bono Militari"

Passing Checks

The ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL is in receipt of the following letter:

"1. There is a man going around to different Army and Navy posts impersonating Lt. Col. R. P. Bourbon, Medical Corps, USA. He cashed a check, drawn on The Pennsylvania Company, for Insurances on Lives and Granting Annuities, Philadelphia, Penna., in the amount of \$20.00, signed by the above Lt. Colonel's name.

"He is a man of about 5 feet 5 inches in height and is dark complected.

"E. L. WHITE,
2nd Lt., Infantry,
Post Exchange Officer."

Breaks Hand Gun Record

The five man team of the 250th Coast Artillery, stationed at Camp McQuaide, Calif., is credited with having broken both the "Service" and the "Open" world's records with the .22 caliber pistol over the National Match Course on 22 June 1941 in the state championship matches of the California Rifle and Pistol Association, a registered tournament.

The service men took the gold medals with the following scores:

	50 yds.	25 yds.	25 yds.	Total
Curo, 1st Lt. G. W. . .	93	99	99	291
Hardy, Col. D. P. . .	95	97	97	289
Marelle, Sgt. M. . .	94	98	96	288
McHeegan, S. Sgt. D. L. . .	93	98	96	287
Hancock, 1st Lt. W. A. . .	89	97	99	285
	464	489	487	1440

Automotive Mechanics

Courses in automotive and allied mechanics will be given by the Army to 2,500 enlisted men during the next year. They will be sent to civilian schools.

Quotas follow:

Armored Force—Motor Mechanics, 935; Diesel Engine Mechanics, 100; and Welders, Gas & Electric, 75.

Cavalry—Motor Mechanics, 100.

Coast Artillery—Diesel Engine Mechanics, 20.

Field Artillery—Auto Mechanics, 314; and Ignition and Carburetor Mechanics, 52.

Infantry—Auto Mechanics, 250.

Ordnance—Auto Mechanics, 100; and Diesel Engine Mechanics, 100.

Quartermaster Corps—Auto Specialists, 520.

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MRS. HAROLD STARK, wife of the Chief of Naval Operations, Admiral Stark, is leaving Washington next Friday for their summer pied de terre at Lake Carey in Pennsylvania, where the Admiral will join her for week-ends, when and if he can get away from his desk.

The Major General Commandant of the Marine Corps, Thomas Holcomb, with Mrs. Holcomb is cruising along the Potomac and in Chesapeake Bay in their little craft, "The Slow Boat." They expect to return to the Marine Barracks by 13 July.

The Commanding officer of the Marine Barracks in Washington, Col. John Potts, and Mrs. Potts are week-ending with Mr. and Mrs. Aldrich Dudley at their chalet "on the mountain" at Bluemont, Va.

Colonel and Mrs. Potts are expecting to have with them at their place on the Potomac, "Fontaine," English friends whom they knew in China. They are Mr. and Mrs. J. M. H. Osborne who are en route from South Africa, where they have been sojourning with British relatives. They left Africa in May and are due to arrive sometime in the very near future.

Maj. Gen. Louis McC. Little and Mrs. Little entertained at a luncheon at the Officer's mess at Quantico, after the changing of the Post Sick Bay into a Naval Hospital, last week, with appropriate formal presentation. The presentation was made by General Little and accepted by Rear Adm. Charles Oman who acted as the representative of the Bureau of Medicine and Surgery. Capt. J. B. Pollard conducted the company on an inspection tour. Admiral Oman was also entertained at a tea given by General and Mrs. Little for the doctors on the post and their wives.

Capt. Lybrand P. Smith, USN, and Mrs. Smith, have visiting them in Washington, D. C., the First Secretary of the U. S. Embassy in Tokyo, Japan, and Mrs. George A. Mackinson, the latter a sister of Mrs. Smith. They are on leave in the States.

Comdr. Robert W. Berry, USN, and Mrs. Berry and Miss Emily Berry are spending the week with Mrs. Berry's brother, Lt. Comdr. G. C. Crawford, and Mrs. Crawford at New London, Conn. Miss Emily Berry, just home from school at Montreal College, N. C., is one of the attractive junior additions to the service circle in Washington, D. C.

Col. and Mrs. E. J. O'Hara entertained at dinner Saturday evening, in compliment to Maj. and Mrs. Kenneth E. Webber who have just recently come to Washington and have been house guests of Lt. Col. and Mrs. Thomas G. McCulloch. They have now located at 3116 Rodman Street, N. W.

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SERVICE SOCIAL NEWS

Comdr. Allan R. McCann, on duty at Portsmouth, N. H. has returned to Washington from a visit to her father, and another stay in Boston with her aunt, Mrs. W. H. Ridley, where Mrs. McCann and another daughter, Caroline, have been since early June. Miss Barbara McCann is president of the Service sorority, Tau Omicron Phi.

Capt. Abram Claude, USN, Mrs. Claude and Miss Kitty Claude have gone to Essex, Conn., to visit Mrs. Thomas Willets, another daughter of the family.

Captain and Mrs. Henry Bruns have recently arrived in Washington from Honolulu and are staying at the Brighton.

Dining on the roof of the Army and Navy Club the other evening were Col. George B. Hunter from New Orleans and his brother-in-law and sister, Col. and Mrs. Robert Sterett.

Miss Helen O'Dell, daughter of Comdr. Seitz, has just arrived in Washington from the West Coast where she has been in school, and the other day she entertained at luncheon some of the young women she knew in Honolulu, when her father was stationed there. In the company were Miss Martha Parsons, daughter of Dr. R. P. Parsons, USN., Miss Dabney Rawlings, Miss Betty Stribling, Miss Patricia Hook.

Frequenting the tennis courts and swimming pool at the Army-Navy Country Club are seen several service Juniors back from college and school for the summer. Among them are Beverly and Louise Ladd, daughters of Lt. Col. and Mrs. Shaler Ladd vacationing from the Maryland University; also Miss Dorothy Ann Wheatley, daughter of Comdr. Charles Wheatley, from the University of Nashville; Miss Jean Holloway from St. Catherine's in Richmond; also Miss Claire Foster from Radcliffe College, who has now left to join her father at Norfolk, where he is on duty. Miss Jean Glennon, daughter of Comdr. and Mrs. James B. Glennon is another Navy girl home for vacation. She was hostess at a tea shortly after her arrival from Sweet Briar.

Brig. Gen. Edward Osterman was the guest of honor at a dinner party given in Newport last Saturday evening by Mrs. Frederick Mitchell Gould of Washington, summering at the resort.

Lt. Col. and Mrs. John Mechem of Washington, D. C., have opened their summer home at Gloucester, on Cape Ann, Mass., the former planning to commute week-ends to the shore.

Henry Thomas Mayo, 2nd, son of Col. and Mrs. George Mayo, CE, USA, and grandson of the late Admiral Henry T. Mayo, commander in chief of the Atlantic Fleet during the World War, entered the Naval Academy on 1 July as a midshipman. Midshipman Mayo is a nephew of Capt. Chester G. Mayo, USN.

Dr. Andrew M. Ryan has been called to active duty in the Army and is now stationed at Letterman General Hospital, Presidio, San Francisco, Calif. Dr. Ryan was graduated from Tulane University and has been in practice in San Francisco the last ten years.

A book entitled "The Army Wife—What She Ought to Know about the Customs of the Service and the Management of an Army Household" will be released by the publishers next month. The book, written by Nancy B. Shea, wife of Maj. A. F. Shea, AC, now in the Hawaiian Department, is not intended as a book of etiquette, but was written for brides and wives of Reserve Officers to whom the customs of the Service are new and different. It contains a fund of information starting out with the Kaydet Girl at West Point, the Flying Cadet Girl, a Full Military Wedding, The Bride's First Quarters, etc., and takes her through life in the Army.



MISS NANCY THOMASON
LANDRETH
daughter of Lt. Col. and Mrs. Earl
Landreth, 4th Infantry, whose
engagement to Lt. Charles D. T. Lenn-
hoff, 75th CA, has been announced.
The wedding will take place in
Anchorage, Alaska, this month.

Weddings and Engagements

THE Cathedral of Saint Mary and Saint John, Manila, Philippine Islands was the scene of an impressive military wedding 17 May when Miss Lois Maybelle Carter, daughter of Lt. Col. and Mrs. James Donison Carter, Ft. William McKinley, became the bride of Lt. Gordon Arthur Utke, USA, son of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur George Utke of Endlin, N. D.

The Rev. William C. Baxter, rector of the cathedral, officiated and Melvin C. Toyne was the organist. Shortly before the beginning of the service, a detachment of Filipino soldiers who have been under Colonel Carter's command for many years entered the church and stood at attention in the right transept throughout the ceremony. Just before the entrance of the bridal party Miss Mollie MacDonald, a childhood friend of the bride sang "Because."

Lieutenant Utke, who is stationed with the 31st Infantry in Manila, had as his best man, Lt. Carl H. Wall, while eight brother officers acted as ushers. They were: Lts. James R. Tugge, George W. Wylie, Joseph O. Stensland, Cecil R. Welchko, John R. Richardson, John W. Thompson, Louis F. Murphy, and Don G. Whitman. The three bridesmaids, Miss Nancy Lewis, Mrs. Herbert Searl and Miss Betty Lou Gewald, and the matron of honor, Mrs. Frank Thompson, preceded the bride up the aisle in single file.

The blonde bride, who was escorted to the altar by her father, was lovely in a gown of blush pink satin and marquisette fashioned on redingote lines. The full length veil of bridal illusion was held in place by two clusters of sampaguitas. High-light of the bride's ensemble was the unusual bouquet made of three blossoms of the night-blooming cereus. They were tied with wide white satin ribbon which hung in streamers to the floor. As these flowers only bloom about three times a year the bride was prepared to carry a sampaguita-trimmed prayer-book in case the cereus were not open.

As the bride and bridegroom left the church they passed under the traditional arch of steel formed by the sabers of the ushers. The reception was held at the Ft. McKinley Officer's Club where small tables were grouped around the swimming pool which reflected the bridal party and guests. The bride used the sabers belonging to both her husband and her father to cut the wedding cake which was decorated with small silver wedding bells which tinkled in the breeze and which

were later distributed to the feminine guests for charm bracelets.

Lieutenant and Mrs. Utke spent their honeymoon in Baguio.

Maj. Gen. Guy V. Henry, USA, and Mrs. Henry of Chevy Chase, Md., announce the engagement of their daughter, Patricia Verner, to Capt. Edward Worthington Williams, Cav., son of the late Col. George Williams, USA. Miss Henry was graduated from Holton Arms, Washington, D. C. in June 1936 and is a member of the Washington Junior League.

Captain Williams, a graduate of the United States Military Academy in 1936, is now on duty at Ft. Myer, Va. and an Alde at The White House.

The wedding will take place in the Fall. Miss Henry is known as an expert equestrienne and has taken part in most of the Ft. Myer horse shows as well as other shows throughout the country.

Miss Narcissa Pillow Reeder, daughter of Col. Russell Potter Reeder, USA-Ret., and Mrs. Reeder of "Reederhaven", Phoenix, Va., was married to Mr. Thomas Baird Campion, son of Mr. Edward Winslow Campion, and the late Mrs. Campion, of Columbus, Ohio, at 8 o'clock, 5 July, at Saint John's Episcopal Church, Hampton, Va. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Roger Williams Bennett (the bride's cousin) of Saint Mary's Church, Newton Lower Falls, Mass., assisted by the Rev. Carter Henry Harrison of Hampton.

The bride was given in marriage by her father, Col. Russel Potter Reeder. She wore a 15th century style costume with bouffant tulle skirt, and train. Lace basque had a sweetheart neck and Marie D'Medici collar. The full length veil of illusion was fastened by a miniature orange blossom wreath, and her bouquet was of white orchids and baby's breath.

The attendants were: Maid-of-honor, Miss Jane Sunderland (Hampton, Va.); Matron-of-honor, Mrs. Charles P. Summerall, jr. (Fort Knox, Ky.—sister of the bride), Miss Peggy Conlon, Mrs. John E. Wood, Miss Constance Truxton and Miss Judy Summerall.

The best man was Mr. Frank Campion of New Haven, Conn.—brother of groom. Ushers were: Maj. Charles P. Summerall, jr., (bride's brother-in-law) of Ft. Knox, Ky., Lt. Frederick M. Reeder, USN (bride's brother) of Pensacola, Fla., Mr. Thaddens Brown of Washington, D. C., Mr. Eugene Emerson of Cambridge, Mass., Mr. Hans Carstensen of Cambridge, Mass., Mr. Robert Heinze of Cincinnati, O., and Mr. Charles P. Summerall 3rd, of Ft. Knox, Ky.

At the Casemate Club at Ft. Monroe, a reception followed. The bride attended preparatory school in Balboa, Panama, and received an A.B. degree from Wellesley College, 1938. She is a member of Zeta Alpha Society. The bridegroom attended Phillips Academy, Andover, Mass.

(Continued on Next Page)



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Posts and Stations

WEST POINT, N. Y.
11 July 1941

Lt. Bradish J. Smith and Mrs. Smith have returned to West Point from Swampscott, Mass., where they were the guests of Col. and Mrs. G. G. Smith. After a visit with Mrs. Smith's parents Col. and Mrs. Roger G. Alexander they will go to their new station at Benning, Ga.

Miss Jean Jeffords, daughter of Col. and Mrs. Eugene Jeffords, has been the house guest of Maj. and Mrs. William L. Allen. She returned to Ft. Tilden, L. I., on Sunday. Major and Mrs. Allen are leaving today to visit in Long Beach, L. I.

Maj. and Mrs. Webster Anderson are the guests of Maj. and Mrs. H. B. Kunzig. The Andersons left the post in March.

Maj. Charles Nicholas reported on Wednesday for duty with the Department of Mathematics. Mrs. Nicholas and daughter are visiting in Louisville, Ky., with her mother, Mrs. W. Allen and will join Major Nicholas on 15 July.

Mrs. A. F. Clark, Jr., is visiting her parents Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Santry of Seattle, Wash., until the middle of August. Captain Clark returned to the post from a visit to his parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Clark of Bridgewater, Mass., on the sixth.

Guests of Maj. J. M. Weikert and Mrs. Weikert over the week-end were Mr. and Mrs. Norman Patton of New York City.

Col. W. E. Morrison and Mrs. Morrison had guests until 8 July. Col. and Mrs. McNeil of Washington, D. C., and their daughter Mary, also their son Mr. Albert Morrison who is in training for the Naval Reserve on Prairie State, in N. Y. Miss Betty Burlingham of New York was also a guest of the Morrisons, from 3 July until 6 July.

ANNAPOLIS, MD.
8 July 1941

Capt. and Mrs. Mark St. Clair Ellis entertained at a luncheon on Sunday at their home at Wardour.

Lt. and Mrs. Thomas H. Morton will leave this week for Yorktown, Va.

Mrs. Williams, wife of Lt. Jack Williams, and their young daughter, will arrive soon from Honolulu to visit Mrs. William's mother, Mrs. James Ferguson.

Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Robert L. Morris and their two daughters, are spending a short leave, visiting in Michigan. Lt. Comdr. Morris is on duty at the Post Graduate School. Comdr. and Mrs. Robert R. Thompson have arrived in Annapolis and are staying at Cavalier Hall.

Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Philip P. Welch of Washington, spent the 4th of July with Lt. Comdr. Welch's father, Mr. Allen B. Welch. Maj. David K. Claude, USMC, has returned to Quantico after visiting his mother, Mrs. Gordon H. Claude.

Lt. and Mr. H. C. Rust left last week for a cruise on the Great Lakes. Lt. Rust will return for the beginning of academic year on 15 July, while Mrs. Rust and the children will visit in New Jersey.

NORFOLK, VA.
10 July 1941

Capt. and Mrs. H. Adrian McClure were hosts Saturday night at a dinner given at their quarters in the Naval Operating Base, in honor of Rear Adm. and Mrs. Manley H. Williams. The guests in addition to the guests of honor included Rear Adm. and Mrs. Trevor W. Lentze, Capt. and Mrs. S. S. Payne, Capt. and Mrs. Charles Alan Pownall, Capt. and Mrs. George C. Rhoades, Capt. and Mrs. Herbert E. Kays, Capt. and Mrs. Thomas S. McCoy, Comdr. and Mrs. John E. Reiningburg, Comdr. and Mrs. Staley H. Gambrill, Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Charles F. Greene and Mrs. Manley H. Simons, Jr.

Comdr. and Mrs. A. K. Fogg entertained informally on Monday evening at their quarters in the Navy Yard, in honor of Rear Adm. and Mrs. Manley H. Simons and Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Charles F. Greene. The guests numbered ten.

The officers of Squadron VF-41 of the USS Ranger and their wives entertained Saturday night at a dinner at Virginia Beach. The dinner was in honor of Lt. Comdr. Elton C. Parker, commanding officer of the squadron who has just been ordered to the Naval Base for duty and Mrs. Parker.

The guests, in addition to Comdr. and Mrs. Parker, were Capt. and Mrs. Alfred E. Montgomery, Lt. and Mrs. James J. McRoberts, Lt. and Mrs. Charles Collins, Lt. and Mrs. James O. Vosseller, Lt. and Mrs. Jack I. Bandy, Ens. and Mrs. Walter F. Madden, Ens. and Mrs. Jack D. Martin, Lt. and Mrs. Earl Metcalf, Alfred I. Boyd, Ens. L. F. Bassett and Ens. Claude V. Timberlake, Jr.

Mrs. George C. Rhoades entertained Wednesday at a luncheon given at her quarters in the Naval Base. Her guests were Mrs. Walter Small, Mrs. Wilson Hollowell, Mrs. W. A. Worth, and Mrs. William Gaither, all of Elizabeth City, N. C., and Mrs. W. T. Old and Mrs. Charles Alan Pownall of Norfolk.

NEW LONDON, CONN.

11 July 1941

An informal dinner-dance will be held 12 July at the Submarine Base Officers' Club for members and their guests. Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. George C. Crawford will entertain 20 guests at their table in honor of Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Robert Berry who are visiting them this week-end.

Fifty-six officers assigned as students in the submarine school at the Submarine Base and their families were entertained at a cocktail party last Saturday by members of the Submarine Base Officers' Club.

The wives' monthly luncheon of the Submarine Base Officers' Club was held Tuesday. Mrs. Elwin F. Cutts is ladies club chairman. Mrs. Robert H. Smith is food chairman and Mrs. Merrill Comstock is in charge of flower arrangements. The ladies played bridge, Mah Jong and did Red Cross sewing during the afternoon.

Mrs. Richard M. Peterson was guest of honor at a shower Monday 7 July given by Mrs. David L. Whelchel at her home on Nameaug Avenue. Sharing honors with Mrs. Peterson were her sister Miss Jane Maltman and Mrs. Whelchel's mother, Mrs. Norman Ringer, both of Los Angeles, Calif. The other guests were Mrs. Carl G. Hensel, Mrs. Donald Graham, and Mrs. Richard Latham.

Mrs. Edward C. Raguet, wife of Captain Raguet, is visiting her son-in-law and daughter Lt. and Mrs. John F. Davidson.

Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. William L. Pryor, Jr., of Great Neck Road, Waterford, Conn., have with them Mrs. Valery Havard and her two children.

LONG BEACH, CALIF.

6 July 1941

Mrs. Isaac Kidd, wife of Rear Admiral Kidd, has given up her apartment at the Villa Riviera and has headquarters once more at the Pacific Coast Club after a visit from her son Midshipman Isaac Kidd, Jr., who came from Annapolis with her last month and has now returned to the United States Naval Academy. Mrs. Kidd spent the week-end with Santa Monica friends.

Admiral and Mrs. Charles Blakely of San Diego had their Independence Day holiday brightened by having as house guests their son and daughter-in-law of Long Beach, also the couple's three-months-old son.

Capt. and Mrs. R. M. Fawell of Los Angeles motored to San Diego and were among the Fourth of July guests at a dinner staged by members of the retired Service colony in the Commissioned Officers' Club at North Island. While in the southern city Capt. and Mrs. Fawell were house guests of Capt. and Mrs. C. F. Martin.

Southland friends of Comdr. and Mrs. Land D. Webb are welcoming the couple back to California after a lengthy absence. They are domiciled at 335 Alameda Boulevard in Coronado. Mrs. Webb formerly resided in Los Angeles and has a wide circle of friends there and in Long Beach, where the officer was stationed some years ago.

En passant between Honolulu and the East Coast, Comdr. Paul Maher, (MC), and Mrs. Maher were greeted by service set friends in this area. Their new home will be in New York while Dr. Maher takes over duties at the Naval Hospital in the Brooklyn Navy Yard.

Anti 'Chute Observation

Aimed at hostile parachutists, air-borne troops and the deadly pincer movement, a course in rear area observation has been started under the direction of the Intelligence section of the 44th Division staff, Ft. Dix, N. J.

In all future maneuvers and field exercises, it was announced by Lt. Col. Russell A. Snook, in charge of Divisional Military Intelligence, there will be 3 Divisional Observation Posts for rear area security, 2 for each brigade and one for each regiment. Each observation post will be manned by one team composed of four men—an observer, recorder and two relief men.

Weddings and Engagements

(Continued from Preceding Page)

received his A.B. degree at Harvard, 1938, and Masters degree in Engineering Administration from Harvard Engineering School. He is a member of Hasty Pudding Institute of 1776, and Phoenix Club.

After a trip to Greenbrier, White Sulphur Springs, they will live at 512 Howell St., Cincinnati.

Among the out of town guests were: Gen. and Mrs. Charles Summerall, Charleston, S. C., Gen. and Mrs. Forrest E. Willard, Ft. Hamilton, N. Y., Col. and Mrs. Parry Lewis, Camp Davis, N. C., Maj. and Mrs. William McPherson, West Point, N. Y., Mrs. James Jefferson, May-

field Tuscaloosa, Ala., Misses Clara and Marie Saunders, Washington, D. C.

—o—

Under a glittering arch of sabres, Lt. Joseph Michael Cole, Jr., and his bride, the former Dorothea James left the Post Chapel, Presidio of San Francisco after their high noon wedding on Saturday, 21 June. Chaplain Thomas L. McKenna read the service.

The bride, who is the daughter of Lt. Col. and Mrs. Harold W. James stationed at the Presidio, as escorted to the chancel by her father. She was lovely in a beautifully draped model of white silk jersey and her tulle veil falling from a coronet was held in place by clusters of mother of pearl orange blossoms. Her only ornament was the bridegroom's gift of a string of pearls, and she carried a sheaf of spathiphyllum.

Ten year old Jean Wagner was her cousin's only attendant.

Lieutenant Cole's best man was Lt. Robert J. Delaney, USA, and his ushers were Lts. Everett H. Ware, Manford J. Wetzel, John A. O'Brien, Zacharias Endress, Clarence E. Gushurst, and James T. Hennessy, classmates of the bridegroom at West Point.

A reception followed immediately after the ceremony at the St. Francis Yacht Club.

Gardenias and bouvardia decorated the wedding cake which the bride cut with her husband's sabre.

The same afternoon Lieutenant and Mrs. Cole left for their honeymoon at Lake Tahoe from where they will go to Chicago where he will be a student at the University of Chicago.

The bride attended Vassar, Katherine Gibbs in New York and the University of Arizona. Lieutenant Cole is the son of Maj. Joseph M. Cole USA-Ret., and the late Mrs. Cole. He was graduated from West Point in 1940 and is in the Air Corps.

—o—

Col. Enrique Urrutia, Inf., USA, and Mrs. Urrutia, announce the marriage of their daughter, Aida Maria, to Lt. Harry Marvin Smith, son of Mrs. Harry Smith of Lexington, Ky. Lieutenant and Mrs. Smith will be at home after 15 July in Battle Creek, Mich., where Lieutenant Smith is now on duty with the 11th Inf. at Ft. Custer.

—o—

Natalie Jeanne Wilson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Irving DeLos Wilson, of St. Petersburg, Fla., and Grand Rapids, and Capt. Harry Ripley Melton, Jr., son of Col. and Mrs. Harry Ripley Melton of Columbia, S. C., spoke their nuptial vows in a ceremony solemnized in Klise Chapel Grand Rapids, at 4 o'clock, Monday afternoon, Dr. Charles Warren Helsley read the service.

The bride, who entered on the arm of her father, wore a champagne satin gown made with long leg o' mutton sleeves. Points of duchess lace outlined the sweetheart neckline and tiny self-covered buttons fastened the back of her gown and trimmed the wrists of her sleeves. A full skirt extending into a long train fell from her nipped-in waistline. The bridal flowers were a colonial bouquet of white orchids and swainsona, tied with long streamers.

Attending her sister as matron of honor was Mrs. T. Houston Solley of New York.

Other attendants were: Mrs. William Whittemore Wilson and Mrs. John Lyon Wilson.

Colonel Melton was his son's best man and seating the guests were W. W. Wilson, and J. L. Wilson, brothers of the bride. Mr. and Mrs. Irving DeLos Wilson, Jr., completed the wedding party as master and mistress of ceremonies.

The bridegroom and best man wore white dress uniforms.

A reception followed the Service in the Country House where a three tiered wedding cake centered the bridal table.

Captain and Mrs. Melton planned a wedding trip through the White Sulphur section of Virginia and will be at home at Charlotte Air Base, Charlotte, N. C.

—o—

The marriage of Miss Jean Cowin, daughter of Mrs. Katherine Phister Cowin and the late Col. Wm. Benton Cowin, USA, to Lt. John Francis Palmer Hill,

son of Mr. and Mrs. John C. Hill of Brookline, Mass., was celebrated on Saturday, 28 June, at four o'clock in the church of St. John the Evangelist, Duxbury.

Dr. Phillips Endicott Osgood of Emmanuel Church, Boston, performed the ceremony assisted by the Rev. John Philbrick, rector of St. John's. A reception followed at "Elmhurst" the home of the bride's mother.

The bride was given in marriage by her cousin, Mr. Lippard B. Phister of Boston and her attendants were: Miss Bettina Hill, sister of the bridegroom, Miss Peggy Floyd of Duxbury, and Miss Marie Elizabeth Zieman of Bound Brook, N. J., illness unfortunately preventing the attendance of the bride's sister, Mrs. Fred Rodell of New Haven.

Lieutenant Hill's best man was Mr. Herbert Furse of Youngstown, Ohio, and groomsmen were Mr. Donald Griffin of Barnstable, Mass., and Mrs. Frank Wheeck of Springfield, Mass.

Mrs. Hill is a grand daughter of the late Col. Nat P. Phister, USA, and a graduate of the Winsor School of Boston and Vassar College and a member of the Boston Junior League. Lieutenant Hill, who is the grandson of the late Francis James Palmer of London, Eng., is a graduate of Phillips Academy, Andover, and Harvard College, and a member of the Harvard Club of Boston. He has just returned from the Field Artillery School at Ft. Sill and is now on duty as First Lieutenant, 180th Field Artillery, Camp Edwards, Mass.

Lt. Col. and Mrs. H. deB. Bruck of Camp Lee, Va., announce the engagement of their daughter "Tony" to Lt. Walter O'Neill Krebs, son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles E. Krebs of Chicago, Ill.

The wedding of Miss Polly Elinor Lodge to Lt. Horace G. Foster, Jr., took place at noon, Wednesday, 2 July at All Saints' Church, Harrison, New York, followed by a reception at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. James B. Melick, White Oak, Winder Road, Rye, N. Y.

The bride is a granddaughter of Col. and Mrs. J. E. Hoffer, USA-Ret., of New York, and the late Mr. and Mrs. F. G. Lodge of Boston, and the daughter of Mr. Henry G. Lodge, USMA (Nov. 1, 1918). She was graduated from the Spence School last year and was to make her debut this coming winter.

Lieutenant Foster is the son of Col. and Mrs. H. G. Foster, USA-Ret., of San Francisco. He is a member of this year's graduating class at the United States Military Academy, assigned to the Air Corps.

(Continued on Next Page)

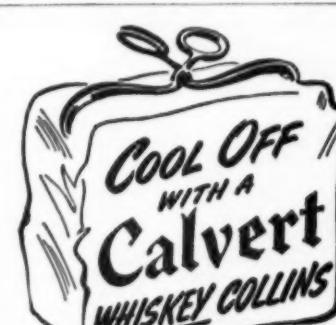
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Weddings and Engagements

(Continued from Preceding Page)

Miss Lodge's maid of honor was Miss Marymack Hines of Memphis, Tenn., and the bridesmaids were Miss Jane McLester of Birmingham, Ala., Miss June Randall of White Plains, N. Y., Miss Shirley Snow of South Orange, N. J., and Miss Carolyn Minor of Plainville, Conn.

Maj. John B. Hess, brother-in-law of the bridegroom, was best man and the ushers were Lts. Edwin W. Brown, Burton C. Andrus, Jr., John C. Linderman and John Rossell, all of this year's graduating class at West Point, Cadet Thomas Rienzi and Mr. James B. Melick, Jr.

The couple will take up residence near Santa Maria, Calif., where Lieutenant Foster has been assigned to duty 1 Aug.

Rear Admiral and Mrs. Craven announce the marriage of their daughter, Olga to Francis Beattie Thurber, 3rd, on Friday 4 July 1941, Port Washington, L. I.

Miss Mary Alexander Opie, daughter of Brig. Gen. Hierome Lindsay Opie, USA-Ret., and Mrs. Opie, was married to Mr. George Wilson Robinson, Saturday last, 5 July in old Trinity Episcopal Church in Staunton, Va.

The bride, a great granddaughter of Anna Maria Washington, last of the Washington brides to be married at Mt. Vernon and of Dr. William Fontaine Alexander of Charlestown, W. Va., also a descendant of John Augustine Washington and Richard Henry Lee, was escorted to the altar by her father, and wore a charming gown of white net over satin, her long bridal veil held by a corner of net.

The ceremony was performed by the Right Rev. Robert Carter Jett, retired Bishop of the Diocese of Southwestern Virginia. He was assisted by the rector of the Church, the Rev. Walter Carroll Brooke.

Lts. Hierome Lindsay Opie, Jr., USMC of Parris Island, and Thomas Ransom Opie, USA, of Ft. Knox, Ky., were among the ushers.

A reception followed at Oakenwood, home of the bride, and after a honeymoon in the North Carolina mountains, the young couple will make their home in Richmond.

Lt. Col. and Mrs. Paul Hawley have announced the engagement of their daughter, Barbara, to Mr. Thomas Grant Tousey, Jr., son of Lieutenant Colonel and Mrs. Tousey of Ft. Devens, Mass.

The engagement is also announced of

Miss Arly Jane Barnett, daughter of Lt. Col. James W. Barnett, USA, and Mrs. Barnett, to Lt. Thomas H. Monroe, Jr., son of Lieutenant Colonel Monroe, USA, and Mrs. Monroe of Oakland, Calif.

Lieutenant Monroe is stationed at the Presidio but is at present attending the Infantry school at Ft. Benning. He will return to the west coast in August when the nuptials will take place. Colonel and Mrs. Barnett are at the Presidio, Calif.

The engagement is announced of Miss Nancy Narcissa Poore, to Mr. William Osgood Tufts, Jr., by her parents, Lt. Col. and Mrs. James Edward Poore of Tulip Hill Farm, Prince George's County, Md., the wedding to take place 16 Aug. at St. Thomas Episcopal Church, Washington, D. C.

Miss Poore was graduated from the Syracuse University and held a scholarship at the Curtis Institute of Music in Philadelphia. She is an organist and director of the Presbyterian Church in Georgetown, D. C.

Mr. Tufts is the son of Lt. Col. and Mrs. William O. Tufts of Washington. He was graduated from Oberlin College and the Union Theological Seminary of New York. He is organist of the Foundary Methodist Church and director of music in the public schools of Washington.

Maj. L. B. S. Jones, USA-Ret., and Mrs. Jones have announced the engagement of their daughter, Leslie to Mr. James Hunter Safely Kindt, son of Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Vance Kindt of San Francisco.

Miss Jones is a graduate of the Dominican Convent and is a member of the San Francisco Junior Auxiliary of the Stanford Convalescent Home; the Spinsters and the Ross Players.

Mr. Kindt was graduated from the University of California in '38 and was president of the fraternity Sigma Phi. Until his marriage in the autumn he will be a member of "The Bachelors". He is a Lieutenant in the Reserve corps.

Major Jones, the father of the bridegroom, has been recalled to active duty at headquarters, Ninth Corps area.

Miss Marion Enid Jackson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William G. Jackson, 63 Van Reypes Street, Jersey City, is the bride of 2nd Lt. Walter E. Mather, son of Mrs. C. W. Mather, 306 Willis Avenue, New York. The Rev. John T. Ledger of Jersey City officiated at the Cadet Chapel. Lieutenant Mather, a graduate of the Military Academy, class of 1941, had as his best man, 2nd Lt. Frederick J. Baker, a classmate. Mrs. Alfred Wolff of Jersey City was matron of honor for Miss Jackson. Attendants were Miss Ruth Lamb, Miss Ruth Mather, Miss Carol Cromwell, and Miss Louraine La Tourette. The ushers were 2nd Lts. George Adjemian, Howard Felschlin, Walter Singless, Jr., and Michael J. L. Greene, all classmates of the bridegroom. While a cadet at the Military Academy, Lieutenant Mather was Editor-in-Chief of the "Howitzer" Yearbook of the Corps of Cadets, and a member of the Debating Society.

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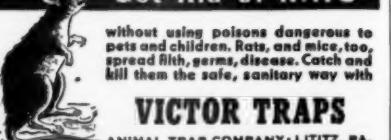
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to undertake as similar British types were effective in the chase and destruction of the Bismarck. However, their problem would be simplified if they had available now the same Irish bases along the Irish coast which were used during the World War. These bases are in the southeastern part of the war zone as proclaimed by Germany.

Signal Corps Notes

Orders have been issued for the transfer of the 22nd Signal Operations company (Separate) from Ft. George G. Meade, Md., to the Army War College, Washington, D. C., for a permanent change of station at the earliest practicable date. The unit at present consists of approximately 2 officers and 40 enlisted men. The authorized strength is approximately 220 officers and enlisted men.

A quiz contest on Army radio procedure will be held every Monday night for members of the Army Amateur Radio System. The nine Corps Areas, into which the Army Radio System is sub-divided, will compete against each other in the contest. The competition will consist of a series of questions on Army radiotelegraph and radiotelephone procedure. The contest will be transmitted each Monday night from the Army Amateur Network Control Station, W3USA-WLM, Washington, D. C., on special 3497.5 and 6990 kilocycles frequencies.

The Army Amateur Net Control Station has changed its call letters to W3USA—indicating "United States Army." The old call letters of the station, which is located in the War Department Message Center, Washington, D. C., were "W3CXL" and had been used since the station was established in 1929. W3USA normally will operate on the amateur 3,500-4,000 kilocycle, 7,000-7,300 kilocycle, and 14,000-14,400 kilocycle frequency bands with sufficient power to be heard throughout the United States, Puerto Rico, Panama, Alaska, Hawaii, and at times, even to contact the Philippine Islands.

Reserve Retirement Bill

Legislation to provide retirement pay and hospital benefits to certain Reserve officers of the Army disabled while on active duty was passed this week by the House of Representatives.

The bill, H.R. 3484, provides that Reserve officers called or ordered into active duty for more than 30 days after 25 Feb. 1925, other than with the Civilian Conservation Corps, who are now disabled from disease or injury contracted or received in line of duty shall be deemed to have been in the active military service during the period and shall be entitled to receive the same retirement pay and hospital benefits as corresponding officers of the Regular Army.

Fourth Armored Div. on Air

A series of radio broadcasts direct from Pine Camp, N. Y., with the entire personnel of the Fourth Armored Division involved, will begin 23 July over Station WNYW, Watertown, Brig. Gen. Henry W. Baird, Division Commander, announced this week.

The broadcasts from 7:30 to 8:00 P. M., EDT, will be on an every-other-week basis, with programs scheduled for Wednesday nights on 23 July and 6 August and 20 August. Thereafter, beginning on 31 August, the programs will go on a bi-weekly Sunday schedule from 4:00 to 4:30 P. M.

Construction at Ft. Riley, Kan.

Construction of additional buildings and facilities at an estimated cost of \$185,000, for the Cavalry Replacement Training Center at Ft. Riley, Kan., was authorized by the War Department this week.

World War Pensions

The House this week passed and sent to the Senate a bill which will create an old-age pension system for World War veterans and will increase from \$30 to \$40 a month the present pensions paid to veterans incapacitated by non-service-connected disabilities.

Births • Marriages • Deaths

(No charge for service notices in this column. Please notify promptly.)

Born

CLEMENT—Born 30 June 1941, to Capt. and Mrs. Samuel A. Clement, USN, Navy Yard, Charleston, S. C., a son, Samuel Averett Clement, Jr.

DEISHER—Born at Station Hospital, Ft. Benning, Ga., 2 July 1941, to Capt. and Mrs. Francis Deisher, 4th Div., USA, a son.

DOLLARD—Born at William Beaumont General Hospital, El Paso, Tex., 10 June 1941, to 1st Sgt. and Mrs. Clyde A. Dollard, 7th Cav.-Ret., a son, James Allen.

DORSA—Born at Columbus City Hospital, Columbus, Ga., 30 June 1941, to Capt. and Mrs. Charles S. D'Orsa, USA, a daughter, Catherine Diane.

ELLIS—Born at Station Hospital, Ft. Benning, Ga., 6 July 1941, to S. Sgt. and Mrs. Nathan Ellis, 17th Ord. Bn., USA, a son.

EVANS—Born at William Beaumont General Hospital, El Paso, Tex., 9 June 1941, to Capt. and Mrs. Tom Evans, VC, USA, a daughter, Mahalia Suzanne.

FLESCH—Born at William Beaumont General Hospital, El Paso, Tex., 8 June 1941, to 1st Sgt. and Mrs. Bernard A. Flesch, MC, USA, a son, Stephen Beard.

GRILLS—Born at St. Joseph's Hospital, Stockton, Calif., 19 June 1941, to Maj. and Mrs. H. L. Grills, AC, USA, a son, George Marshall.

GIBBS—Born at Nashua, N. H., 28 June 1941, to Capt. and Mrs. George W. Gibbs, FA, USA, a son, Jonathan Mead, grandson of Maj. Gen. George S. Gibbs, USA-Ret.

GOFF—Born at Panama Hospital, Panama City, R. P., 17 June 1941, to Maj. and Mrs. John L. Goff, CAC, USA, Ft. Amador, C. A., a son, Scott Goff.

IRELAND—Born at Newport News, Va., 29 June 1941, to Mr. and Mrs. Mark Lorin Ireland, Jr., a daughter, Bertie Merritt, to be called "Merrie," granddaughter of Mr. and Mrs. Harold F. Norton, Newport News, Va., and of Col. and Mrs. Mark L. Ireland, Brookline, Mass.

ISELY—Born at Pensacola Hospital, Pensacola, Fla., 28 June 1941, to Lt. and Mrs. R. H. Isely, USA, a son, Robert Henry Isely, II.

KELLEY—Born at Ft. Knox, Ky., 6 July 1941, to Capt. and Mrs. Samuel P. Kelley, 6th Inf. (Arm'd.), USA, a son, David S.

KILLMER—Born at William Beaumont General Hospital, 21 June 1941, to 1st Lt. and Mrs. Hugh D. Killmer, DC, USA, a son, Jonathan Edward.

LOVE—Born at Kapiolani Hospital, Honolulu, T. H., 15 April 1941, to Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Julian Love, (MC), USN, a son, Julian Stuart.

MC GEE—Born at Station Hospital, Ft. Benning, Ga., 5 July 1941, to Capt. and Mrs. George A. McGee, Inf., USA, a son, Dennis Hill, grandson of Col. and Mrs. Ray C. Hill, USA-Ret. and of Mr. George McGee, Minot, N. D.

MIKKELSEN—Born at Station Hospital, West Point, N. Y., 24 June 1941, to Capt. and Mrs. Harry Edgar Mikkelsen, OD, USA, a son, Harry Edgar Mikkelsen, Jr.

MILLER—Born at Muhlenberg Hospital, Plainfield, N. J., to Ens. and Mrs. Thomas L. Miller, USN, a son, Russell Tallman.

NEMECK—Born at William Beaumont General Hospital, El Paso, Tex., 29 May 1941, to 1st Lt. and Mrs. Francis L. Nemeck, Cav., USA, a daughter, Anna Elizabeth.

PARNELL—Born at William Beaumont General Hospital, El Paso, Tex., 1 June 1941, to S. Sgt. and Mrs. Vernon D. Parnell, a son, Harold Thomas.

PERRILL—Born at Presbyterian Hospital, Philadelphia, Pa., 24 June 1941, to Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. H. K. Perrill, USN, a daughter, Judith Virginia, granddaughter of Capt. and Mrs. H. P. Perrill, USN-Ret., and of Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. J. E. Lewis, USN-Ret.

PRIOR—Born at William Beaumont General Hospital, 12 June 1941, to S. Sgt. and Mrs. Frank B. Prior, USA, a daughter, Sharon Jane.

SERREM—Born at William Beaumont General Hospital, 15 June 1941, to 1st Lt. and Mrs. Edward M. Serrem, USA, a daughter, Clarissa Ann.

SHAPIRO—Born at William Beaumont General Hospital, El Paso, Tex., 28 May 1941, to 1st Lt. and Mrs. David Shapiro, MC, USA, a daughter, Judith Gertrude.

STRONG—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 19 June 1941, to Capt. and Mrs. James D. Strong, CE, USA, a son, Roger Strong.

STEELE—Born at Georgetown University Hospital, Washington, D. C., 12 May 1941, to Mr. and Mrs. L. V. Steele, a daughter, Nancy McVeigh, granddaughter of the late Maj. Gen. Harry L. Steele, USA, and Mrs. Steele, and of Lt. Col. and Mrs. Hugh B. Keen, USA.

TUBBS—Born at William Beaumont General Hospital, 20 June 1941, to Capt. and Mrs. Harry Sheldon Tubbs, 63rd CA(AA), USA, a son, Thomas Sheldon.

WILLIAMS—Born at Station Hospital, Schofield Barracks, T. H., 30 May 1941, to Capt. and Mrs. Joseph E. Williams, Inf., USA, a son, John Etheridge Williams, II, grandson of Mr. and Mrs. John E. Williams, Mt. Carmel, Ill., and Mrs. R. M. Blanchard and the late Colonel Blanchard, and the great-grandson of Mrs. Calvin DeWitt and the late General DeWitt.

Married

AKERS-WILLIAMS—Married at Ft. Lewis, Wash., 11 June 1941, Miss Myrla May Williams to Lt. Marion J. Akers, USA, McChord Field.

BARKER-OLIVER—Married at St. Mary's by the Sea, Pacific Grove, Calif., 7 June 1941, Miss Bette Ruth Oliver, daughter of Maj. and Mrs. Millard F. W. Oliver, FD, USA, to Mr. Joseph L. Barker.

BRIDEWELL-GAFFNEY—Married at St. Andrew's Chapel, U. S. Naval Academy, Annapolis, Md., 25 June 1941, Miss Mary Yvette Gaffney, daughter of Capt. and Mrs. J. J. Gaffney, (SC), USN, to Lt. (jg) Edward W. Bridewell, USN.

BURNETT-VELLOU—Married at St. John's Church, Ross, Calif., 7 June 1941, Miss Patricia Vellon to Mr. Robert C. Burnett, son of Capt. and Mrs. Henry P. Burnett, USN.

CLAGETT-GREEN—Married at St. Matthew's Cathedral, Washington, D. C., 1 July 1941, Miss Naomi Mae Green to Lt. Francis C. Clagett, USMC.

COLLINS-ARNOLD—Married at Cadet Chapel, West Point, N. Y., 28 June 1941, Miss Harvie Ray Arnold, to 2nd Lt. Leroy P. Collins, Jr., USA, son of Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Leroy P. Collins, USA.

COUSINS-MANLEY—Married at St. Augustine's, Waikiki, Honolulu, T. H., 7 June 1941, Miss Kathryn Louise Manley, daughter of Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Frank J. Manley, (SC), USN, to Lt. (jg) Ralph W. Cousins, USN.

FITZPATRICK-CHRISTIAN—Married at San Miguel Mission, near Paso Robles, Calif., 2 July 1941, Miss Margaret Christian, daughter of Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Thomas J. Christian, USA, to 2nd Lt. Francis C. Fitzpatrick, Cav., USA.

HAIRE-SLIPP—Married at Ft. Lewis, Wash., 22 June 1941, Miss Frances Slipp, to Capt. Jesse Haire, AC, USA.

HUBBARD-MOORE—Married in the Congregational Church, Littleton, Mass., 5 July 1941, Miss Mary Sue Moore, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. V. W. Moore, Asheville, N. C., to Lt. Frank Goodwin Hubbard, CE, USA, son of Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Frank L. Hubbard, (MC), USN-Ret., Dobbs Ferry, N. Y.

LOGAN-DEAY—Married at Post Chapel, Ft. Lewis, Wash., 22 June 1941, Miss Doris DeAy, to W. O. Sherman D. Logan, Jr.

MC CREDIT-JETER—Married at Trinity Episcopal Church, Columbia, S. C., 20 June 1941, Miss Patricia Neomah Jeter, daughter of Capt. and Mrs. R. W. Jeter, USMC-Ret., to Mr. Robert G. McCredit, Jr.

MITCHELL-APPLETON—Married at Warrenton, Va., 28 June 1941, Miss Sally Abercrombie Appleton, to Lt. Comdr. James A. Mitchell, USNR.

NUTTALL-FRERICHS—Married at Ft. Lewis, Wash., Miss Ruth L. Frerichs, to S. Sgt. Milt P. Nuttall, McChord Field.

REIGART-CHANDLER—Married at St. Andrew's Chapel, Annapolis, Md., 23 June 1941, Miss Dorothy Chandler, daughter of Capt. and Mrs. William Dwight Chandler, Jr., USN, to Ens. John M. Reigart, USN.

ROBINSON-GORDON—Married at St. John's Episcopal Church, Fayetteville, N. C., 29 June 1941, Miss Patricia Ann Gordon, daughter of Lt. Col. and Mrs. Will H. Gordon, to Lt. George Robinson, son of Col. and Mrs. O. P. Robinson.

REVANE-TOWNSEND—Married at Washington, D. C., 1 July 1941, Miss Martha Gaither Townsend, to Lt. Henry J. Revane, USMC.

SMITHLINE-BASLER—Married at St. Patrick's Episcopal Chapel, Washington, D. C., 28 June 1941, Miss Barbara Basler, daughter of Mrs. Johnson, wife of Lt. Col. Alfred B. Johnson, OD, USA, to Mr. Lawrence Smithline.

STEWART-FAIRCHILD—Married at Post Chapel, Ft. Lewis, Wash., 9 June 1941, Miss Leila Fairchild, to Lt. William S. Stewart, AC, USA.

STODDART-GRUBER—Married at Wynnote, Pa., 3 July 1941, Miss Molly Gruber, daughter of Mrs. Edmund Louis Gruber and

the late Brig. Gen. Gruber, to Mr. John O. Stoddart.

TRIMMER-CRAMPTON—Married at Ft. Lewis, Wash., Miss Frances A. Crampton, to S. Sgt. William L. Trimmer, McChord Field.

UTKE-CARTER—Married in the Cathedral of Saint Mary and Saint John, Manila, P. I., 17 May 1941, Miss Lois Maybelle Carter, daughter of Lt. Col. and Mrs. James Donlon Carter, to Lt. Gordon Arthur Utke, USA.

WALLIS-PRICE—Married at Flora, Ala., 27 June 1941, Miss Sarah Frances Price, sister of Capt. James Price, USA and of Mrs. Faine, wife of Maj. Sybil Faine, Inf., USA, to Mr. Charles H. Wallis.

WALTON-PUTNAM—Married at Post Chapel, Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., 27 June 1941, Miss Jean Lucille Putnam, daughter of Lt. Col. and Mrs. Lincoln F. Putnam, MC, USA, to 1st Lt. Charles M. Walton, Jr., AC, USA, son of Lt. Col. and Mrs. C. M. Walton, Inf., USA.

WEAVER-MORRIS—Married at St. Paul's Episcopal Church, Alexandria, Va., 21 June 1941, Miss Evelyn D. Morris, to Dr. Thomas H. Weaver, son of Lt. Col. and Mrs. Logan M. Weaver, MC, USA.

WILLIAMS-WALTZ—Married at Del Monte Hotel, near Carmel, Calif., 16 June 1941, Miss Bessie Mae Waltz, daughter of Mrs. Lillian C. Waltz of Carmel, Calif., and the late Capt. James A. Waltz, Inf., USA, to Capt. Richard G. Williams, 32d Inf., USA.

WHITING-WHITTON—Married at Ft. Lewis, Wash., 1 May 1941, Miss Elaine Whiting, to Lt. Samuel Whiting, AC, USA.

ZAMBOU-CORYELL—Married at Post Chapel, Ft. Lewis, Wash., 9 June 1941, Miss Mary F. Coryell to Lt. Louis B. Zambou, AC, USA.

Died

BAKER—Died in airplane crash, Pensacola, Fla., 3 July 1941, Aviation Cadet George W. Baker, USNR, survived by his mother Mrs. Ida Baker Campbell, 821 Murray Drive, Ames, Iowa.

BOND—Died at Baltimore, Md., 30 June 1941, Mrs. Ella M. Bond, mother of Mrs. P. H. Worcester, widow of the late Col. P. H. Worcester, and grandmother of Mrs. W. R. Woodward, IGD, USA.

BROWN—Died at Naval Hospital, Washington, D. C., 5 July 1941, Lt. Comdr. Lawrence R. Brown, USN-Ret., survived by his wife, Mrs. Julia B. Brown, 1407 West Illinois Street, Arlington, Va. Funeral services at Ft. Myer Chapel, 7 July.

CAIN—Died at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 29 June 1941, Capt. William J. Cain, USA-Ret.

CAMPBELL—Died in airplane accident, near Troy, N. Y., 2 July 1941, Alex Hopkins Campbell, youngest son of Col. and Mrs. Tilman Campbell, USA-Ret.

CREWS—Died near San Antonio, Tex., 23 June 1941, 2nd Lt. John Wilkins Crews, Air-Ret.

DAVIS—Died at Boston, Mass., 6 July 1941, Comdr. Charles H. Davis, USN-Ret., husband of Mrs. Maude Seely Davis, 3012 Benvenue Avenue, Berkeley, Cal.

DILLON—Died at the station hospital, Mitchell Field, N. Y., on 19 June 1941, John J. Dillon, father of Lt. Col. L. S. Dillon, CE, USA.

FOUNTAIN—Died at her home in Philadelphia, Pa., 30 June 1941, Mrs. Katherine Fountain, wife of the late Brig. Gen. S. Warren Fountain. Interment in Arlington National Cemetery, 3 July.

HODGES—Died near Steadman, S. C., 27 June 1941, 1st Lt. Patrick W. Hodges, Inf., USA-Ret.

JACKSON—Died near Mount Wilson, Cal., 23 June 1941, 2nd Lt. Jesse K. Jackson, Air-Ret., USA.

JAMES—Died at Key West, Fla., 21 June 1941, Lt. Thomas James, USN-Ret.

LAW—Killed in airplane crash at Naval Air Station, Morfold, Va., 21 June 1941, Ens. Rondo J. Law, USN.

LYNNTON—Died off shore near Supe, Peru, 25 June 1941, 2nd Lt. Keith X. Lynn-ton, Air-Ret., USA.

MARTIN—Died at Cresskill, N. J., 8 July 1941, Gertrude L. Martin, sister of Mrs. Jay E. Gilliland, wife of Lt. Col. Jay E. Gilliland.

McCRACKEN—Died near Genter Field, Ala., 30 June 1941, 2nd Lt. Murro A. McCracken, Air-Ret., USA.

McMURDO—Died at Charlottesville, Va., 30 June 1941, Mrs. C. E. McMurdo, mother of Col. Hew B. McMurdo, MC, USA, and grandmother of Mrs. George F. Marshall, wife of Capt. George F. Marshall, Inf., USA.

MICHAEL—Died in Mount St. Mary's Hospital, Niagara Falls, N. Y., 16 June 1941,

Maj. Burton J. Mitchell, IG-Res., survived by his wife, Mrs. Jennie Howard Mitchell, and one son, Henry H. Mitchell, and two sisters, Mrs. A. H. Bushey and Mrs. Bruce Bowles, both of Kan.

MONAHAN—Died at Washington, D. C., 29 June 1941, Mrs. Elizabeth A. Monahan, mother of Chaplain John F. Monahan, USA. Interment at Whitman, Mass., 3 July.

MORRISON—Died at Ft. Benning, Ga., 5 July 1941, Capt. Edward Anthony Morrison, 16th Inf., Camp Blanding, Fla., survived by his brother, Harry B. Morrison. Funeral services at home of his brother, William, in Conn.

OMAN—Died at London, England, 1 July 1941, Rear Adm. Joseph W. Oman, USN-Ret.

PATTERSON—Died at Tacoma General Hospital, Tacoma, Wash., 23 June 1941, 2nd Lt. Arthur Knox Patterson, Air-Ret., USA.

PRIESTER—Died near Steadman, S. C., 27 June 1941, 2nd Lt. Norman E. Priester, Air-Ret.

PUTNAM—Died near Atlanta, Mich., 23 June 1941, 2nd Lt. Guy Leland Putnam, Jr., Air-Ret., USA.

ROTHROCK—Died at Princeton, Ky., 28 June 1941, Mr. J. B. Rothrock, father of Mrs. Harry R. Melton, wife of Lt. Col. H. R. Melton, MC, USA, Columbia, S. C., and grandfather of Capt. Harry R. Melton, Jr., AC, Charlotte, N. C.

ROWE—Died at San Antonio, Tex., 25 June 1941, Miss Nancy Hunter Rowe, daughter of Maj. and Mrs. John A. Rowe, Ret. Interment was in the National Cemetery at Ft. Sam Houston, Tex. She is survived by her parents Maj. and Mrs. John A. Rowe, Ret., and sister, Marilyn.

RYAN—Died at Station Hospital, Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., 30 June 1941, Col. John J. Ryan, USA-Ret.

SENNER—Died near San Jose, Cal., 26 June 1941, 2nd Lt. William C. Sennar, AC-Ret., USA.

SHAW—Died in airplane crash near Jacksonville, Fla., 2 July 1941, James Russell Shaw, Aviation Machinist's Mate, 1st Class, USN, husband of Mrs. May Gates Shaw, 2512 Hershel Street, Jacksonville, Fla.

SHUDDE—Killed in plane crash near Corpus Christi, Tex., 10 July 1941, Ens. Lee Joseph Shudde, USNR. Survived by his father, W. T. Shudde, 4312 Garrott Street, Houston, Tex.

SNOW—Died at Philadelphia, Pa., 7 July 1941, Louisa Carman Snow, widow of Rear Adm. Elliott Snow, (CC), USN.

VAN CLEVE—Died at Naval Hospital, Chelsea, Mass., 4 July 1941, Lt. Comdr. Joseph Collins Van Cleve, USN-Ret., husband of Mrs. Naomi B. Van Cleve, 30 Powell Street, Brookline, Mass. Funeral services at Ft. Myer Chapel, 9 July. Interment in Arlington National Cemetery.

WILLIAMS—Died at Cincinnati, O., 24 June 1941, Capt. William H. Williams, USA-Ret.

WILLIAMS—Died at Ft. Bragg, N. C., 1st Lt. Marshall W. Williams, Jr., Inf.-Res., USA.

Panama Canal Dept. Staff

Lt. Col. Horace L. McBride, GSC, formerly Commander of the 2d Field Artillery at Ft. Clayton, C. Z., has assumed his duties as G-3 (Plans & Training Officer) of the Panama Canal Department pursuant to Orders issued by command of Lt. Gen. Daniel Van Voorhis, department commander. Colonel McBride succeeds Col. Kenna G. Eastham who sailed for his new station in the United States today aboard the U. S. A. T. "Irwin."

Coast Guard Pensions

The Senate Committee on Pensions this week reported favorably the bill, H.R. 1094, already passed by the House, which would bring under the general pension laws officers and enlisted men of the Coast Guard and their dependents, for deaths and disabilities incurred after 28 Jan. 1915 and before 2 July 1930.

On the latter date the Coast Guard was brought under the general pension laws, but the legislation which accomplished this was not made retroactive. On 28 Jan. 1915 the Coast Guard was first declared to be a part of the military forces of the United States. Between the two dates pensions were payable only when the organization was serving under the Navy Department.

Payments of pensions under H.R. 1094 would not be retroactive, would commence only with filing of claims with the Veterans' Administration.

VITAL INFORMATION is in every issue of the Army and Navy Journal. Prompt renewal of your subscription will insure you against missing copies.

New USMA Class

West Point, N. Y.—Because of a heavy thunderstorm on 1 July the swearing-in exercises of the United States Military Academy's newest class of Cadets—the Class of 1945 were held in the gymnasium.

Brig. Gen. Robert L. Eichelberger, the Superintendent, addressed the class of approximately 550 young men briefly, advising them of their duties as Cadets. A few minutes earlier, the new Plebes, their right hand raised, had sworn the oath of allegiance to the United States, being led in this part of the ceremony by Lt. Col. Arthur C. Purvis, Adjutant-General.

General Eichelberger has announced the cancellation of Wednesday afternoon parades by the Corps of Cadets because of "our intensive training program now being carried out in accordance with the present emergency."

The United States is in greater danger than at any period since the war of the Confederacy," General Eichelberger said in his address to the class.

The text of General Eichelberger's address follows:

"The solemn oath which you have just taken marks your entry into the military service of the United States. You enter the military academy at a time when your country is in greater danger than at any period since the war of the Confederacy. Your sacred vow demands of you an allegiance paramount to all others. It requires of you complete loyalty, without reservation.

"This oath of office also marks your entry into the Corps of Cadets. With it starts your apprenticeship in the profession of arms. It is an ancient and honorable profession. There is no other field in which both opportunities and responsibilities are so great today.

"You are now submerged in the details of a new environment. Most of the routine will be strange to you. Many of you will, for the first time, know the meaning of a strict and exacting discipline. It is axiomatic that if you would aspire to command, you must first learn to obey. In our treatment of you we shall be as fair as we are demanding; as just as we are determined that you shall meet the standards of those who have gone before.

"You will receive here a wonderful academic education and will learn much of the profession of arms but it is in its character building that the military academy really justifies its existence. Many of you in your endeavors to secure an appointment to the academy or to pass the entrance examinations have already made this ceremony an indication of achievement. From now on all your work will be designed to build your character; the traditions of the military academy will become yours to carry on in a manner befitting the motto "Duty, Honor, Country." Integrity is as much the soul of the military man as his courage. Character is a precious quality—guard it well. You cannot rise in the profession of arms without it.

"Here at West Point you will not find that cynicism which has so affected the younger generation in recent years; only a simple patriotism which is built upon unquestioning loyalty and a willingness to sacrifice life, if necessary, for country.

"Be courageous. Stand up on your own two feet and soon there will come over you a feeling of accomplishment and gratification in the knowledge that you deserve to be a member of the long gray line—that line which has included so many of the nation's great—such as Lee, Grant and Pershing.

"Gentlemen of the Class of 1945, I offer you a sincere and cordial welcome to the Corps of Cadets and to the United States Army."

Following is a tentative list of candidates:

Adams, W. B., Jr. Billington, J. L. Adamson, J. B. Bingham, W. L. Adkins, W. R., Jr. Black, F. H., Jr. Allison, W. G. Blake, D. Almquist, P. W. Blanchard, G. S., Jr. Altier, T. J. Blandford, J. T., Jr. Ammon, R. L. Blum, W. Anderson, C. B., Jr. Boning, J. Anderson, E. P. Bontecou, P. Anderson, W. P. Bootz, C. R. Andrews, R. M. Bottomly, H. Armstrong, R. H. Boutwell, H. K. Auringer, R. A., Jr. Boyer, J. C. Austin, N. D. Bradley, J. P. Babcock, L. E., Jr. Bradshaw, P., Jr. Bahls, R. A. Brady, J. B. Baird, H. W., III Bressler, D. A. Baker, W. A. Brickhouse, H. G., Jr. Bakewell, A. L. Bridewell, A. C., Jr. Ballew, T. R. Bright, R. P. Barnes, J. P. Brooks, A. Q. Barnett, L. Jr. Brotherton, R. G. Bartley, J. T. Brown, G. A. Bartz, T. J. Brown, G. B., Jr. Becker, O. G. Brown, R. W. Bell, W., III Brown, R. H. Berg, S. L. Brundin, R. H. Bethel, A. L. Bruno, J. B. Beukema, H. S. Buckley, O. E., Jr.

Burnett, H. H. Goes, W. H. Gordon, R. L., Jr. Grace, H. A. Graham, W. B. Grant, P. S. Graves, E., Jr. Greaves, F. L. Greenhill, N. F., Jr. Gregory, E. W., II Grice, J. W. Grimmeison, J. L. Grunther, D. A. Carley, J. W., Jr. Guild, W. A. Callahan, J. A. Carlson, J. H. Carty, R. J. Cash, F. E. Cavanna, A. R., Jr. Chamberlain, S. B. Chandler, W. S. Charlson, W. E. Cheddie, G. Chirnside, R. P. Christi, E. C., Jr. Ciszewski, L. F. Clayton, L. L., Jr. Clore, D. D. Coble, C. D. Codling, R. B. Coleman, B. S. Conant, R. W. Conlon, W. S. Connell, J. M. Cooch, R. A., III Cooper, K. B. Cope, R. W. Coughlin, J. T., II Courtney, W. T. Cowee, J. O. Cowherd, R. M. Crawford, W. D. Crowell, D. G. Cumbarbatch, J. R. Cupper, A. J. Cushman, J. H. Cutrona, J. F. H. Cyr, C. W. Czapar, C. H. Dabney, W. D., Jr. Dabrowski, E. A. Daly, R. F. C. Dancy, A. G. Daniel, C. D. Dart, R. C. Davidson, J. C. Davis, C. J. Davis, E. J. Davis, G. A., Jr. Day, R. S. DeArment, H. G. deCamp, F. L. Decker, E. R. Deeter, C. L., Jr. DeGraff, A. J. de la Mater, L. D. DeMots, R. W. Dennen, R. L. Desmond, J. B. DeVault, M. H. DiNapoli, E. B., Jr. DiSilvio, A. Donaldson, J. W. Dondanville, W. L. Douglas, J. S. Downs, J. A., Jr. Doyle, W. C. Drake, R. E. Dravo, E. J. Dunham, J. W. Dunn, R. A., Jr. Duttweller, O. E., Jr. Edmunds, A. C. Edwards, B. T., Jr. Eller, K. E. Eisenhower, J. S. D. Elliott, J. T. Ellis, L. C. Emerson, H. R. Emley, P. C. Enos, W. F. Erickson, A. L. F. Erlenkotter, R. Fans, R. W. Fairbrother, W. H. Fliton, D. E., Jr. Fitzpatrick, G. Flynn, J. R. Flynn, T. F., Jr. Forbes, J. M. Ford, C. J. Forsythe, A. J. Forthoffer, F. O. Fowler, R. B. Francis, H. M. Fuller, N. A. Fullilove, W. C. Gaffney, J. W. Gallez, D. W. Gamble, L. G. Garrett, J. M., III Gay, T. L. Geitz, T. H. Gerald, W. L., Jr. Gerhard, F. W., Jr. Gerhard, J. C. Gervais, F. B. Geyer, J. R. Giles, J. B., Jr. Gilson, C. W. Ginsburgh, R. N. Glab, J. E. Glass, A. M. Glick, G. F. McGuire, J. P. McCorkle, A. S., Jr. McCoy, A. M., Jr. McCollum, C. W. McGovern, T. F., Jr. McGuire, T. J. McKeever, B. E. McLean, A. J. McPherson, J. R. Melton, B. H. Merritt, F. E. Metzger, H. C. Mickelwait, M. P. Mickle, G. S. C., Jr. Milam, J. T. Miller, W. T. Milliken, W. S. Millington, E. N. Mills, R. S. Milnor, W. H. Minatra, O. D., Jr. Mire, Evarice C., Jr. Mitchell, C. A., Jr. Molloy, C. J., Jr. Monihan, J. G., Jr. Moon, F. B. Moore, F. E., Jr. Moore, J. P. Moore, J. T., Jr. Moore, T. E., Jr. Moore, W. D. Morrison, R. E. Moulis, W. J. Mulkey, S. W., Jr. Muller, H. L., Jr. Mullins, C. H. Mullins, W. J., Jr. Mumme, R. McC. Murphy, G. F. Murphy, M. C., Jr. Murray, W. B. Myron, J. F. Myslinski, C. Nalle, R. Nealon, I. W. Nellond, P. M. Nelson, A. D. Nelson, G. D., Jr. Nelson, J. R. Nelson, W. J. Nicoletti, M. E. Nixon, R. T. Nolan, M. E. Norman, L. S., Jr. Norton, A. A. Nufer, W. L. O'Brien, J. K. O'Connor, J. H. O'Donnell, E. T. Ott, D. E. Pace, S., Jr. Palmer, D. Jenks, L. N. Johnson, J. N., III Jones, G. H. Jones, H. S., Jr. Jones, L. V., Jr. Jones, W. C. Kahn, W. L. Kaplan, H. Kapriellian, Z. Kethley, C. J. Keyley, A. K. Keller, A. K. Kendall, R. S. Kennedy, W. C. Kimbel, J. F. Kincaid, J. P. King, J. C. Kinnard, L. D. Klein, M. J. Kielst, E. H. Klinge, L. R. Knoll, D. L., Jr. Kozolowski, E. Kutchinski, H. P. LaFleur, J. A., Jr. LaMarre, J. B. Lamp, J. O. Langford, G. F. P., Jr. Lawrence, T. E. Leeper, B. H. Lemley, H. E. Lierch, A. L., Jr. Lim, V., Jr. Lindell, K. O. Lindell, R. W. Lindsey, H. C. Lisenby, J. T., Jr. Losch, J. W. Loy, E. C. Lundberg, W. D. Lynch, J. R. Mabry, M. C. MacWilliams, D. G. Maertens, J. E. Mahin, F. C., Jr. Mahon, T. O. Mahoney, T. E., Jr. Maisch, A. M. Malony, J. L. Marks, S. S., Jr. Marks, W. A. Marshall, A. R. Marshall, G. Jr. Marshall, M. L. Martin, C. C., Jr. Martin, R. T. Martin, W. T. Masson, E. J. Maxon, G. E., Jr. McArdle, J. F. X. McAuliffe, D. P.

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Army Post Exchanges

Work went forward this week putting into effect the new arrangement for Army Post Exchanges which was announced in the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL last week.

As heretofore, purchases for the Post Exchange will be made by each local Exchange officer, except in the case of foreign stations which will be supplied by purchases made from Washington.

The Army Exchange Service is being organized in the Morale Branch. It is charged with:

(1) Developing and administering a uniform and coordinated system of operating procedures and accounting methods for all exchanges and the supervision of its installations and operation.

(2) Developing business policies for exchanges which will insure lowest possible prices for essentials and a reasonable distribution of profits to organizations for recreation and welfare purposes.

(3) Designating the general type of merchandise to be sold together with retail prices of essentials, and prescribing minimum and maximum percentages of gross profits, operating expenses, and net profits.

(4) Developing systems of operation and accounting to be made available for officers, noncommissioned officers, and service clubs permitting, when desired, the use of exchange accounting and procurement facilities on a nonprofit basis.

(5) Developing and supervising operational policies for personnel to include programs of training, and for supplying appropriate personnel records.

(6) Developing appropriate pension plans for civilian employees.

(7) Providing auditors of local exchange accounts, including those of other morale activities, when desired by post commanders.

(8) Obtaining written price agreements from manufacturers and distributors of merchandise, fixtures, and general supplies normally purchased by exchanges and circularizing exchanges thereon.

(9) Providing a purchasing service for exchanges outside the continental limits of the United States.

(10) Prescribing the type of equipment and fixtures regarded as necessary to operate exchanges.

(11) Prescribing, from time to time, that a small percentage of the gross sales of all exchanges be paid each month to the Army exchange fund which will be in the custody of the officer in charge of the Army Exchange Service.

(12) Administering the Army exchange fund and the utilization of such funds for the best interests of the Army as a whole in connection with the establishment, expansion, and operation of exchanges generally.

(13) Providing for the periodic auditing of the War Department and corps area accounts of the Army exchange fund by disinterested public accounts and the forwarding of copies of these audits to The Inspector General.

(14) Negotiating, when necessary, loans from reputable lending agencies for financing new or expanding established exchanges.

d. The personnel of the Army Exchange Service will at all times be kept at an absolute minimum consistent with the performance of the functions assigned to it.

Following is the text of Circular No. 124 announcing the new Post Exchange Service:

I-Army Exchange Service.—1. Effective 6 June 1941, there was established in the Morale Branch of the War Department the Army Exchange Service for the purpose of developing, administering, and supervising a system of uniform and coordinated operations for Army exchanges in accordance with sound business principles to be coordinated, from a purely business viewpoint, with corps area and local commanders. In addition, the Army Exchange Service will provide business aids for exchanges which will include—

a. Free auditing service.

b. Purchase schedules for procurement of fixtures, supplies, and merchandise at the lowest possible cost prices.

c. Manuals of operation and accounting.

d. Programs of training for exchange personnel.

e. Plans for suitable social benefits for civilian employees.

f. Purchasing service, when requested, for exchanges outside of continental United States.

g. Lending of funds, as soon as feasible, for expanding present exchanges and financing new exchanges.

2. a. Corps area and department commanders will appoint exchange officers and necessary assistants on their staffs as needed but will not exceed, without authority of the War Department, the allotments shown in the table below:

Corps areas and departments	Lt. Colonels or majors	Captains or lieutenants
First	1	2
Second	1	4
Third	1	4
Fourth	1	11

a. The actual net worth of each exchange will be determined by subtracting the total

U. S. COAST GUARD

TWO important bills for the Coast Guard cleared both Houses of Congress this week and went to the President for approval. One of the bills is an omnibus measure, which among other things, permits enlistments in the Coast Guard should be made for four-year periods, clarifies the status of the Coast Guard as a part of the military and naval forces of the United States both under the Treasury and Navy Departments, and protects the status of the Coast Guard Reserve.

The other bill, H. R. 4887, passed by the Senate and sent to the President, authorizes construction of 13 Coast Guard cutters, three of which shall be especially designed for ice breaking in the arctic regions. The House accepted a Senate amendment which would authorize the Coast Guard to acquire as a training ship for the Coast Guard Academy the Danish training ship *Danmark*, now tied up idle at Jacksonville, Fla.

The first bill, H.R. 4658, passed by both Houses without amendment, includes the following provisions:

Removes the "inland waters" limitation contained in the act of June 22, 1936 (49 Stat. 1820; U. S. C., Supp. V, title 14 sec. 45), which defines the enforcement jurisdiction of the Coast Guard and provides for the statutory recognition of captains of the port.

Authorizes enlistments in the Coast Guard for a maximum of 4 in lieu of 3 years; provides for retention of enlisted men in the service beyond expiration of their enlisted terms for limited periods under certain specified conditions; and authorizes pay and allowances during the periods of such detentions.

Provides for a mail service for Coast Guard vessels and shore establishments identical with that provided by law for naval vessels and shore establishments.

Amends the Coast Guard Auxiliary and Reserve Act of 1941 (Public, No. 8, 77th Cong.), to assimilate pay and allowances, including

Fifth	1	4
Sixth	1	4
Seventh	1	4
Eighth	1	9
Ninth	1	12
Ninth (Alaska)	0	2
Hawaiian	1	2
Panama Canal	1	2
Philippine	1	2
Puerto Rican	1	1
Total	13	263

1 May use Regular Army officers under their jurisdiction as corps area or department exchange officers. No additional Regular Army officers will be allotted for this purpose.

2 Reserve officers. The corps area allotment of Reserve officers is increased by the number indicated.

3. As far as corps area or department exchange officers, primarily as auditing officers. Auditing at inaccessible places and those for which auditing officers are not provided herein, such as the Atlantic bases, may be provided by corps area or department commanders by contract with local auditing firms, if desired. Funds for payment of this service will be obtained in advance from the Army Exchange Service.

b. When qualified officers cannot be found by these commanders within their geographical jurisdiction, such fact will be reported to the War Department.

3. The officer in charge of the Army Exchange Service is authorized to communicate direct with corps area and local exchange officers in matters pertaining strictly to the operations of the exchange.

4. a. Beginning with the close of business for July, 1941, (August, 1941, for the Philippine Department), and monthly thereafter, each exchange will forward a check to the Army Exchange Service for $\frac{1}{2}$ of 1 per cent of the gross sales of the exchange, including concessionaires, for the business month. Such contributions will enable the Army Exchange Service to render the services described herein and other similar services on a self-supporting basis and to provide a revolving fund to be used for the benefit of all exchanges.

b. Each check will be accompanied by the monthly financial statement as required by paragraph 22d, AR 210-65 (Tentative), 1 July 1941.

5. Discontinuance of exchange shares.—1. The value of all exchange shares at each post, camp, or station will be determined by an impartial board of three or more officers, preferably of field grade, as of the close of business for July, 1941, in accordance with the plan outlined below. Exchanges in the Philippine Department will make this plan effective at close of business for August, 1941. The corps area or department commander will take final action on any matter which cannot be adjusted locally.

a. The actual net worth of each exchange will be determined by subtracting the total

allowances for uniforms and equipment, with those provided by law for members of the Naval Reserve, and provides that the Coast Guard Reserve shall be a component part of the Coast Guard.

Extends existing law providing for exchange of rights-of-way of the United States to lighthouse property to include the exchange of rights-of-way to all Coast Guard property.

Extends existing law authorizing the use of funds collected for the repair or replacement of navigational aids and other lighthouse property damaged or destroyed to include all Coast Guard property, and provides for crediting such collections to applicable appropriations if the latter are used before the collections are made.

Authorizes the Secretary of the Treasury to negotiate contracts on behalf of the Coast Guard for vessels, aircraft, and other national-defense equipment or supplies, similar to the authority vested in the Secretary of the Navy by the act of June 28, 1940 (Public, No. 671, 76th Cong.).

Authorizes the Secretary of the Treasury to waive performance and payment bonds in connection with such contracts, as required by the act of August 24, 1935 (49 Stat. 733; U. S. C., Supp. V, title 40, sec. 270a-270d). Note.—Similar authority conferred upon the Secretary of War and the Secretary of the Navy by the act of April 29, 1941 (Public, No. 43, 77th Cong.).

Repeals the joint resolution of May 5, 1894 (28 Stat. 582; U. S. C., title 31, sec. 542), limiting partial payments under contracts for vessels entered into by the Treasury Department to 75 per cent of the contract price.

Clarifies the status of the Coast Guard as a military service and provides that it shall constitute a part of the land and naval forces of the United States at all times.

Provides that whenever the Coast Guard or any unit thereof are transferred to the Navy Department, appropriations of that Department shall be available for expenses thereof and authorizes transfer of applicable appropriations of the Coast Guard to the Navy Department to the extent that they are available.

Liabilities from the total of the following assets only:

(1) Cash on hand and in bank.
(2) Market value of negotiable securities.
(3) Accounts receivable and bill receivable, enlisted men.
(4) Value of accounts receivable or unpaid notes for purchase of membership stock.

(5) Cancellation value of fire and other insurance policies.

(6) Merchandise inventories at cost (dead and shopworn merchandise to be inventoried at its true value).

(7) Furniture, fixtures, motor vehicles, and other serviceable equipment after depreciation, as indicated below:

(a) All property which has been in the possession of the exchange for 12 months or more will be depreciated to zero value.

(b) All property which has been in the possession of the exchange for less than 12 months will be depreciated at the rate of 8.333 percent of the net cost for each month during such possession.

Note.—The value of prepaid and accrued supplies and prepaid expenses will be omitted in any of the above-mentioned assets.

b. The value of each share will be determined by dividing the net worth of the exchange, as determined in (a) above, by the total number of shares owned or subscribed for by organizations having membership in the exchange.

c. The value of each organization's equity will be determined by multiplying the value of each share by the total number of shares owned or subscribed for by each organization, and deducting any amount still unpaid on such shares of stock.

2. The value of the equity of each organization will be credited to the organization on the books of the exchange as an indebtedness of the exchange. Liquidation of such indebtedness as credited will be accomplished by—

a. Voluntary surrender of equities by organizations in whole or in part to the exchange.

b. Immediate cash settlement on a basis agreeable to all organizations.

c. Time payments. Such payments will be arranged so that available funds will be disbursed equally between the retirement of equities and distributions to organizations participating in the exchange. Exceptions to this will be made in the case of National Guard organizations so as to enable payments in full to be made prior to their return to a State status or as early as practicable thereafter.

3. Notes given by an exchange to a department or organization which has withdrawn from

the exchange prior to the issuance of these instructions, and remaining unpaid, will be administered as provided in paragraph 2.

4. From and after close of business for July, 1941 (August, 1941, in the Philippine Department), the assets of each exchange, subject to all liabilities, will be vested in the commanding officer and the exchange council. The commanding officer and members of the exchange council will take title in their official capacities. They will hold title as trustees for the benefit of the Army as a whole, in general, and for the benefit of the military organizations served by each exchange, in particular. The conditions of trust will be as prescribed from time to time by the War Department in Army Regulations. Distributions of net income accruing to each exchange will be made by the trustees, in accordance with Army Regulations, to the organizations and for the purposes prescribed.

An organization will continue to be a beneficiary of a given exchange only so long as that organization continues to be served by it.

5. Regulations and instructions in conflict with the procedure prescribed herein are suspended.

III—Consolidation of exchanges.—1. To remove the overlapping interests which exist when more than one exchange system is operated at a station, a consolidation of such exchanges will be effected coincident with the discontinuance of the shares of exchanges. Thereafter, the operation of the combined exchanges will be a function of the post commander.

2. Where consolidations are made necessary by these instructions, the same board of officers mentioned in section II will evaluate the shares of the exchanges to be merged. The recording and liquidation of equities of organizations involved will be accomplished in the manner prescribed in paragraph 2, section II.

3. Such furniture and fixtures as may be rendered surplus because of this consolidation will be listed and reported to the War Department through the corps area commander. Listings will contain a description of the equipment and a statement of its condition and marketable value.

4. Organizations operating exchanges which are away from their home stations at the time this consolidation is to be effected may postpone this action until they return to their station. Consolidation, however, in such cases will be made on the basis of the inventory taken at the close of business for July, 1941 (August, 1941, in the Philippine Department). Commanders of tactical divisions now maintaining exchanges may request, through channels, that this consolidation be delayed. Such a request will describe the exceptional circumstances which make the delay advisable, and indicate the date consolidation could best be effected.

5. Where a consolidation of exchanges is made, local commanders of field forces concerned will, upon request, permit their commissioned and enlisted personnel to continue with the exchange pending the procurement of competent personnel in the station command post for its operation.

IV—AR 210-65 (Tentative).—1. Beginning with the date on which the shares are discontinued in compliance with section II, all exchanges will be operated in accordance with provisions in AR 210-65 (Tentative), 1 July 1941, and Manual Uniform System of Accounts, Forms and Accounting Procedure for Post, Camp, Station, and Field Exchanges. Exchanges not yet changed over to the bookkeeping system prescribed in this manual will submit their financial report required by paragraph 22d, AR 210-65 (Tentative), 1 July 1941, in accordance with their present bookkeeping system. Exchanges will change to the system prescribed as early as practicable.

2. Restrictions upon concessionaires and their activities, imposed in paragraph 9c, AR 210-65 (Tentative), 1 July 1941, become effective upon the expiration of their existing contracts with exchanges or upon the expiration of the cancellation notice stipulated in such contracts.

New March Makes Debut

Warrant Officer Olaf M. Nord, 16th Coast Artillery bandmaster, Hawaiian Department, inspired by a centennial celebration at Panahon, Hawaii, has written a stirring march entitled *Puna-hou Centennial March*. Warrant Officer Nord, veteran bandmaster and composer, has written many musical scores but is proudest of his newest march.

20-Year Act Approved

President Roosevelt this week signed S. 239, the act which provides for retirement of enlisted men of the Regular Army and Philippine Scouts who have served 20 years or more and who have become permanently incapacitated for active service due to physical disability incurred in line of duty.

FINANCE

Financial Digest

To provide for the new Naval and Maritime Commission building programs, and the acquisition of more equipment for the Army and the countries fighting Hitlerism, estimates approximating \$15 billions will be sent to Congress by the President. A survey made by the National Association of Manufacturers shows that up to 31 May defense contracts had been let amounting to \$18.7 billions, one-third of which had been completed. The shortage of machine tools is being eliminated, only 29 per cent of the manufacturers in seven important defense areas complaining about their lack, as against 63 per cent in January. Fifty-nine per cent of the contractors are objecting to changes in specifications after they have taken contracts, and this is now said to be the major cause of slowness in production. The Government is anxious that contracts on hand shall be completed speedily because other contracts are being and will be awarded. Those under the Lend-Lease Act will be entirely allocated by the end of August. Therefore, more funds must be obtained so that orders can be placed immediately for the additional munitions and ships needed.

It had been estimated that the expenditures for the current or 1942 fiscal year would total \$25 billions, but it is clear with the further needs of war preparation, that they will exceed \$30 billions. The peak expenditures in World War I was reached in 1919 when they amounted to \$18.5 billions.

Reporting on the state of the Treasury, Secretary Morgenthau figured the deficit for the 1941 fiscal year at \$5.1 billions. It would not be surprising should the deficit at the end of the current fiscal year reach the staggering sum of at least \$15 billions, especially if defense outlays continue to increase as is likely. The National Debt on June 30, exclusive of Treasury guaranteed loans, amounting to \$6.4 billions, reached the all high figure of \$49 billions. Congress has fixed a debt limit of \$65 billions. This must be increased at the session of Congress beginning in January.

During the last fiscal year, the Treasury collected in taxes \$7.6 billions, an increase of \$2.2 billions over the collections of the preceding year. The new tax bill, about to be reported to the House of Representatives, will produce, it is estimated, \$3.5 billions, but with the great activity in business that is occurring, it is expected the Treasury collections, once the new law is in effect, will total more than \$12 billions. However, the additional appropriations the President will seek, will call for higher taxes, and these will enlarge the estimate of next year's receipts.

Because of the unwillingness of the Administration to impose a ceiling upon wages, as well as prices, it is now reported that the President intends to proceed with the present policy, under which pressure is brought to bear upon industries to refrain from advancing prices. Senators and Congressmen whose states and districts are industrial are complaining that a law was enacted last week permitting a price floor to be placed under all farm products, but no such consideration was shown to industry, which is suffering from the ceilings thus far imposed upon its outputs. This situation is giving rise to increased fears of inflation, which, if left unchecked, will destroy the national values we are preparing to defend.

Parachutists Qualify

Twelve officers and 134 enlisted men of the 501st and 502nd Parachute Battalions have been given ratings as qualified parachutists, it was announced at headquarters of the Provisional Parachute Group, Ft. Benning, Ga.

The officers qualifying included Maj. Donald C. Hawkins, CE, attached to the 501st Parachute Battalion; Capt. Edson D. Raff and Capt. John D. Halton, both of Headquarters and Headquarters Company.

Other officers rated were: Company A—2nd Lt. Victor P. Archer, 2nd

Lt. Oscar B. Bissell, 2nd Lt. John M. Cook, and 2nd Lt. William J. Hagan. Company B—2nd Lt. Harry S. Alexander. Company C—2nd Lt. Walter E. Lehmann, 2nd Lt. Norman L. Aigner, 2nd Lt. Henry C. Tipton, and 2nd Lt. Wade H. McIntyre.

Army Nominations

Nominations of a group of men to be appointed officers in the Medical Corps and the Coast Artillery Corps of the Regular Army were submitted to and confirmed by the Senate this week.

Those nominated for appointment as first lieutenants, Medical Corps, with rank from date of appointment, were:

Abram S. Benenson W. H. Mourund, Jr. Robert J. Brotchner Henry S. Parker Clarence R. Brown John S. Paul William J. Brown R. L. Pendleton Angel A. Cardona Kenneth E. Pletcher Edwin S. Chapman John S. Rice Edwin P. Dewar, Jr. Walter A. Ricker, Jr. Ivan C. Dimmick, Jr. Harold L. Robinson Hugh B. Disharoon Joe D. Schutze Edward N. Schwartz Jack L. Doughtie Julian M. Sether Donald H. Earl Other F. Speaker John F. Fleckley, Jr. Matthew A. Surrell, Jr. Wright A. Gates Carl F. Tessmer Lucio E. Gatto W. G. Thalmann, Jr. David Gold Frank H. Thome Stephen L. Gumpert Edward H. Vogel, Jr. R. M. Hardaway 3d Weldon J. Walker Joseph R. Henry James H. Wells Thomas S. Hershey C. F. Wilkinson, Jr. C. S. Jones, Jr. George H. Wood Irving R. Lyman Otto A. Wurz

Nominated for appointment as second lieutenants, Coast Artillery Corps were: Andrew J. Ball Joseph T. Materi W. V. Downer, Jr. William W. Neely Thomas B. Mechling

General Harms to Newfoundland

Orders have been issued assigning Brig. Gen. Henry W. Harms as Commanding General of the Newfoundland Base Command. General Harms, now on duty in the Office of the Chief of Staff, Washington, D. C., will sail 16 July from New York for St. John's, Newfoundland. The force in Newfoundland is at present under the command of Col. Maurice D. Welty, Inf.

General Harms is an Air officer.

Army Lts. in Washington

Only Army lieutenants who are single men, or those who have had the housing and cost of living situation in Washington, D. C., made known to them, will be ordered to Washington for duty in connection with Army work. Those who have had the housing situation made known to them must state that they have the financial means to meet the situation and are willing to accept assignment to duty in the city. No Army quarters are available in Washington for officers.

Commands Ft. Bragg

Ft. Bragg, N. C.—Col. Charles B. Elliott, GSC, who has been serving as chief of staff of the Ninth Division, has been designated as Post Commander of Ft. Bragg, relieving Maj. Gen. Jacob L. Devers in order that the general may devote his full energies to the command and training of the Ninth Division. Colonel Elliott will also act as commander of the Station Complement troops.

Col. Carlos Brewer, who has been plans and operations officer of the Ninth Division, has been appointed the new chief of staff of the Ninth Division. Maj. Edwin L. Johnson, who has been serving with the 36th Field Artillery, was designated as aide de camp to Brig. Gen. Gustav H. Franke, commanding General of the Field Artillery Replacement Training Center.

Rep. Fish to Active Duty

Col. Hamilton Fish, Spec. Res., Congressman from New York, reported 2 July for 28 days active duty at Ft. Bragg, N. C.

At his own request, he has been assigned to duty with colored troops, being initially with the 41st Engineer Regiment commanded by Lt. Col. John E. Wood. He is expected also to see duty with Ft. Bragg's two colored regiments of anti-aircraft coast artillery during his tour of duty here.

MERCHANT MARINE

Merchant Marine

Transfer of 109 merchant ships to the armed forces of the United States to expedite their expansion under the National Defense program, has been made to date by the Maritime Commission, it was announced by the Commission this week.

Through the Commission's shipbuilding program and by acquisition from the Commission and private owners, 995,146 gross tons of commercial shipping have been made available for the Army and Navy. Vessels of all types, from freighters to large passenger liners, such as the America, the Manhattan, the Washington, and the President Coolidge, have been turned over for military and naval use.

The Navy has received 88 ships of 778,003 gross tons. The Army has been delivered 21 ships of 217,063 gross tons.

The new construction delivered by the Commission amounts to 59 ships of which 56 vessels have been allocated to the Navy, the remaining three to the Army.

Under Commission contract is the construction of six other ships for the Army and Navy.

Among the Commission-designed vessels turned over to the services are the America, 12 fast tankers, 14 C-2s, eight C-3s, and seven C-3 passenger and cargo ships.

A second group of 50 ships has been acquired from the Commission's laid up fleet and by negotiation with private owners. From this group the Navy gained 32 ships, the Army, 18 ships.

More Foreign Ships in Service

Seven more Danish cargo vessels have been taken over by the Maritime Commission under the provisions of the Ship Requisition Act and have been allocated to American operators in national defense trade routes.

The Gertrude Maersk, Great Maersk, Hulda Maersk, Marchen Maersk, all at Manila, and the Laura Maersk at Baltimore, have been allocated to the American President Lines for operation in their Far Eastern service.

The Nordhval and Nordpol, both at Los Angeles, have been assigned to the Oceanic Steamship Company of San Francisco for operation to Australia and New Zealand from Pacific Coast ports.

The ships are part of the 84 idle foreign vessels which recently became subject to the jurisdiction of the United States. Eight Danish ships and one Italian vessel were taken over and assigned to services a short time ago.

Waive 3-Year Rule

The House Merchant Marine Committee this week reported favorably a bill, H. R. 4446, which during periods of national emergency, would permit half of the number of able seamen required on any vessel to be replaced by seamen who have been examined and rated able seaman after having served on deck 12 months at sea or on the Great Lakes.

More Oil on Tankers

Increase of the load-line on tankers in the coastal service, recently voted by Congress, will increase deliveries of oil to East Coast ports by 30,000 to 40,000 barrels daily. It has been estimated by Petroleum Coordinator Ikes. The estimate is based on the number of tankers now in the service, but will depend to some extent upon rules to be issued by the Bureau of Marine Inspection and Navigation. Older ships will not be permitted to increase

the load-line to the same degree as newer tankers.

Ex-Commissioner in New Post

John J. Dempsey, ex-Congressman and for a short time a member of the Maritime Commission, was sworn in this week as Under Secretary of the Interior.

Retired Army Officers' Duty

A policy governing the retention of and call to active duty of officers over retirement age was promulgated by the War Department this week as follows:

"1. No retired officer over the statutory age limit for retirement will be ordered to active duty except for 'civilian' assignments or for 'limited service' only.

"2. 'Civilian' assignments refer to those positions not directly connected with the administration, training, or supply of the military forces.

"3. Hereafter, no officer on the active list will be retained on active duty in his current assignment after retirement for age, unless such assignment is classed as 'civilian' or 'limited service.'

"4. Retired officers over the retirement age, now on active duty will, for the most part, be relieved from such duty at the end of twelve months' active duty and in no event later than 30 June 1942.

"5. Consideration will be given to the extension of tours of active duty of certain officers on 'civilian' or 'limited service' duties.

"6. The heads of all sections of the War Department Overhead and Corps Area Service Commands, to which retired officers over the statutory age limit for retirement are assigned, will report to this office (The Adjutant General) without delay:

"a. Names of officers whose relief may be effected at once;

"b. Names of officers whose retention to the end of their twelve months service is considered necessary with the reasons therefor; and,

"c. Names of officers whose retention until 30 June, 1942, is considered necessary, with full report of reasons therefor."

Negro Orchestra Enlists in Army

Culminating weeks of negotiations with state selective service officials, an entire Negro college orchestra from Alcorn Agricultural and Mechanical College, volunteered en masse at Port Gibson, Miss., and will report to the 367th Infantry, a Negro regiment, at Camp Claiborne, La. Frank M. Christmas, director of the band said that "the people of Mississippi have given us an education and we wanted to do something in return." The members of the orchestra hope to spend one year together as a regimental band.

Furnish Gen. Mitchell Records

The War Department would be required, upon adoption of a joint resolution introduced this week by Representative Sauthoff, of Wis., to furnish Congress with "true and complete" copies of the testimony and record of proceedings in the famous court martial of the late Brig. Gen. William Mitchell.

The resolution is before the House Military Affairs Committee.

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Investigate "Memphis Incident"
Action of Lt. Gen. Ben Lear, commanding general of the Second Army, in ordering a provisional battalion of the 110th Quartermaster Regiment, 35th Division, to repeat its march, partly on foot, as a disciplinary measure, provoked criticism in Congress this week and led to a War Department request for a report on the incident from General Lear.

The 350 men of the battalion, passing a golf course in trucks, shouted at a party of shorts clad girl golfers, and when General Lear, who was also on the course in civilian clothes, remonstrated with them, too became the target of their remarks.

General Lear accordingly ordered the battalion to continue from Memphis to Camp Robinson, Ark., then to return and repeat the march, the men riding and walking beside their trucks in relays until each man had covered on foot 15 miles of the 150-mile march.

The incident was widely publicized by newspapers. Representative Paul Kilday, of Tex., immediately wired General Lear, asking for data on the affair.

"Inasmuch as division is portion of your Second Army command," Mr. Kilday said, "please advise whether misconduct came to your attention while in the field with your troops on important maneuver or while on golf course as indicated by newspapers. That 35th Division was engaged in important military maneuver is indicated by its continuance through Sunday afternoon."

Continued Mr. Kilday, "Newspaper accounts all give very definite impression that action taken by you in the name of discipline was actually to assuage personal resentment because of remarks directed at you while not in uniform and your identity not known. Please give details of other unmilitary conduct on part of troops. . . . Give precedent in military history for mass punishment of guilty and innocent alike by requiring long march without investigation to determine individual responsibility of men."

In reply, General Lear in a telegram to Representative Kilday said, "Loose conduct and rowdyism cannot be tolerated. . . . I am responsible also that members of the Second Army treat the civilian population with respect and consideration." He added that he believed the "circumstances called for prompt and immediate action and under the circumstances I saw fit to take such action."

Another attack on General Lear came from the floor of the House itself, when Representative Dirksen, of Ill., declared:

"Imagine a contingent of 350 healthy, vigorous young American boys in the United States Army, marching by a golf course where some girls are playing golf in shorts, a contingent so devoid of the buoyancy and effervescence that makes the young American a great soldier that someone out of that contingent would not say, 'Hi girls,' or something to that effect?"

"Yet probably because of that conduct a battalion of the Thirty-fifth Division at Memphis was disciplined to walk 15 miles in a 97-degree temperature by Gen. Ben King Lear."

The War Department this week announced that it had asked General Lear for a statement of the facts.

New Anti-Tank Protection

Considerable interest is being expressed in a new 37-mm anti-tank gun now under study and experimentation by the Infantry. The new weapon, mounting on the bed of a half-ton truck, is said to be particularly adaptable for anti-tank service, in that it possesses great maneuverability.

While the early experiments are being carried on principally with one-half ton trucks, it is said that it is easy to mount the gun on heavier trucks should the need arise.

Move 690th Ord. Co.

The 690th Ordnance Company, Aviation (Pursuit), consisting of 140 officers and enlisted men, will be transferred about 10 July from Moffett Field, Cal., to the Air Corps Gunnery School, Las Vegas, Nev.

Col. Zanetti to Active Duty

Col. Joaquin Enrique Zanetti, CWS-Res., military expert on chemical agents, and professor of Chemistry at Columbia University, has been called to active duty by the Chemical Warfare Service. Colonel Zanetti is scheduled to report Monday, 14 July to the Office of the Chief of Chemical Warfare. He will be assigned to the executive branch.

Colonel Zanetti served with the Chemical Warfare Service during the first World War, and is best known as an authority on incendiaries.

Provisional Anti-Tank Battalions

The War Department is forming twenty-two provisional anti-tank battalions. Fourteen of these will be in infantry divisions. The other eight will be provisional General Headquarters anti-tank battalions which are being formed by the field artillery brigades of seven army corps and an army.

The War Department has also directed that an anti-tank officer be assigned to every division, army corps and field army staff to assist the plans and training officer in working out methods of defeating armored force attacks. These officers may belong to any branch and will be appointed by the respective commanders from the ranks of their own organizations.

In forming the provisional battalions, commanders have been directed to employ the anti-tank personnel, weapons and equipment now incorporated within field artillery organizations. Infantry regiments will not contribute to the temporary battalions but will retain their anti-tank companies, armed with 37 millimeter guns.

The provisional battalions will operate directly under the control of division, army corps and army commanders, depending on their assignment. The divisional battalions, however, will normally stay with their divisions.

A tentative table of organization for the provisional battalion in the square division calls for two batteries of 37 millimeter guns, with twelve guns each; and two 75 millimeter gun batteries, with eight guns each. For unit security the battalion will also have a quantity of .50 caliber machine guns and Browning automatic rifles. The strength of this unit will be approximately 475 officers and enlisted men.

The provisional anti-tank battalion for the triangular division has two 37 millimeter gun batteries, with 12 guns each; and one 75 millimeter gun battery with eight guns. It will have a total strength of about 275 officers and men.

In the General Headquarters provisional battalions the 75 millimeter gun will be the only anti-tank weapon. Each battalion will have four gun batteries, with eight guns each. The strength of this unit is approximately 675 officers and enlisted men.

Each battalion will have vehicles for carrying personnel and equipment.

A company of engineers will be assigned to each provisional divisional anti-tank battalion in square divisions to function as a mine company. General Headquarters battalions will have a pioneer platoon with their headquarters batteries.

The following divisions will form anti-tank battalions immediately:

2nd Div., Ft. Sam Houston, Tex.
3rd Div., Ft. Lewis, Wash.
5th Div., Ft. Custer, Mich.
6th Div., Ft. Snelling, Minn.
7th Div., Ft. Ord, Calif.
8th Div., Ft. Jackson, S. C.
9th Div., Ft. Bragg, N. C.
27th Div., Ft. McClellan, Ala.
28th Div., Indiantown Gap, Pa.
30th Div., Ft. Jackson, S. C.
32nd Div., Camp Livingston, La.
41st Div., Ft. Lewis, Wash.
44th Div., Ft. Dix, N. J.
45th Div., Camp Barkeley, Tex.

The following field artillery brigades will organize provisional General Headquarters anti-tank battalions:

13th FA Brig., I Army Corps, Ft. Bragg, N. C.

18th FA Brig., VIII Army Corps, Ft. Sill, Okla.

71st FA Brig., VI Army Corps, Ft. Ethan Allen, Vt.

72nd FA Brig., Second Army, Ft. Leonard Wood, Mo.

73d FA Brig., V Army Corps, Camp Shelby, Miss.

74th FA Brig., IV Army Corps, Camp Blanding, Fla.

75th FA Brig., VII Army Corps, Camp Forrest, Tenn.

76th FA Brig., IX Army Corps, Ft. F. E. Warren, Wyo.

USPHS Officer May Serve

The Comptroller General has held that statutes assimilating the pay and allowances of one service with those of another carry with them the restrictions and limitations directly applicable to the pay, etc., of the latter service. In his ruling the Comptroller General said:

"The act of 9 April 1930, assimilating Public Health Service officers with Army Medical Corps officers, did not subject the former to rules of military discipline and status, so that, unless detailed to the Army, a Public Health Service officer is not precluded by the prohibition in section 1222, Revised Statutes, against an Army officer accepting a civilian office, from accepting, and taking the oath of office under, an appointment by the President without compensation as a member of the Interstate Commission on the Potomac River Basin."

National Sojourners

Maj. William M. Brown was re-elected president of the National Sojourners, Inc., at the 21st Annual Convention, held at Charleston, S. C., 22 to 24 May. Maj. Gen. Charles H. Lyman was elected first vice president; Lt. Col. George F. Unmacht, secretary-treasurer; Maj. Gen. Amos A. Fries, past president, Brig. Gen. R. S. Abernethy, past president; Col. John A. Smith, judge advocate; Col. Montgomery E. Leary, surgeon, and Maj. Gen. M. W. Ireland and Maj. Charles F. Roberts, trustees.

Feature of the convention was a stirring address by Gen. Charles P. Summerall, honorary convention chairman.

Water Carnival at Ft. Sherman

A water carnival, with all the ceremonies befitting the occasion was held 10 June, at Ft. Sherman, Canal Zone, marking the formal opening of the post's newest recreational facility—the new swimming pool. The celebration was packed full of contests, exhibitions and water activities. The First Coast Artillery band provided music for the occasion.

Transfer Hospital Detachment

A Medical Department hospital detachment of 25 men will be transferred next week from Langley Field to Key Field, Meridian, Miss.

Status of Promotion

ARMY PROMOTION STATUS

Promotions and Vacancies on the Promotion List (Cumulative) since 3 July 1941

Last promotion to the grade of colonel—Leon R. Cole, FA, No. 46. Vacancies—one. Sr. Lt. Col. Lee R. Watrous, Jr., FD, No. 47. Last promotion to Lt. Col.—Paul T. Hogge, Inf., No. 506.

Last promotion to Maj.—Charles S. Stodder, SC, No. 363.

Last promotion to Capt.—Oral G. Willis, Inf., No. 264.

Last promotion to 1st Lt.—Andrew V. Inge, CE, No. 287.

Non-Promotion List

Following 1st Lts. Dental Corps, (Capt. Army of U. S.), promoted to Capt.—Donald C. Hudson, Benjamin W. Dunn, Leon G. McConnell, Winlaw A. Friebe.

2nd Lts.—Glenn K. Smith, MAC, (1st Lt. Army of U. S.) promoted to 1st Lt.

Warrant Officers

265 on the eligible list to be warrant officers. Appointments have been made through Robert F. Strong.

8 on the eligible list to be band leaders white. Appointments have been made through Everett D. Rupert.

6 on the eligible list to be band leaders colored. Appointments have been made through Jesse J. Stanbrough.

3 Warrant Officers have been discharged for the purpose of accepting active duty as

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Reserve Corps Officers. 1 Warrant Officer died 3 July.

NAVY PROMOTION STATUS

The following officers recently selected for promotion to commander, Lieutenant commander and Lieutenant in the Civil Engineer Corps made their number on the date stated opposite their names:

Commander—Frederick R. Hewes, 1 July 1939.

Lieutenant Commanders—Joseph F. Jolley, Jr., Thomas L. Davey, John E. Faigle, Wesley H. Randig, Archibald D. Hunter, Hunt V. Martin, all on 1 July 1941.

Lieutenants—Adolph F. Benschmidt, Joseph White, George S. Robinson, Carl J. Scheve, Raymond Lamoreaux, all on 1 May 1941.

Lieutenants—Neil E. Kingsley, James R. Davis, Ernest S. Bathke, Lewis C. Cox, William C. G. Church, Richard L. Mann, all on 1 July 1941.

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MISCELLANEOUS

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New General Officers*(Continued from First Page)*

Operations Section, War Plans Div., War Dept. General Staff, Washington, D. C. Col. Edward A. Stockton, CAC, commanding Harbor Defenses of San Francisco, Calif.

Col. James H. Cunningham, CAC, commanding Harbor Defenses of Puget Sound, Wash.

Col. Thomas H. Jones, CAC, commanding Harbor Defenses of Long Island, N. Y.

Col. Edwin B. Lyon, AC, commanding West Coast Air Corps Training Center, Moffett Field, Calif.

Col. Henry J. F. Miller, AC, commanding Air Corps Maintenance Command, Patterson Field, Ohio.

Col. Ralph P. Cousins, AC, Hdq., Army Air Forces, Washington, D. C.

Col. Julian S. Hatcher, OD, Commandant Ordnance School, Aberdeen Proving Ground, Md.

Col. Roscoe C. Crawford, CE, Commandant Engineer School, Ft. Belvoir, Va.

Col. Stephen G. Henry, Inf., commanding Armored Force School, Ft. Knox, Ky.

Col. Julius O. Adler, Inf.-Res., 113th Inf., Ft. Dix, N. J.

Col. R. W. Easley, Nat. Gd., 149th Inf., Camp Shelby, Miss.

Col. Eugene A. Eversburg, Nat. Gd., 141st Inf., Camp Bowie, Tex.

Col. Leonard P. Ayres, Spec.-Res., Coordinator of War Dept. Statistics, Office of the Under Secretary of War, Washington, D. C.

Col. Frank E. Lowe, FA-Res., Executive for Reserve Affairs, Office of the Chief of Staff, Washington, D. C.

Foster, wife of Master Sgt. Foster of the Infantry School Service Command; Mrs. Russell F. Akers, wife of Captain Akers, aide to General Fredendall.

Second Corps Area**Ft. Dix, N. J.**

A two-week period of training for the 44th Division in Caroline County, Va., beginning about 17 July, has been announced by Maj. Gen. Clifford R. Powell, commanding general of the division. This will make the second time the division has gone to Virginia for maneuvers. The last time leaves and furloughs were cancelled overnight. This time, however, the division was given a two week's notice.

The new Ft. Dix Service Club was informally opened on Tuesday evening, 26 June with a dance given by Company H of New York City's 71st Infantry Regiment.

Ft. Du Pont, Del.

Fifty men from the 122nd Sep. Battalion, Coast Artillery (AA) defeated the same number from the 21st Coast Artillery, HD in a Tug of war Wednesday, 2 June.

Ft. Hamilton, N. Y.

Exercises and sporting events, on Tuesday, 1 July, marked the 17th observance of Organization Day of the Fifth Coast Artillery units stationed at Ft. Hamilton, historic harbor defense post in Brooklyn, where headquarters have been established under the command of Lt. Colonel Ernest R. Barrows.

As part of the program, the entire personnel of the Fifth Coast Artillery at the Brooklyn fort, comprising Battery D and

Headquarters Battery, assembled in the garrison Y.M.C.A. They heard Maj. Arthur L. Selby, Fifth CA Executive Officer, describe the history of the unit which at one time was the old Fifth Artillery with active history dating back to the Revolutionary War. Lt. William J. Taggart, Jr., was master of ceremonies.

A dinner marked the close of the ceremonies with Col. Clarence Lininger, Post Commander, heading post personnel present.

Madison Barracks, N. Y.

The Women's Club of Madison Barracks, Sackets Harbor, N. Y., raised more than \$200 for the Army Relief Fund at a Game Night held in the Officers Club Wednesday night, 2 July.

Under the chairmanship of Mrs. G. B. France, wife of Lt. Col. France, Post Surgeon, the ladies obtained a number of valuable contributions of merchandise from the merchants in Watertown which were given as prizes. In addition there was an electric horse racing game, roulette, poker and other devices to raise funds.

Ft. Ontario, N. Y.

Members of the 369th Coast Artillery (AA) attended dance, sponsored by the USO, in the State Armory in Oswego, Monday, 30 June. Young negro women from Syracuse, New York, and other nearby cities attended as guests. The music was supplied by the Regiment's celebrated Swing Band, led by Private Otis Johnson and in charge of W. O. Russell Wooding.

Capt. Frank J. Turck, QMC, arrived at Ft. Ontario, Monday, 30 June, to assume duties as Post Sales Officer. Before

being assigned to duty at Ft. Ontario Captain Turek was for seven years in charge of the Boonville CCC Camp.

Reallocation of Regulars

Despite the obvious difficulties involved, the Army is proceeding with a reallocation of its three-year men designed to create both efficient training units and well-knit task forces.

The reallocation, as stated earlier by the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL, is based upon a strength for the Army of 500,000 three-year men. Since National Guard units are not involved in the reallocations, this means that the overall ratio of three-year men to total enlisted personnel in Regular Army units is about half and half. Actually, however, the percentages vary greatly, some task units being composed entirely or almost entirely of three-year men, and some training units having as few as ten per cent of Regulars.

Principal difficulties created by the readjustments are posed by the seeming irreconcilability of the two goals sought: (1) The creation of well-trained hard hitting task units, and (2) The training of the hundreds of thousands of selectees and three-year men who have only recently entered the Army.

A definite date for accomplishing the readjustments has not been prescribed by the War Department. The bulk of the excess of three-year men in certain units is being reduced by detachment of cadre and through normal attrition. Transfers are being made within the limit of funds available, and without disrupting training.

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